

Scan and Login website  
for more information



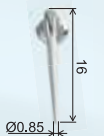
- Certified Management System
- EN ISO 9001
- EN ISO 13485

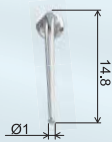
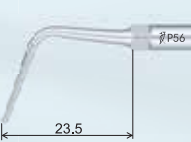

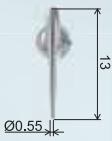
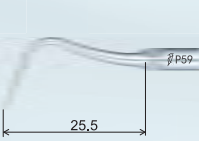

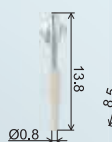
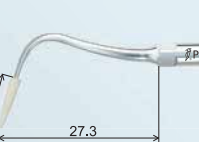

# TIP BOOK



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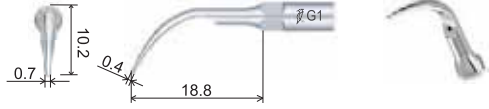
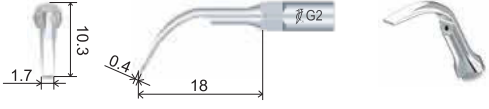

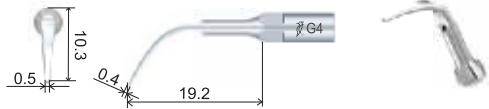
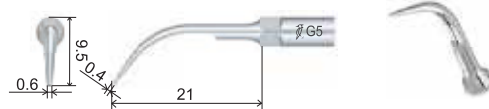

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# Scaling

Model


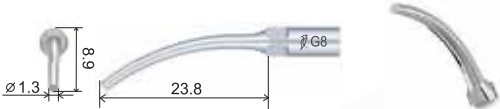

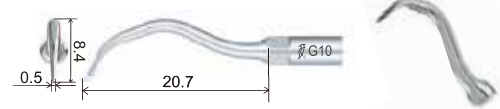


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## Periodontics

Dimensions Unit: mm

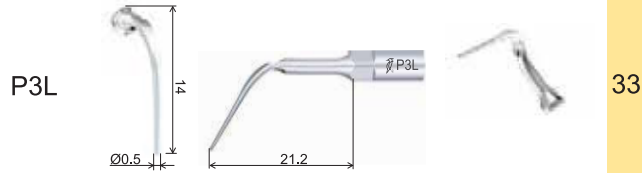
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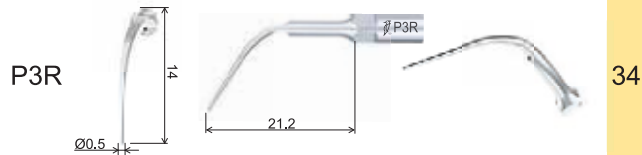
# Periodontics

Model

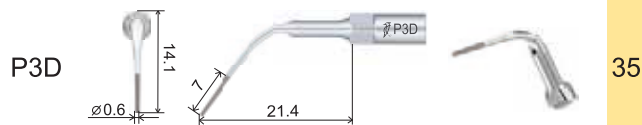
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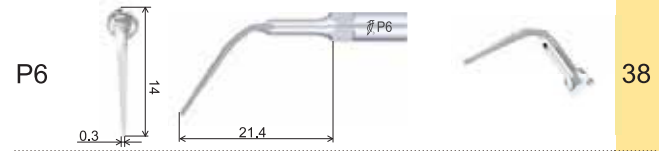


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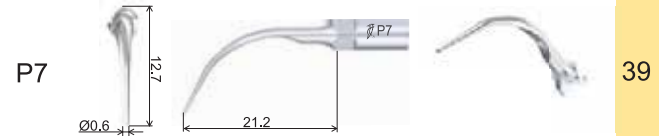
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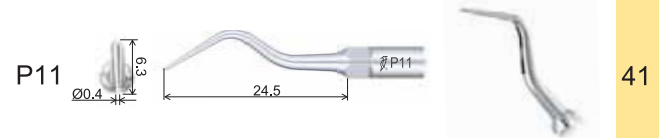
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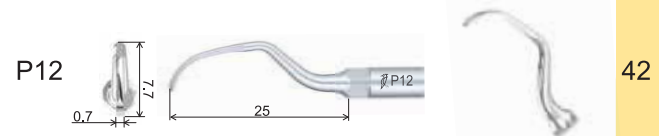
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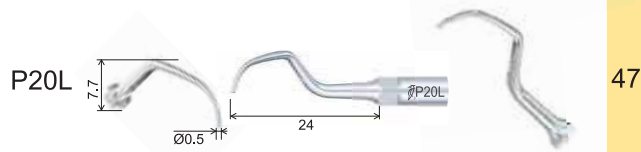
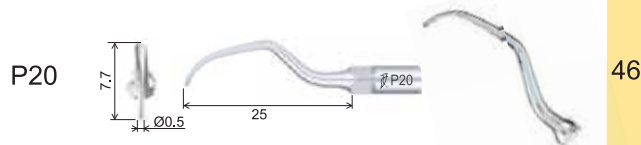
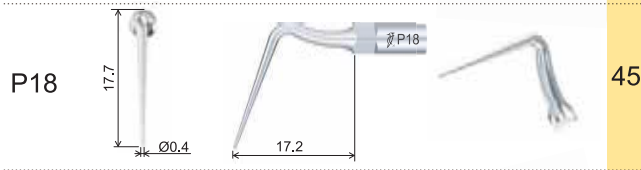
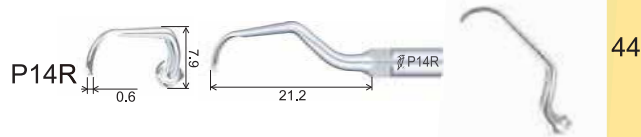


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# Periodontics

Model

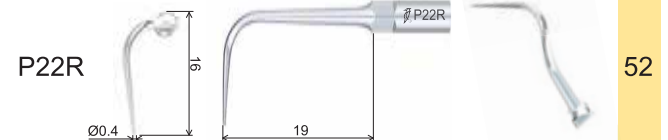
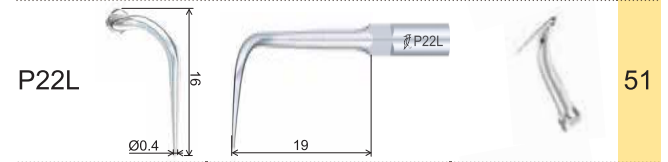
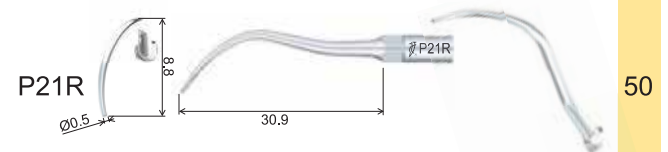
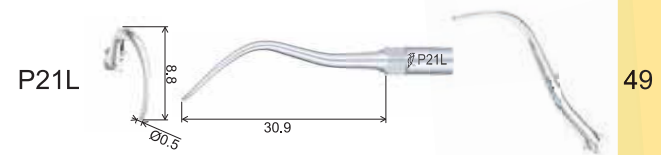
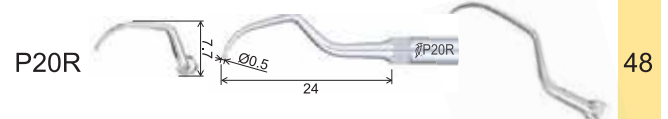
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Dimensions Unit: mm

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# Endodontics

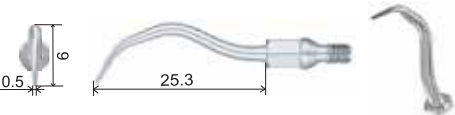

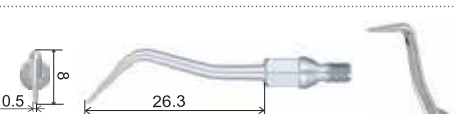
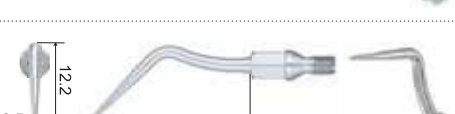
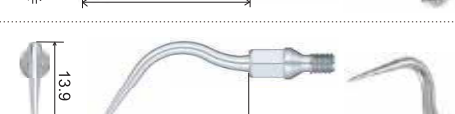
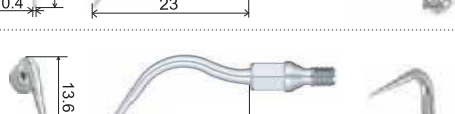
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# Cavity preparation

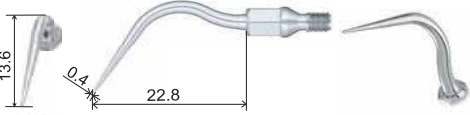
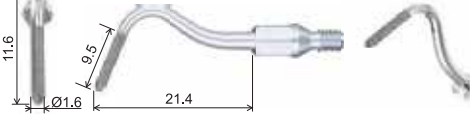
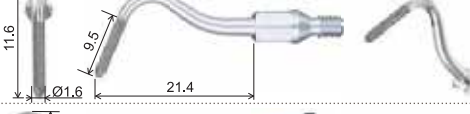
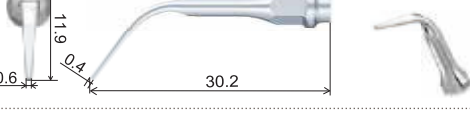
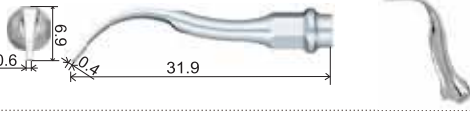

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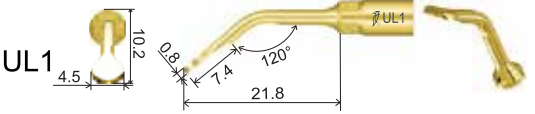
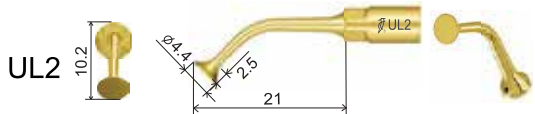


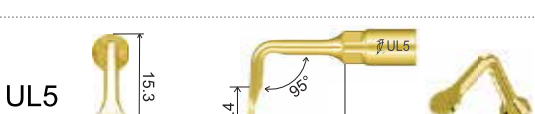
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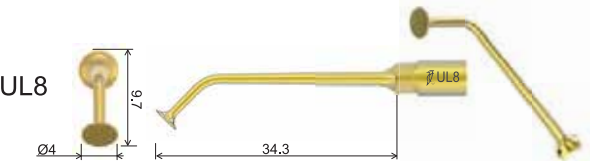
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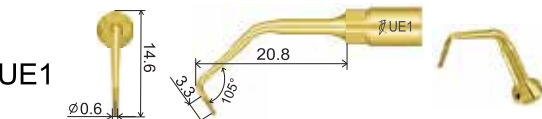
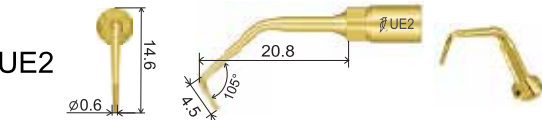
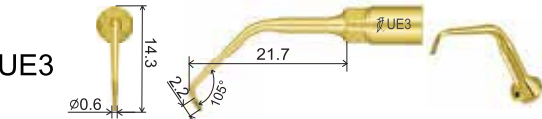
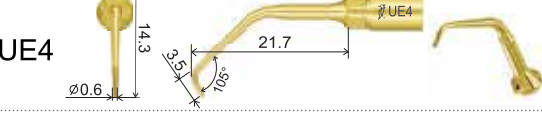
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Dimensions Unit: mm

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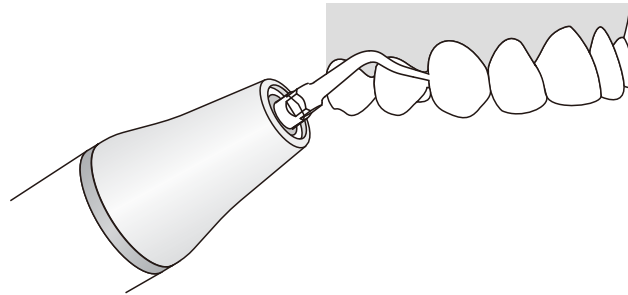
# P50L

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip.

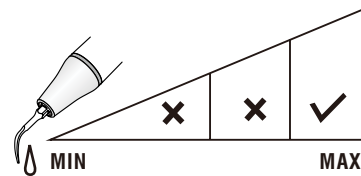
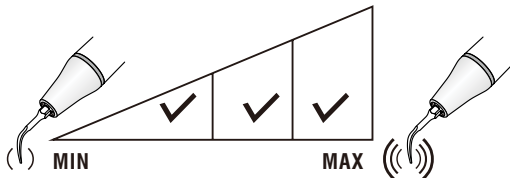
Functional Description: Explore subgingival calculus, root planing and subgingival scaling.

Applicable area: Teeth adjacent part

Operation method: The tip is perpendicular to the long axis of the tooth, The front or back 2mm tip needle part adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip up and down.



MODE: P  
POWER



IRRIGATION

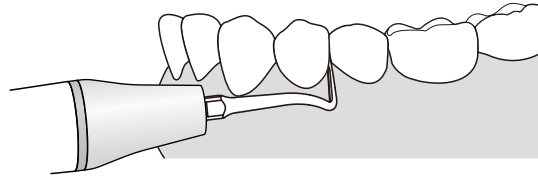
# P50R

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip.

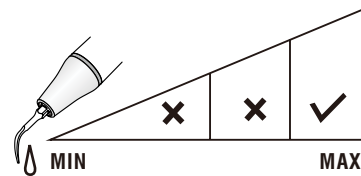
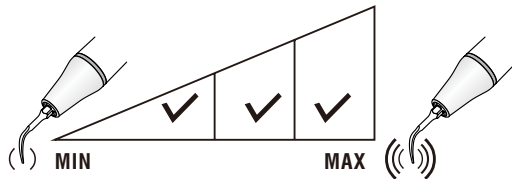
Functional Description: Explore subgingival calculus, root planing and subgingival scaling.

Applicable area: Teeth adjacent part

Operation method: The tip is perpendicular to the long axis of the tooth, The front or back 2mm tip needle part adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip up and down.



MODE: P  
POWER



IRRIGATION

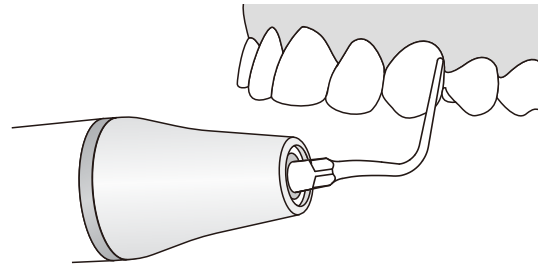
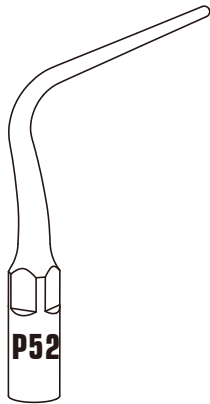
# P52

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip

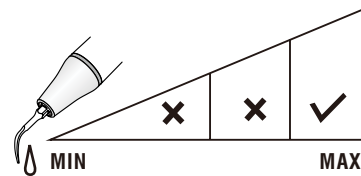
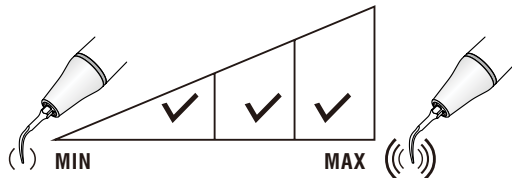
Functional Description: For gingival scaling

Applicable area: All teeth buccal and lingual site

Operation method: The tip is parallel to the long axis of the tooth, and ensure the 2 mm right or left tip middle site adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip front and back.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



**IRRIGATION**

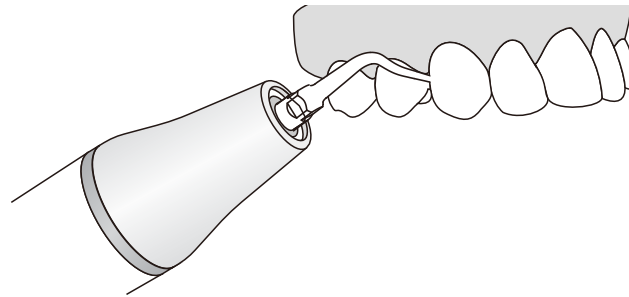
# P53L

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip.

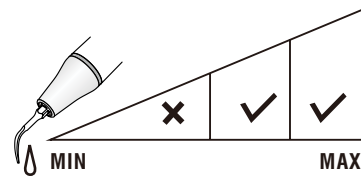
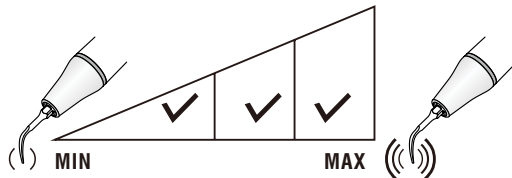
Functional Description: Explore subgingival calculus, root planing and subgingival scaling.

Applicable area: Teeth adjacent part

Operation method: The tip is perpendicular to the long axis of the tooth, The front or back 2mm tip needle part adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip up and down.



MODE: P  
POWER



IRRIGATION

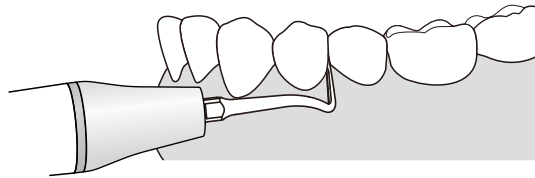
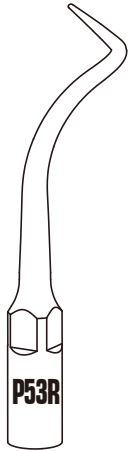
# P53R

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip.

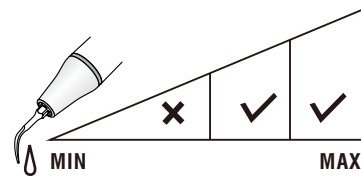
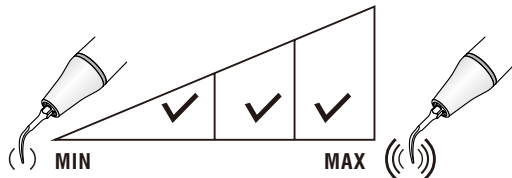
Functional Description: Explore subgingival calculus, root planing and subgingival scaling.

Applicable area: Teeth adjacent part

Operation method: The tip is perpendicular to the long axis of the tooth, The front or back 2mm tip needle part adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip up and down.



MODE: P  
POWER



IRRIGATION



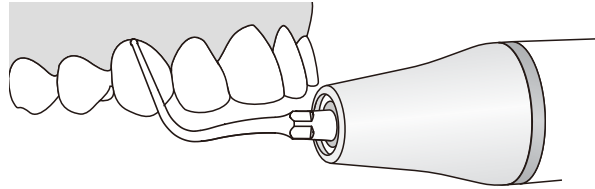
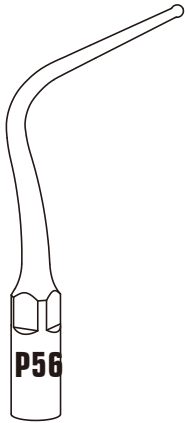
# P56

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip

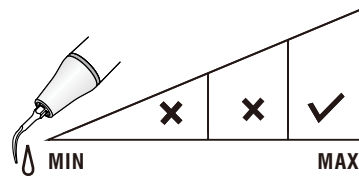
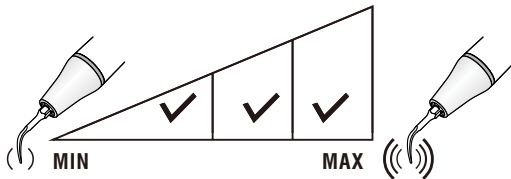
Functional Description: Used for gingival large stones and dental plaque

Applicable area: All teeth buccal and lingual site.

Operation method: The tip is parallel to the long axis of the tooth. and ensure the 2 mm right or left tip niddle site adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip front and back.



MODE: P  
POWER



IRRIGATION

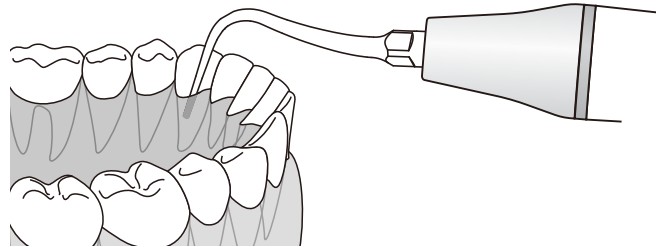
# P59

Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip

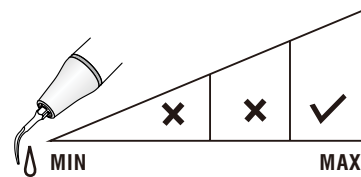
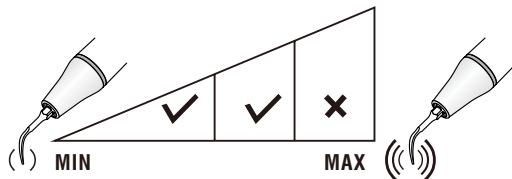
Functional Description: For subgingival calculus probing, subgingival scaling and root planing

Applicable area: All teeth buccal and lingual site

Operation method: The tip is parallel to the long axis of the tooth. and ensure the 2 mm right or left tip niddle site adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip front and back.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



**IRRIGATION**

# P90

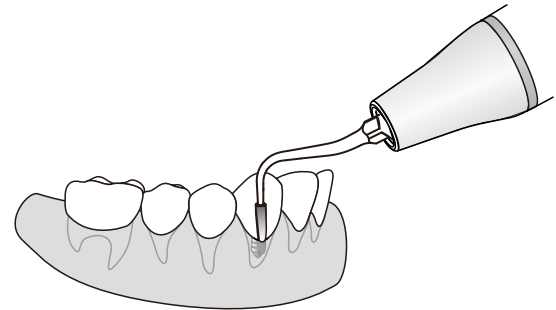
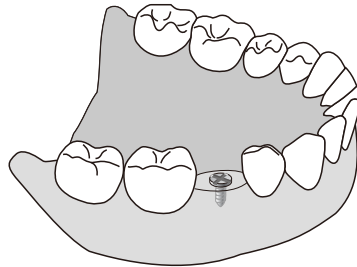
Volume of water: Ensure the cooling water reach the end of the tip

Functional Description: Used for gingival large stones and dental plaque

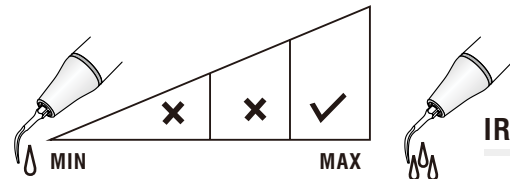
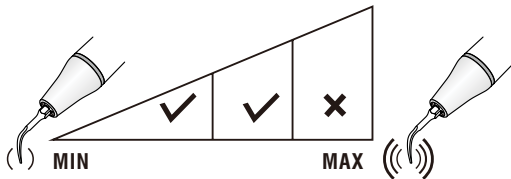
Applicable area: All teeth buccal and lingual site of dental implant or prosthesis.

Operation method: The tip is parallel to the long axis of the tooth, and ensure the 2 mm right or left tip middle site adapt the tooth surface. Move the tip front and back.

Warn: Please ensure that there is water coming out from the handpiece to avoid damage to the tip



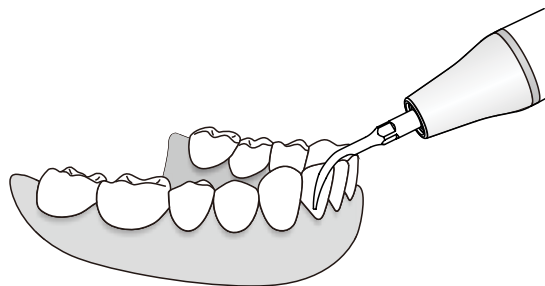
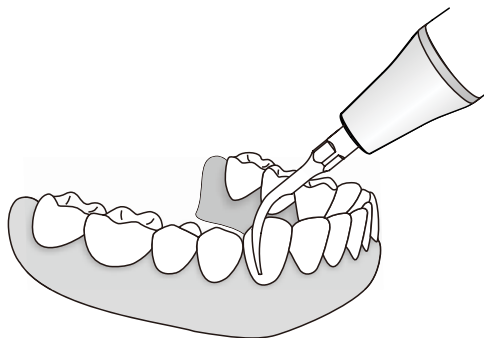
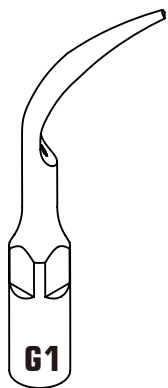
MODE: P  
POWER



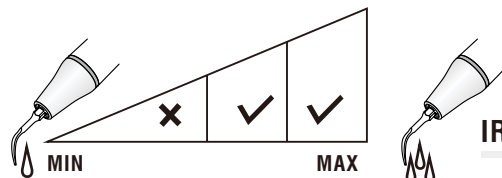
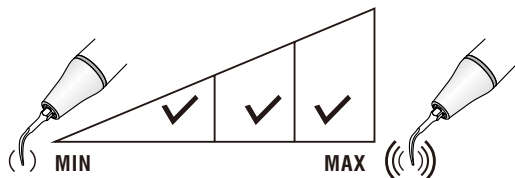
IRRIGATION

# G1 (GD1/GS1)

Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants.



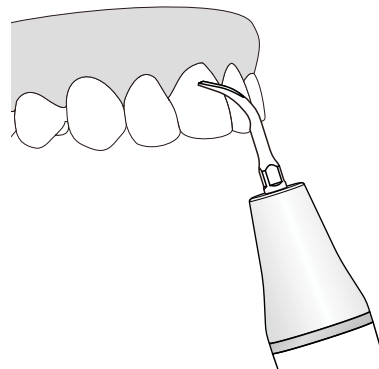
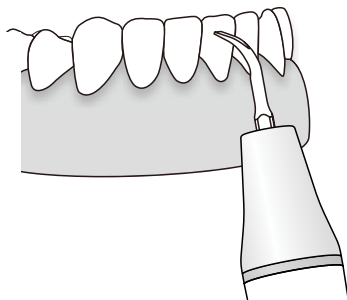
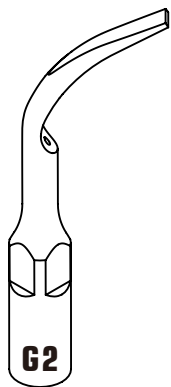
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



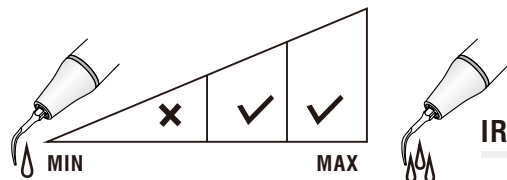
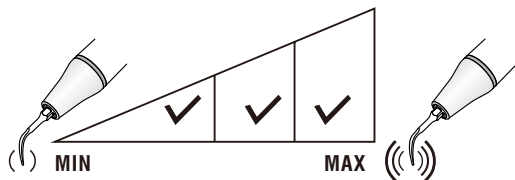
**IRRIGATION**

## G2 (GD2/GS2)

Removal of heavy supragingival deposits.  
Apply flat end to surface of teeth.



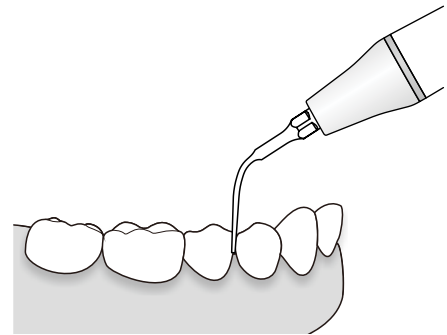
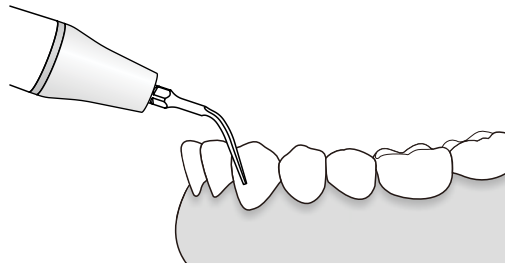
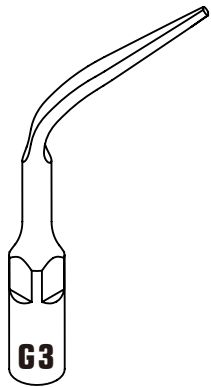
MODE: G  
POWER



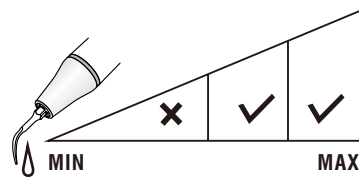
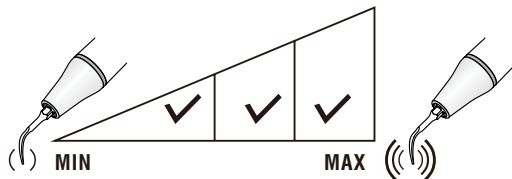
IRRIGATION

# G3 (GD3/GS3)

Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants, including the interproximal and sulcus areas.



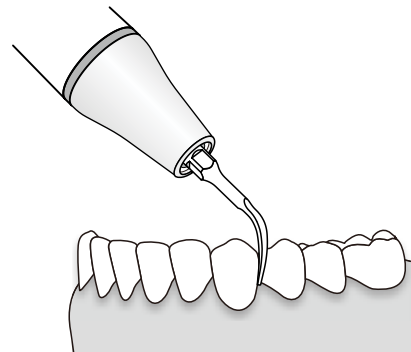
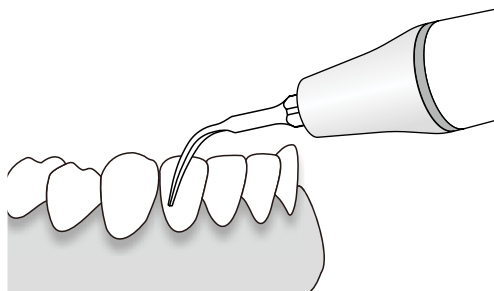
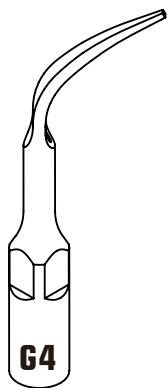
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



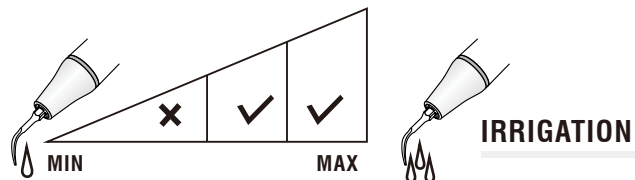
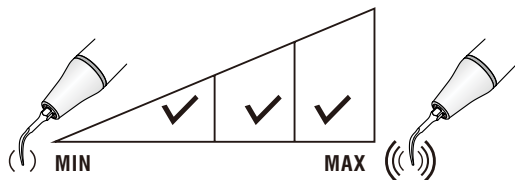
**IRRIGATION**

# G4(GD4/GS4)

Recommended for the treatment of interproximal spaces and for supragingival scaling.

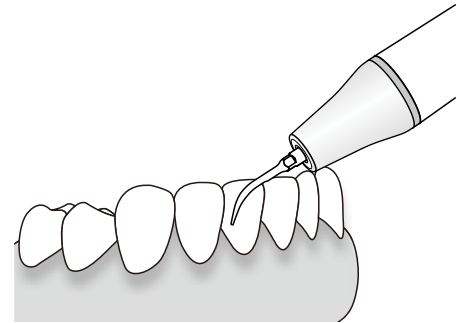
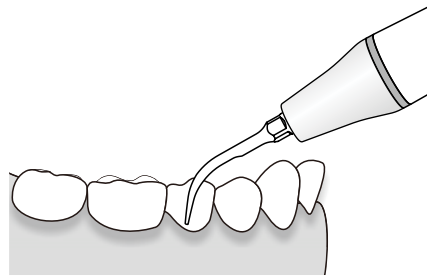
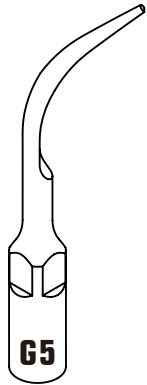


**MODE: G**  
**POWER**

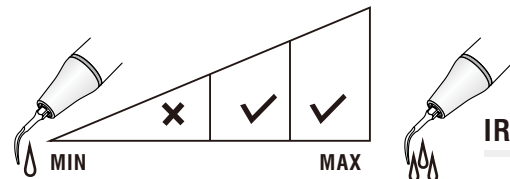
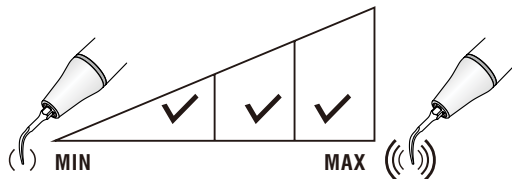


# G5 (GD5/GS5)

Recommended for treating simple cases and gross supragingival scaling.



MODE: G  
POWER

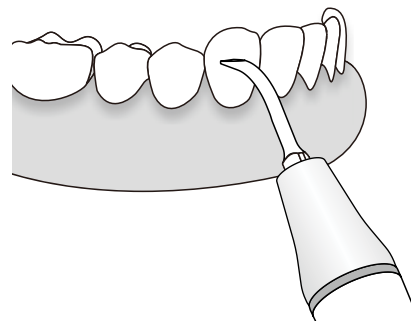
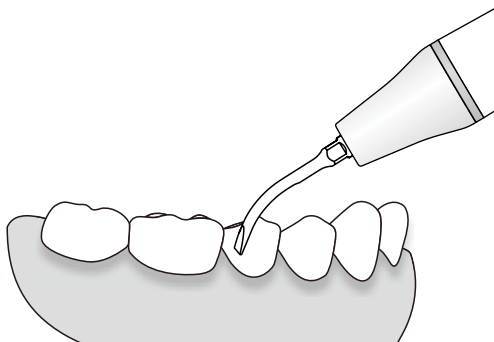
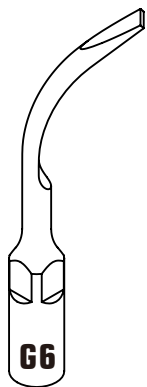


IRRIGATION

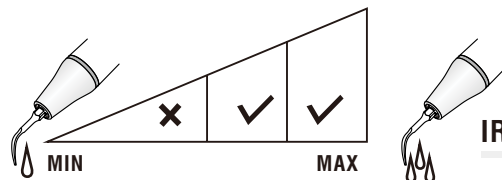
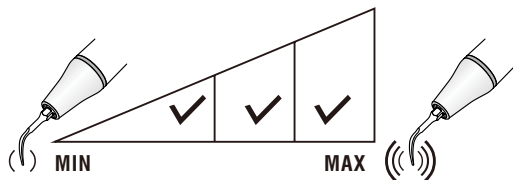


# G6 (GD6/GS6)

Recommended for removing voluminous supragingival deposits.  
Apply flat end to surface of teeth.



MODE: G  
POWER

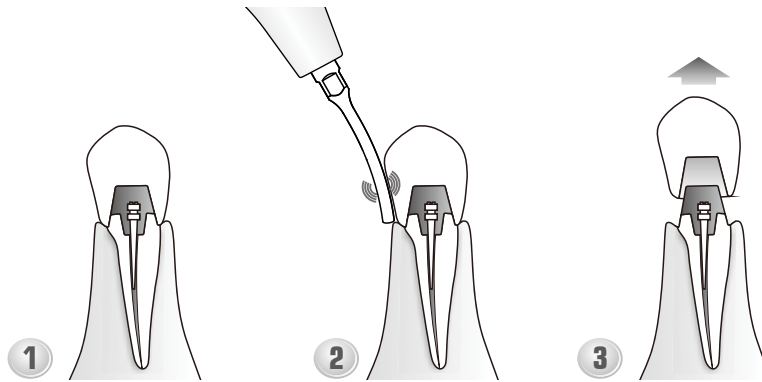
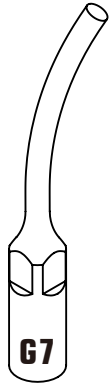


IRRIGATION

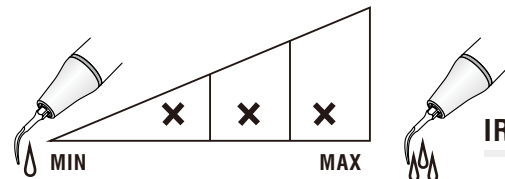
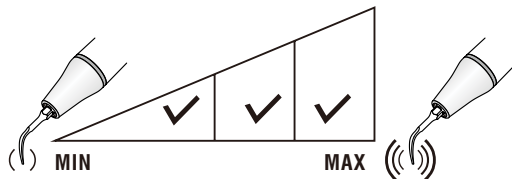
# G7 (GD7/GS7)

Removal of crowns.

Apply the instrument onto surface and activate. Increase pressure until vibrations can no longer be heard and maintain for few seconds.



MODE: G  
POWER

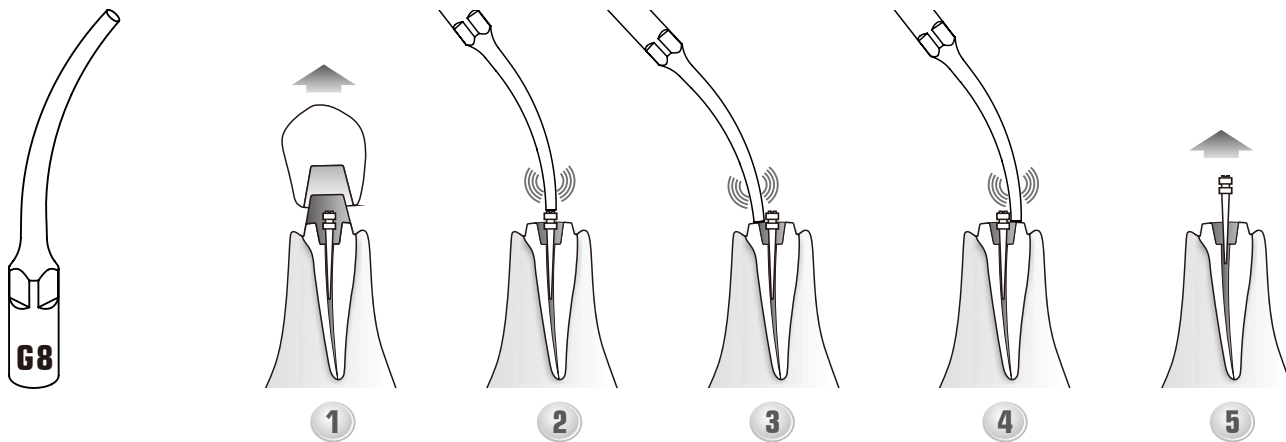


IRRIGATION

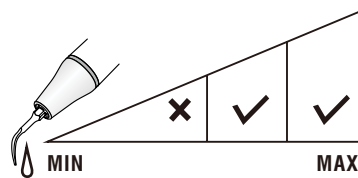
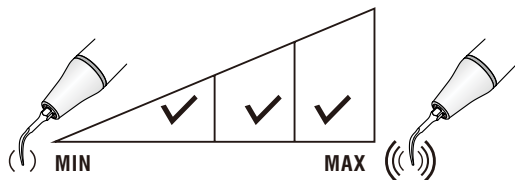
# G8 (GD8/GS8)

Removal of posts.

Ultrasonic high efficiency for the removal of the difficult prosthetic parts.



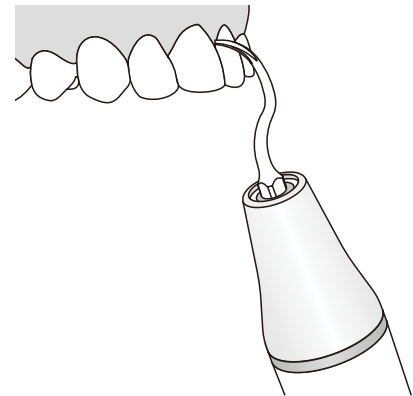
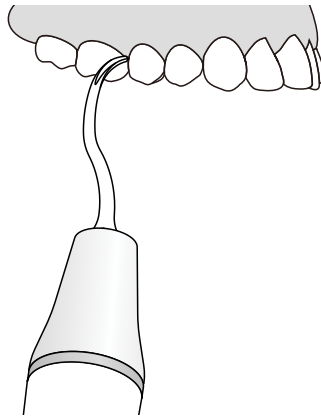
MODE: G  
POWER



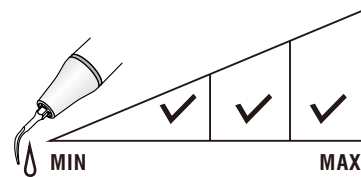
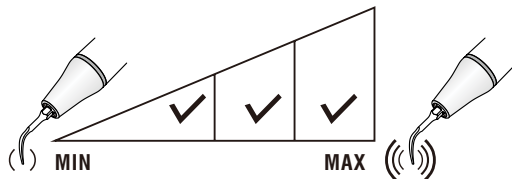
IRRIGATION

# G9(GD9)

Removal of supragingival calculus, interdental calculus and calculus at the neck of the teeth.



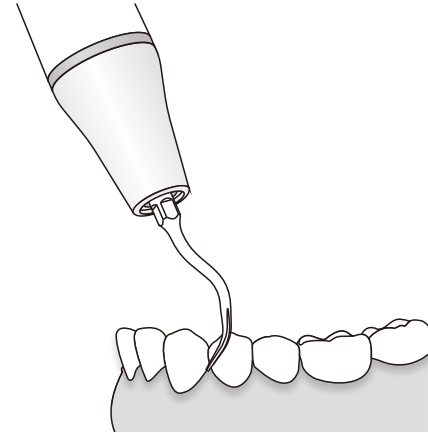
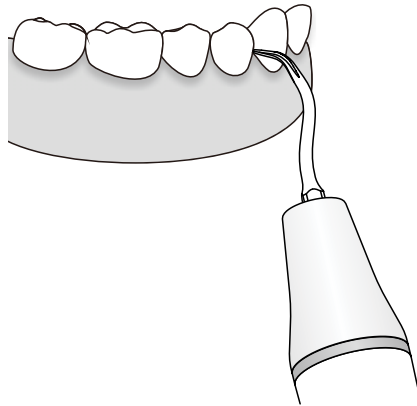
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



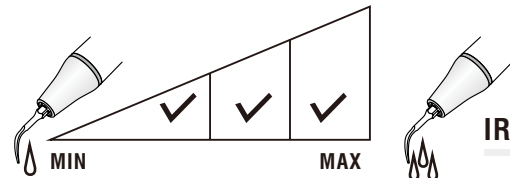
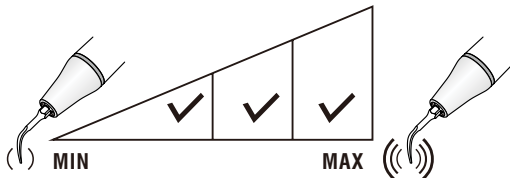
**IRRIGATION**

# G10(GD10)

Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants, including the interproximal and sulcus areas.



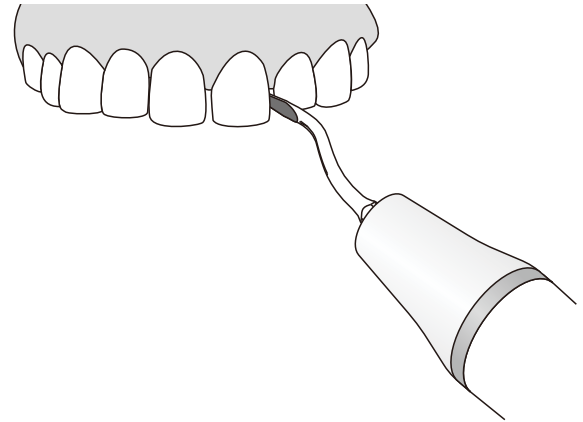
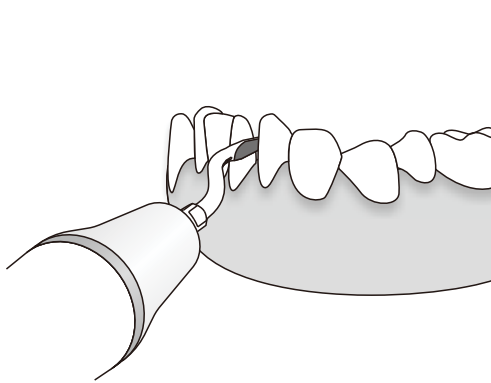
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



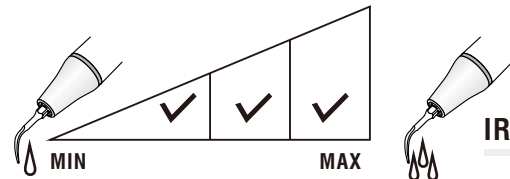
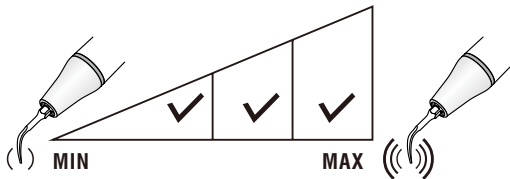
**IRRIGATION**

# G11(GD11/GK11)

Diamond-coated(40μm) instrument for polishing the treatment surface of teeth in interproximal areas, without damaging the adjacent teeth during the orthodontics treatment.



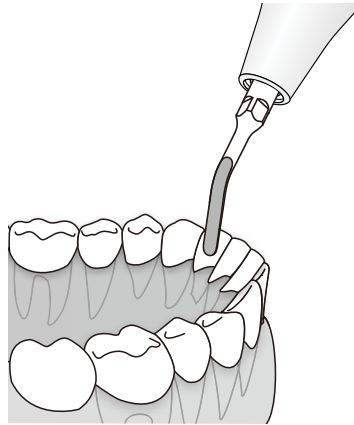
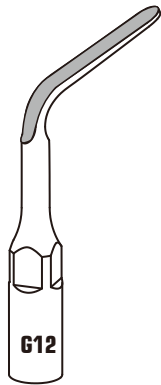
**MODE: G  
POWER**



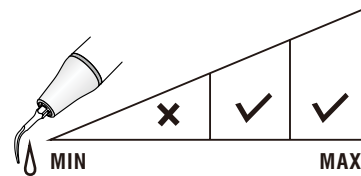
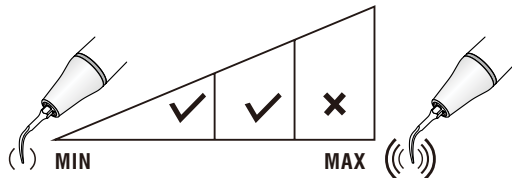
**IRRIGATION**

# G12(GD12)

Removal of large supragingival deposits on the lingual surfaces in all quadrants.



**MODE: G**  
**POWER**

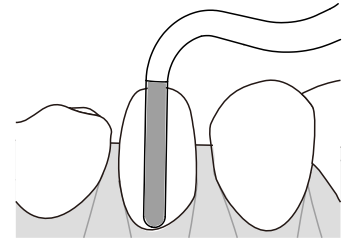
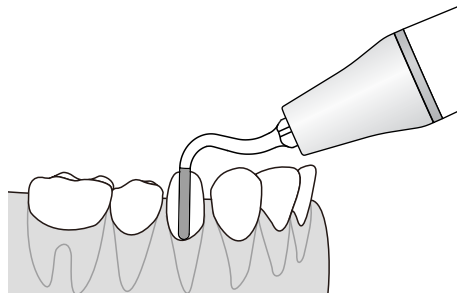


**IRRIGATION**

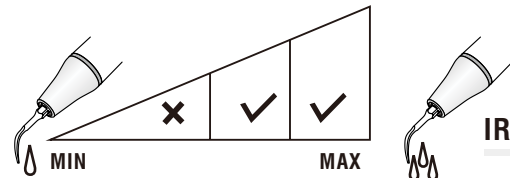
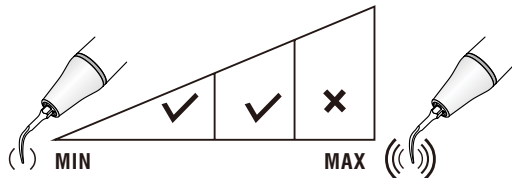
## G20(GD20)

There are diamonds coated (120um grit) on the head of the tip for dentin abrading.

It's used for "supragingival shoulder" preparation after the completion of the preparation of the "subgingival shoulder" with bur.



MODE: G  
POWER

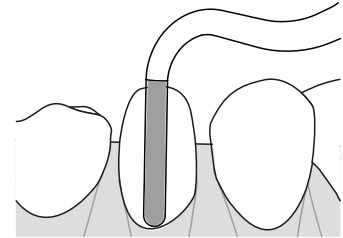
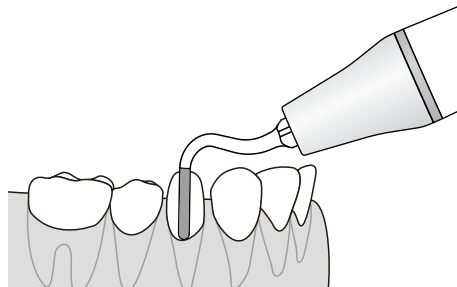


IRRIGATION

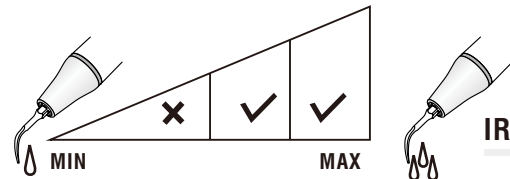
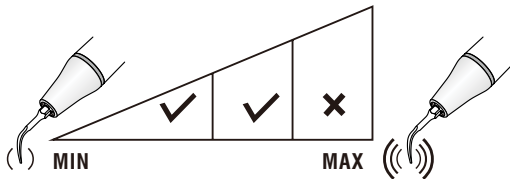


# G21(GD21)

There are diamonds coated (50um fine sand) on the head of the tip for dentin abrading, mainly used for polishing of prepared supragingival shoulder and subgingival shoulder.



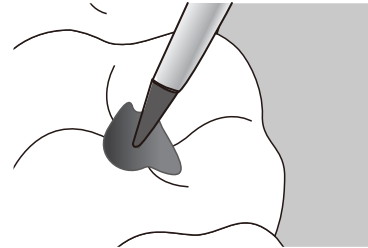
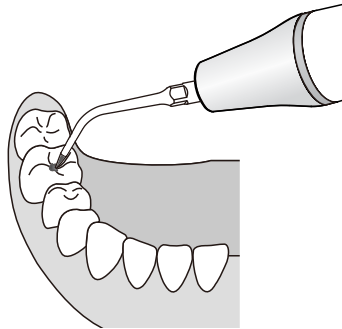
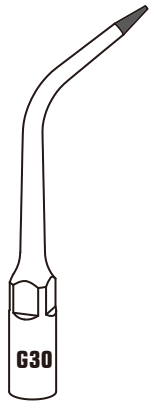
MODE: G  
POWER



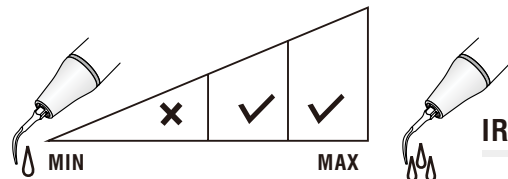
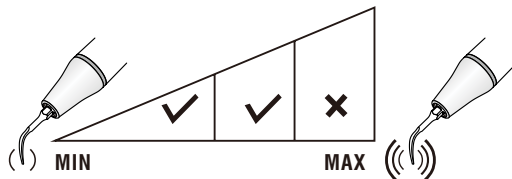
IRRIGATION

# G30(GD30)

There are diamonds coated (90um) on the head of the tip, used for the preparation between pits and fissures.



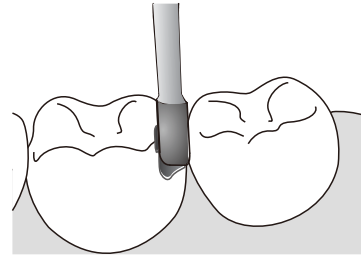
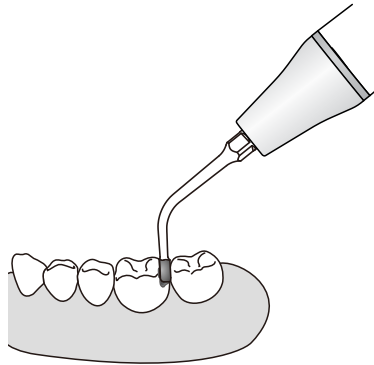
**MODE: G  
POWER**



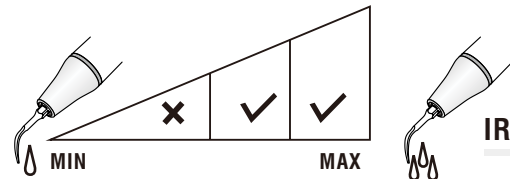
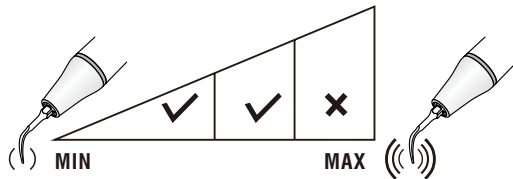
**IRRIGATION**

# G31 (GD31)

There are diamonds coated (90um) on the head of the tip, used for the preparation of the mesial cavity.



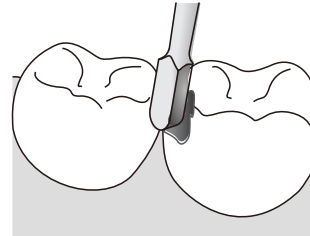
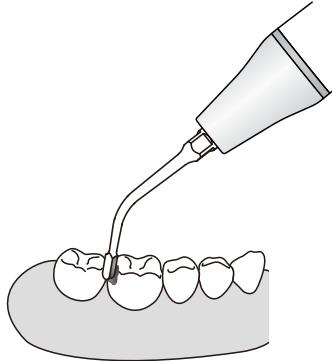
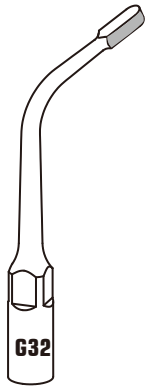
**MODE: G  
POWER**



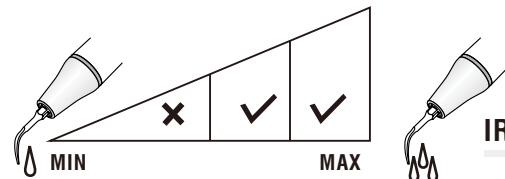
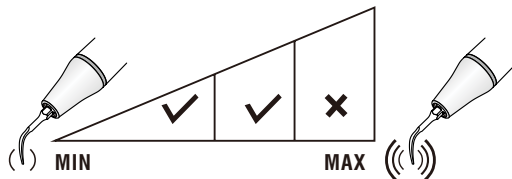
**IRRIGATION**

# G32(GD32)

There are diamonds coated (90um) on the head of the tip, used for the preparation of the distal cavity.



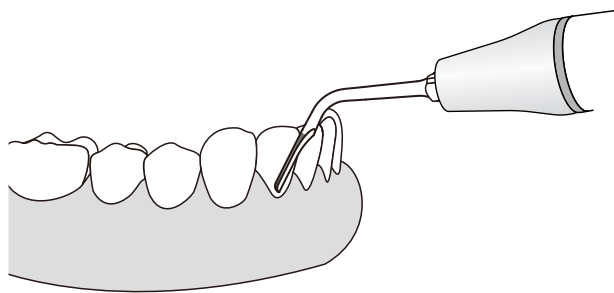
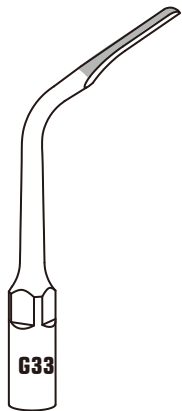
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



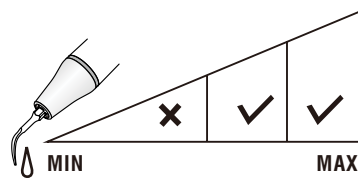
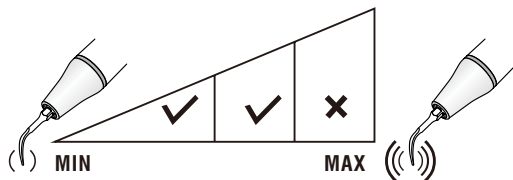
**IRRIGATION**

# G33 (GD33)

There are diamonds coated (90um) on the head of the tip, used for the preparation of the tooth veneers.



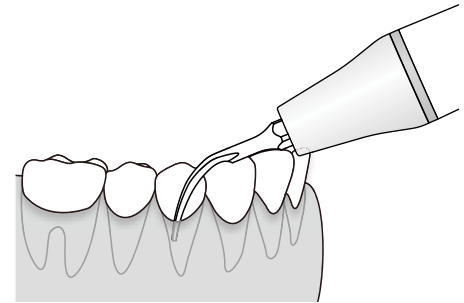
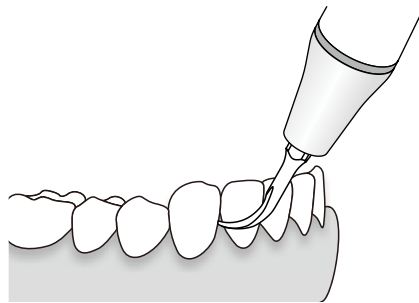
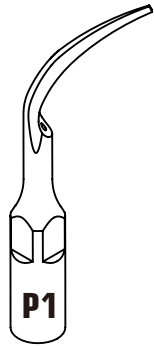
**MODE: G  
POWER**



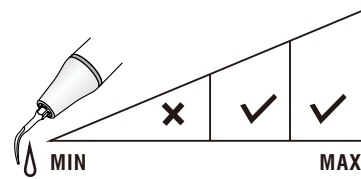
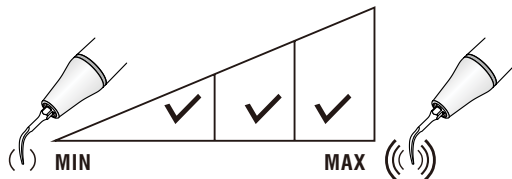
**IRRIGATION**

# P1 (PD1/PS1)

Slim and sharp, recommended for cleaning and irrigating of subgingival deposits.



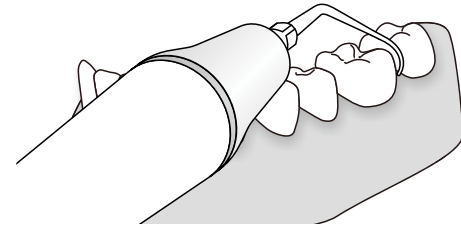
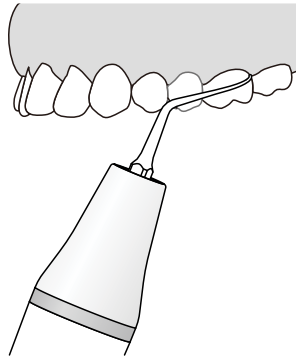
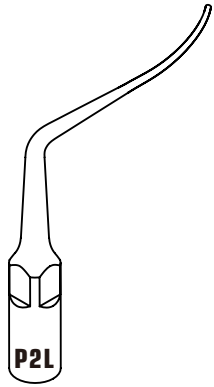
MODE: P  
POWER



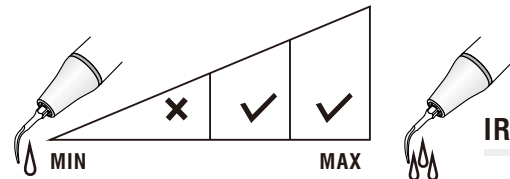
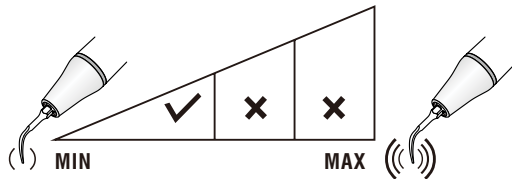
IRRIGATION

# P2L(PD2L)

Left-angled, used to remove calculus from very narrow inter-root spaces and furcation.



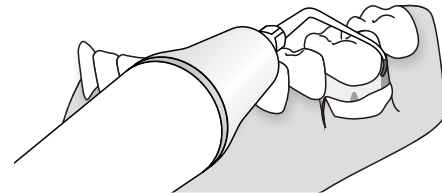
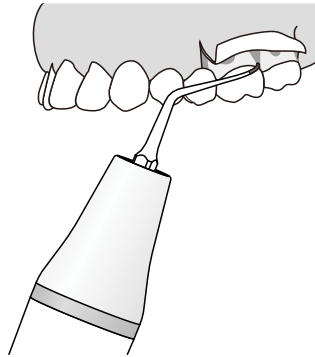
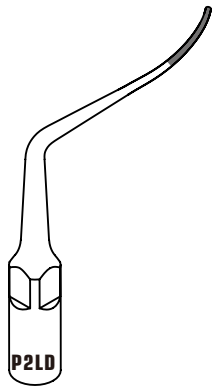
MODE: P  
POWER



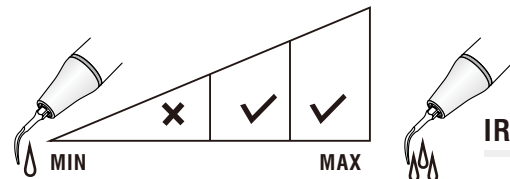
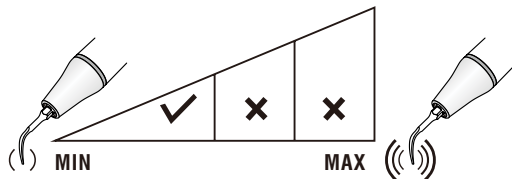
IRRIGATION

# P2LD (PD2LD)

Left-angled, diamond-coated(40µm) instrument for root planing.



MODE: P  
POWER

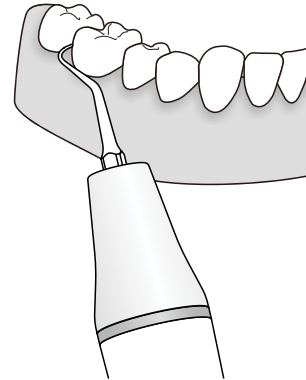
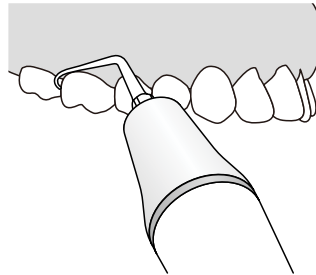
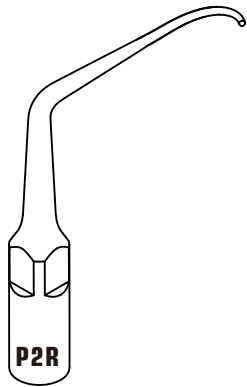


IRRIGATION

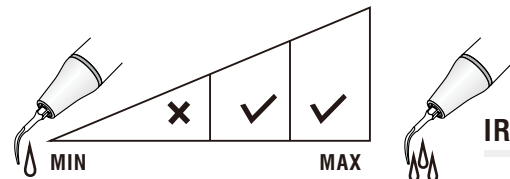
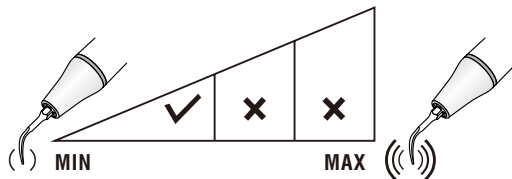


# P2R (PD2R)

Right-angled, used to remove calculus from very narrow inter-root spaces and furcation.

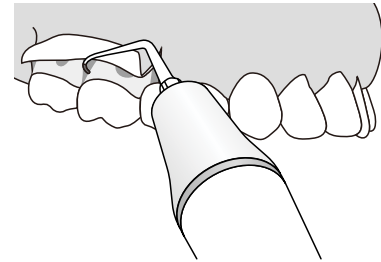
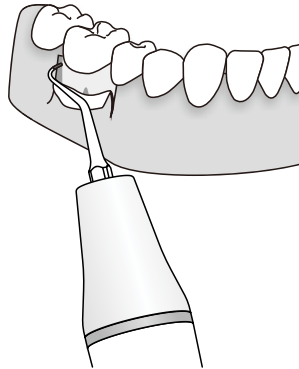
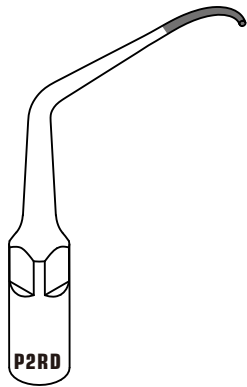


MODE: P  
POWER

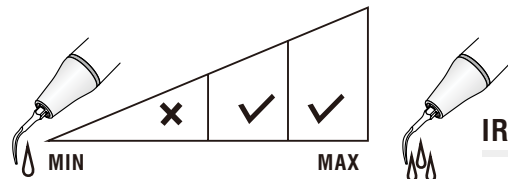
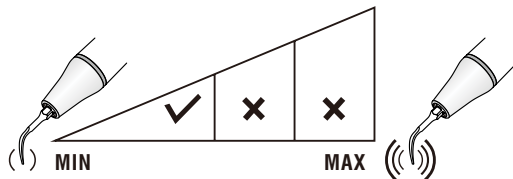


# P2RD (PD2RD)

Right-angled, diamond-coated (40µm) instrument for root planing.



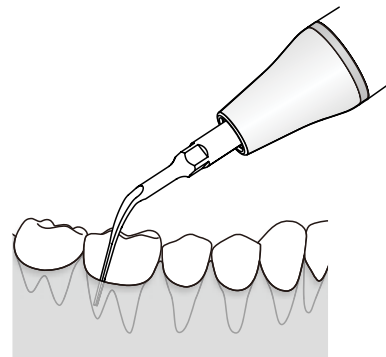
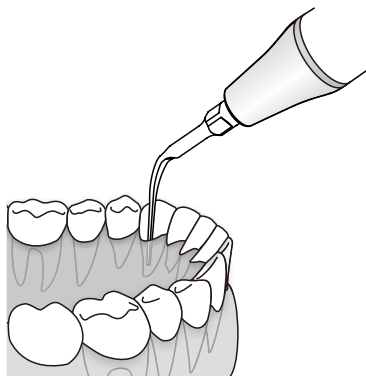
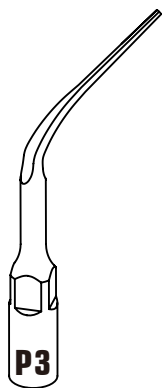
MODE: P  
POWER



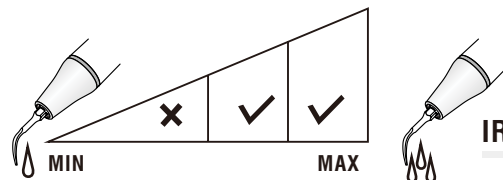
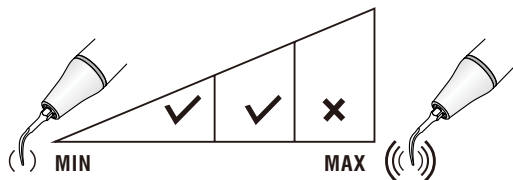
IRRIGATION

# P3 (PD3/PS3)

Recommended for cleaning and irrigating of periodontal deep pockets.



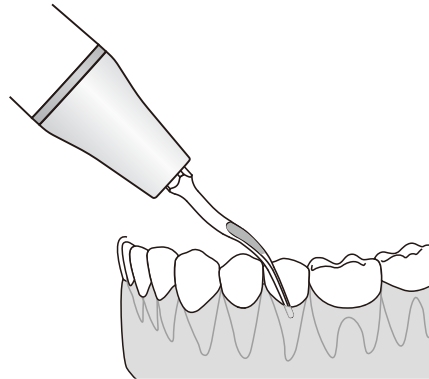
MODE: P  
POWER



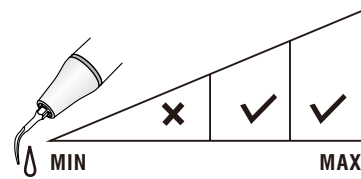
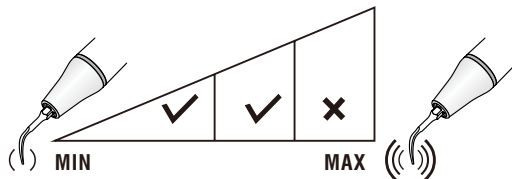
IRRIGATION

# P3L (PD3L)

Left-angled, used for subgingival scaling.



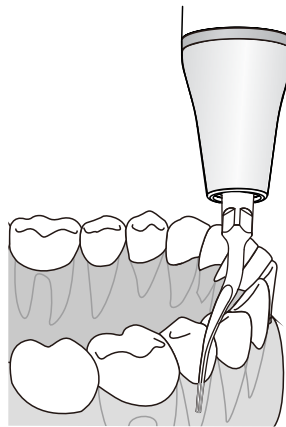
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



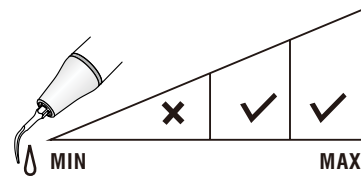
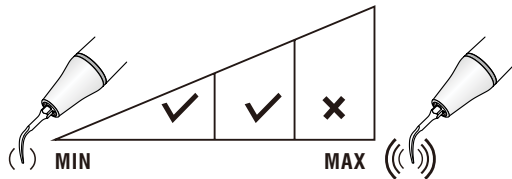
**IRRIGATION**

# P3R (PD3R)

Right-angled, used for subgingival scaling.



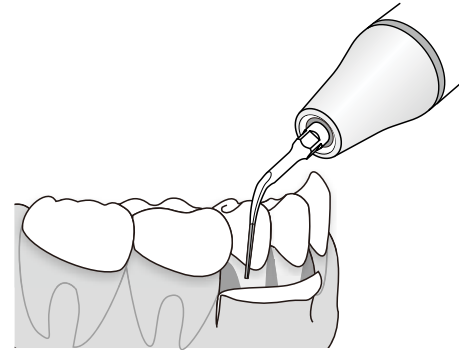
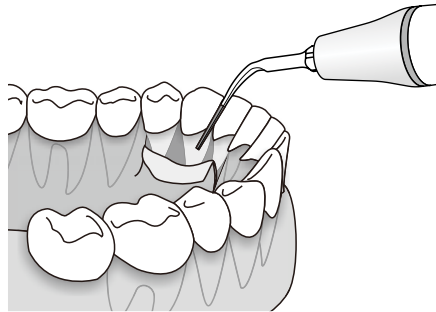
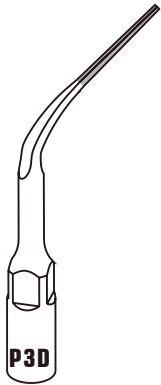
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



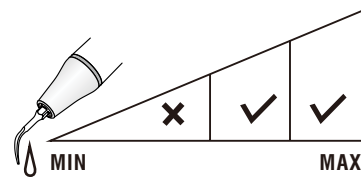
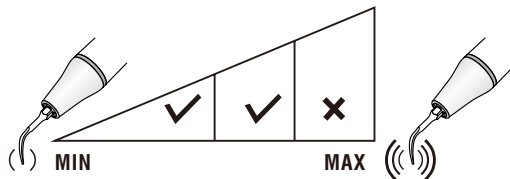
**IRRIGATION**

# P3D(PD3D)

Diamond-coated(40μm) instrument for root planning after the periodontal flap surgery. It's also applied to edge planning of artificial crown and furcation expanding.



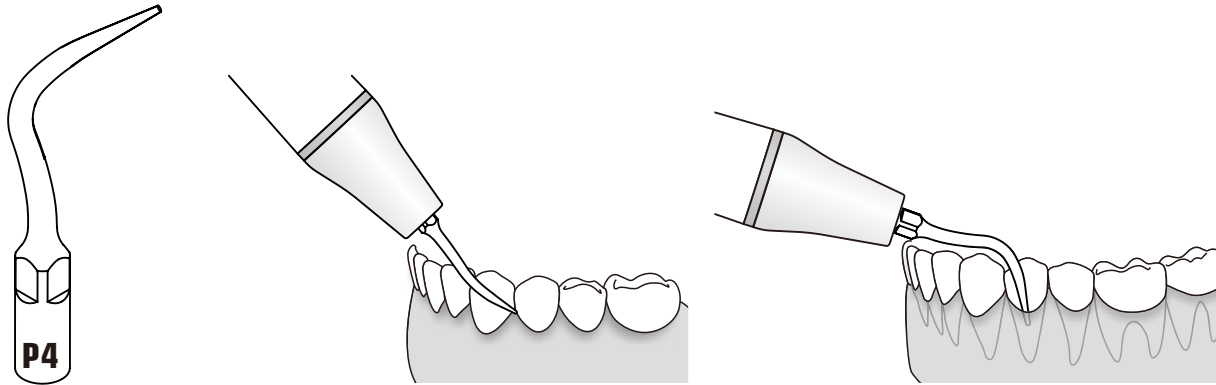
MODE: P  
POWER



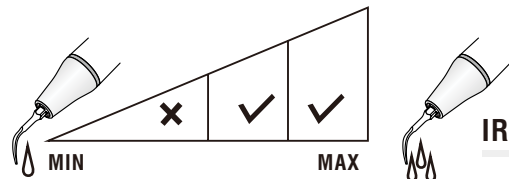
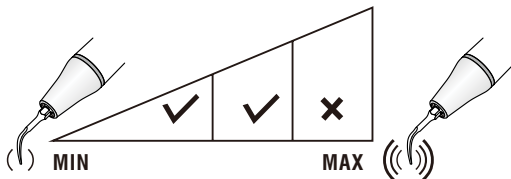
IRRIGATION

# P4 (PD4/PS4)

Recommended for cleaning and irrigating of periodontal shallow pockets.



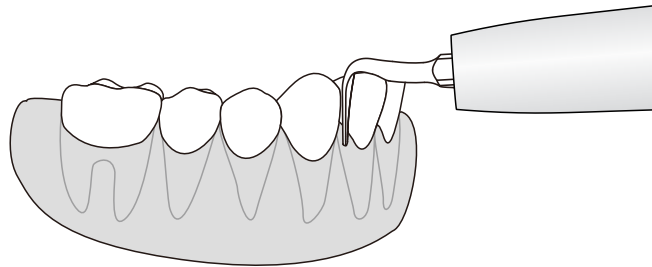
MODE: P  
POWER



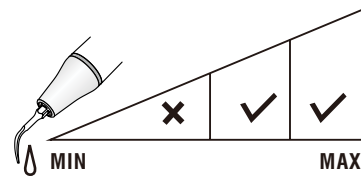
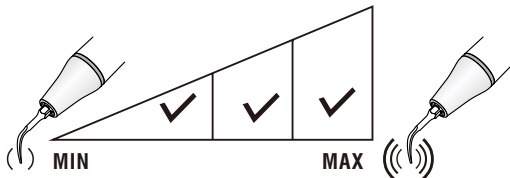
IRRIGATION

# P5 (PD5)

For removal of the tartar in the adjacent of teeth and Gingival margin of the neck.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



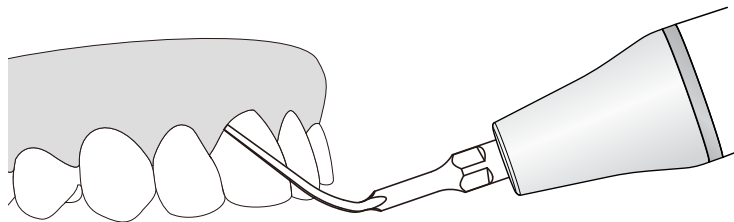
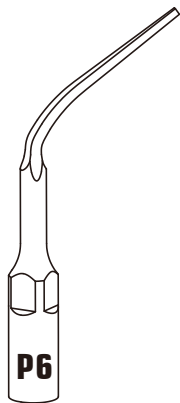
**IRRIGATION**



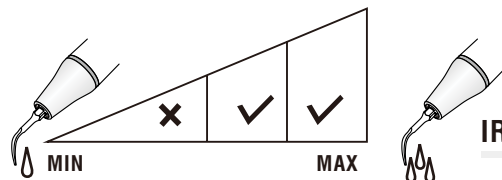
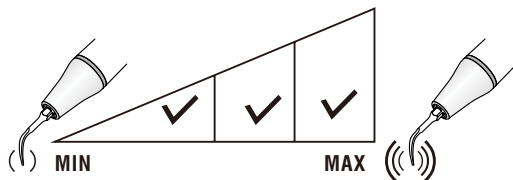


# P6 (PD6)

Slim and sharp, recommended for cleaning and irrigating of periodontal deep pockets.



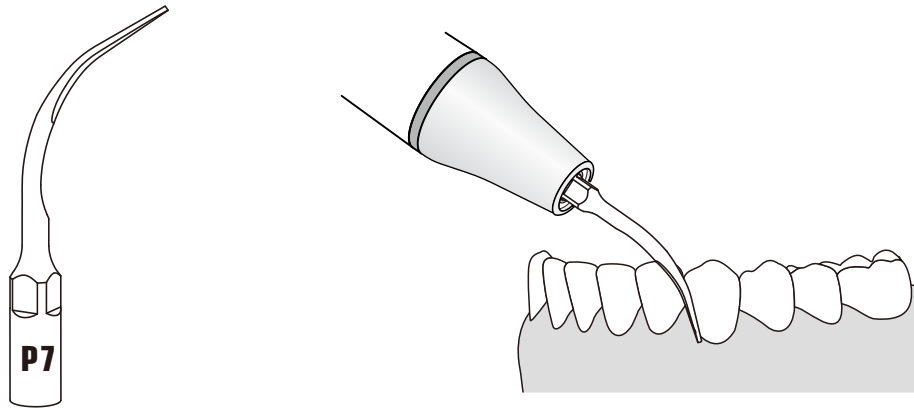
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



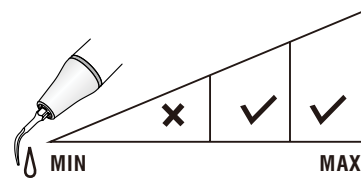
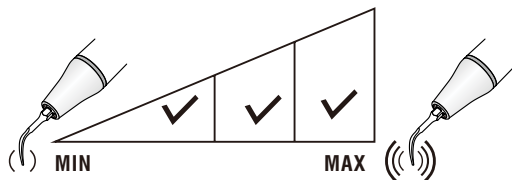
**IRRIGATION**

# P7 (PD7)

Slim and sharp ,recommended for cleaning and irrigating of subgingival deposits.



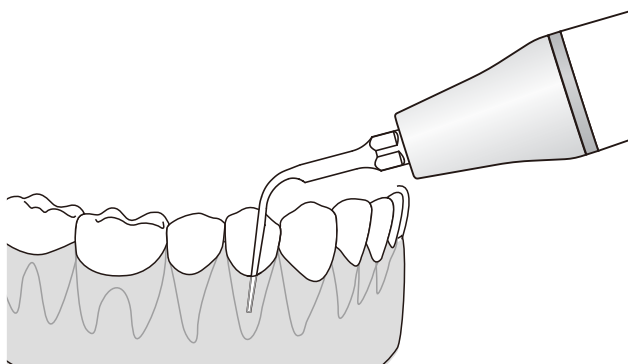
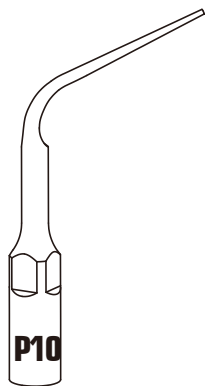
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



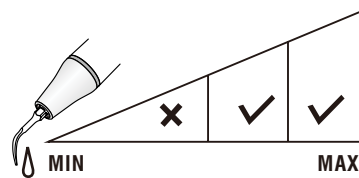
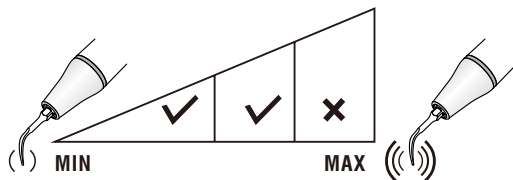
**IRRIGATION**

# P10 (PD10)

For gentle scaling and removal of tartar in the periodontal pocket.



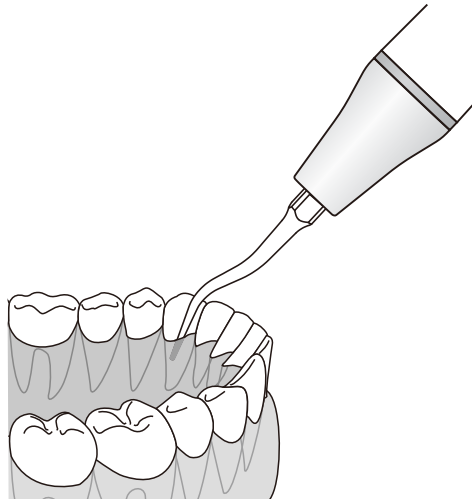
MODE: P  
POWER



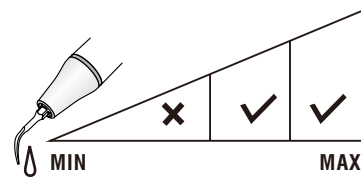
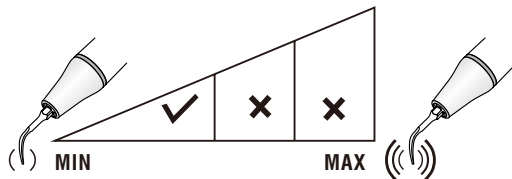
IRRIGATION

# P11 (PD11)

For high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in the subgingival.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**

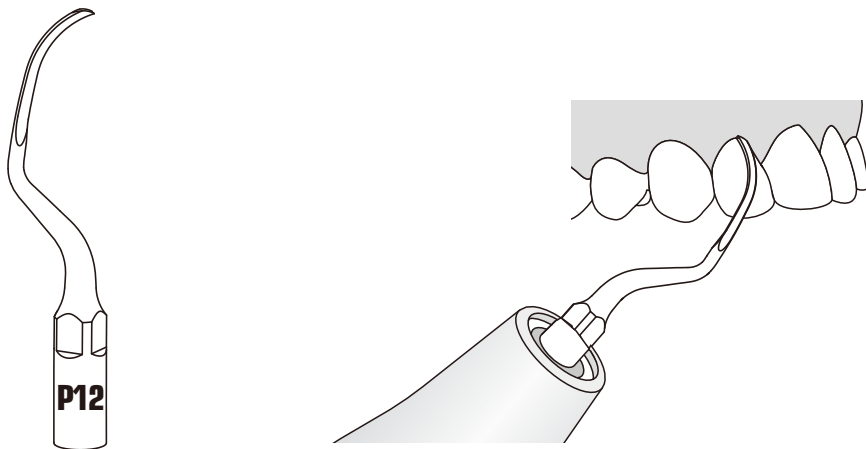


**IRRIGATION**

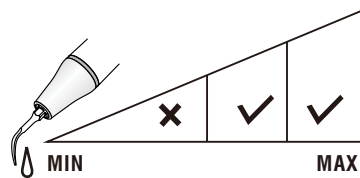
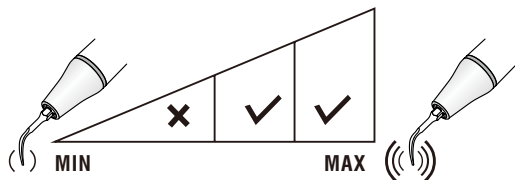


## P12 (PD12)

With slim blade edge at the end of the tip, for high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in posterior subgingival.



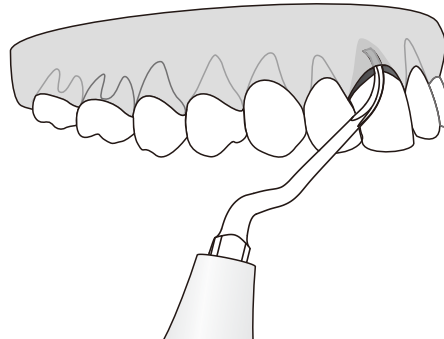
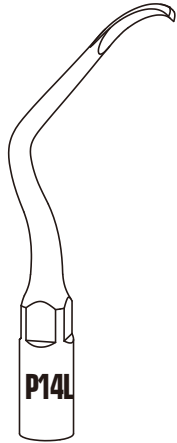
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



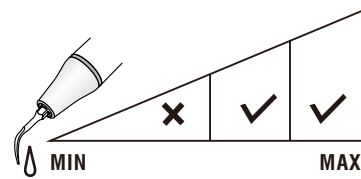
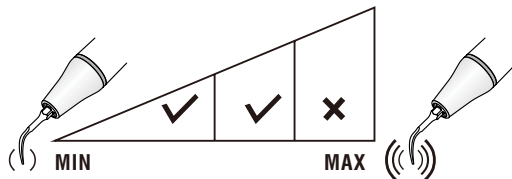
**IRRIGATION**

# P14L(PD14L)

Left curved, with slim blade edge at the end of the tip, for high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in posterior subgingival.



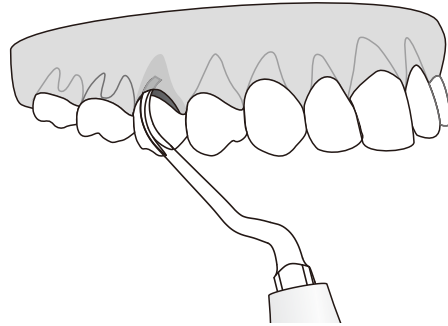
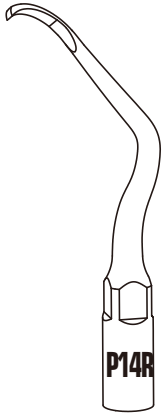
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



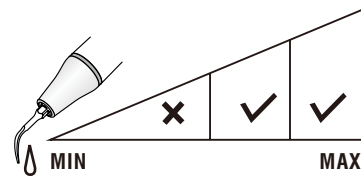
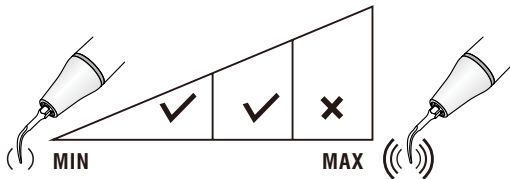
**IRRIGATION**

# P14R (PD14R)

Right curved, with slim blade edge at the end of the tip, for high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in posterior subgingival.



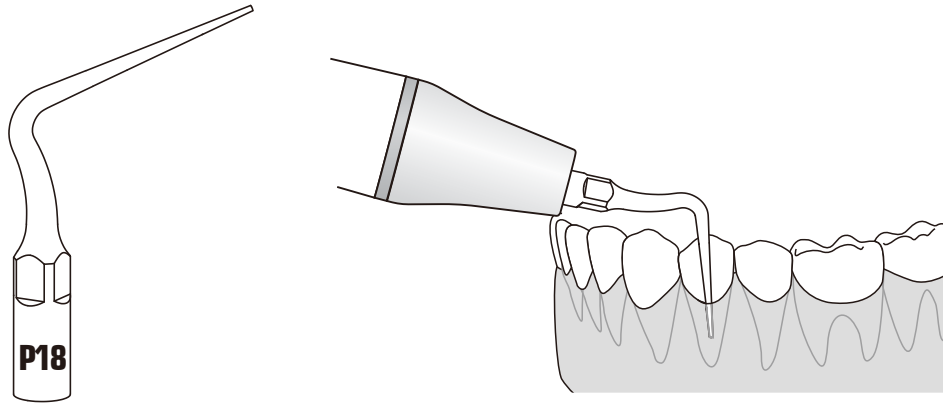
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



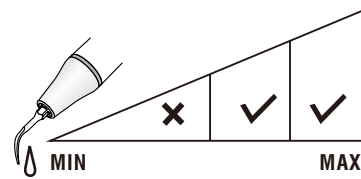
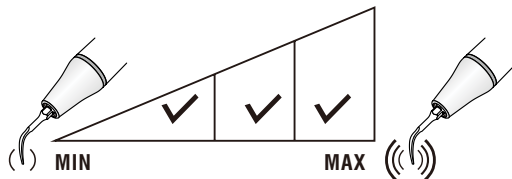
**IRRIGATION**

# P18 (PD18)

For probing the deep periodontal pocket tartar, and subgingival rinse after scaling.



MODE: P  
POWER



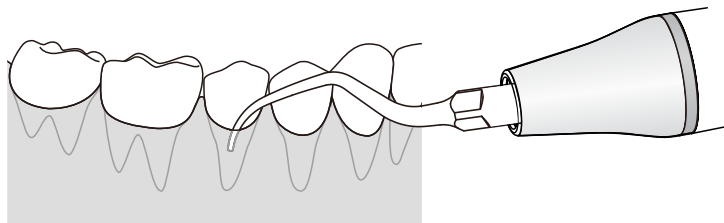
IRRIGATION



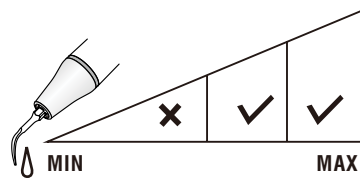
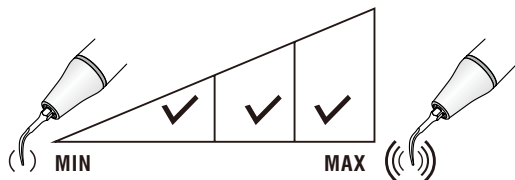


## P20 (PD20)

For removal of the tartar in the adjacent of teeth, gingival margin of the neck and the tartar within 3mm in the subgingival pocket.



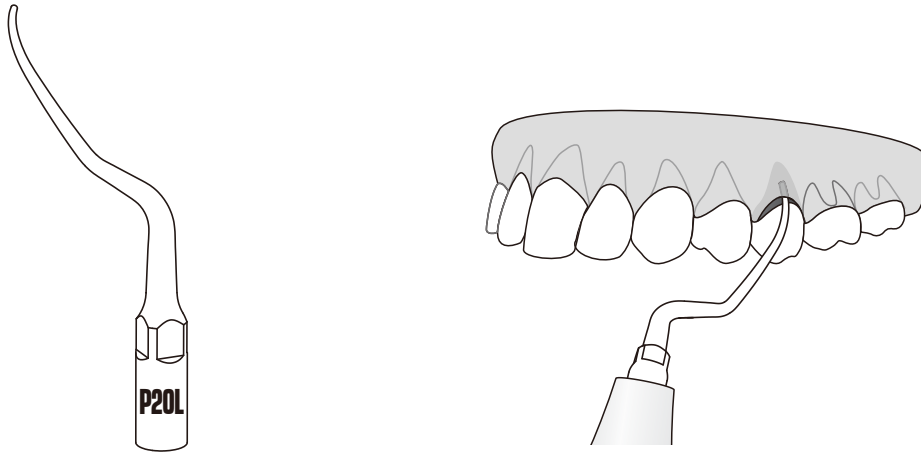
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



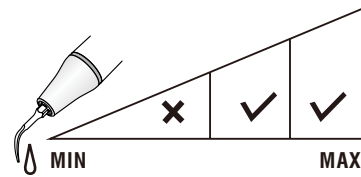
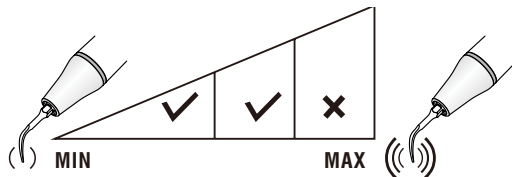
**IRRIGATION**

# P20L (PD20L)

Left curved, for high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in posterior subgingival.



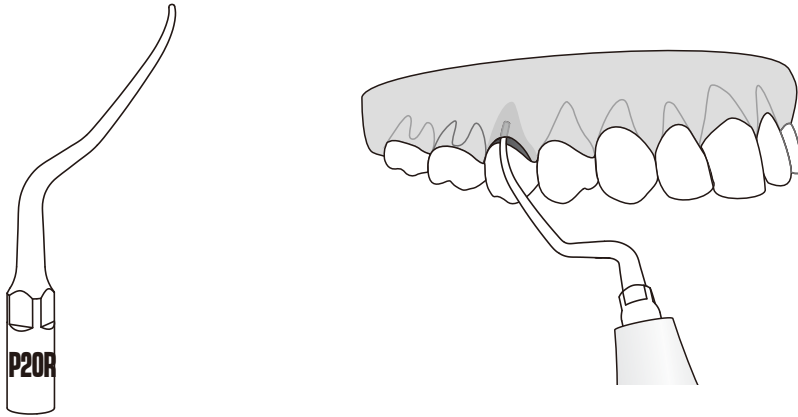
MODE: P  
POWER



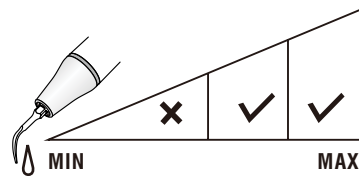
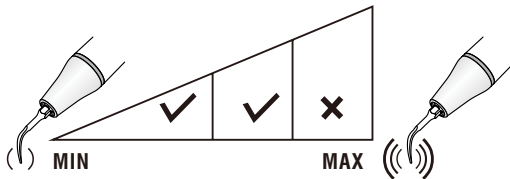
IRRIGATION

# P20R (PD20R)

Right curved, for high efficient removal of the stubborn tartar in posterior subgingival.



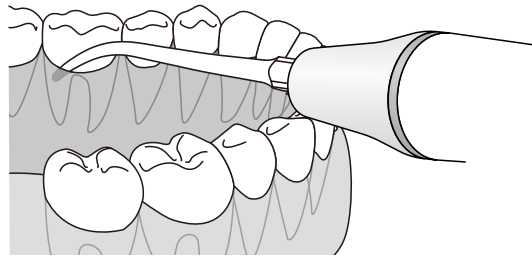
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



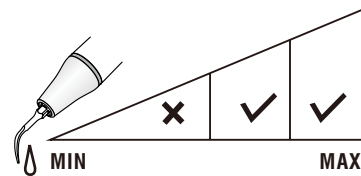
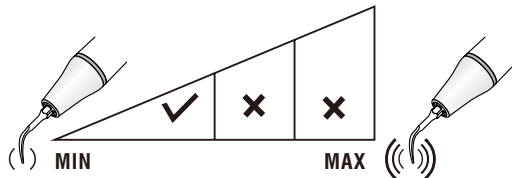
**IRRIGATION**

# P21L(PD21L)

Left curved, for the scaling of root bifurcation and root surface of adjacent of posterior teeth sector.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**

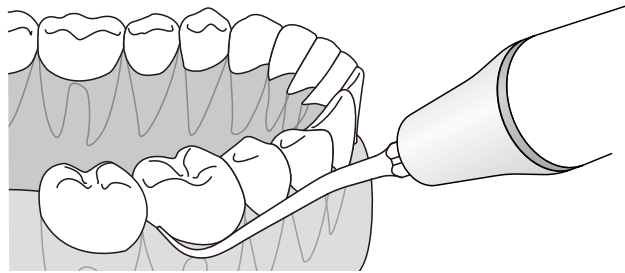


**IRRIGATION**

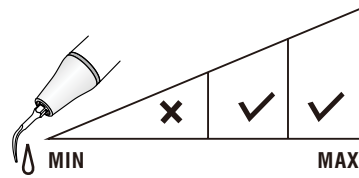
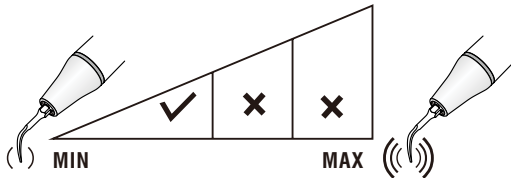


# P21R (PD21R)

Right curved, for the scaling of root bifurcation and root surface of adjacent of posterior teeth sector.



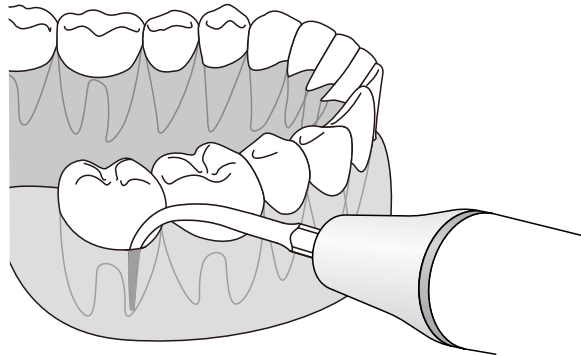
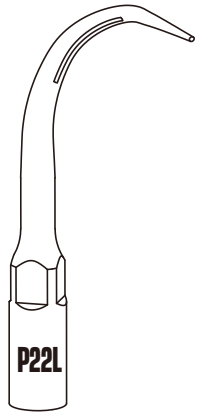
MODE: P  
POWER



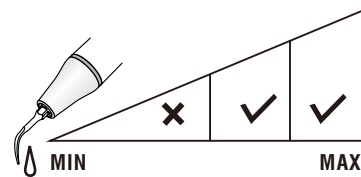
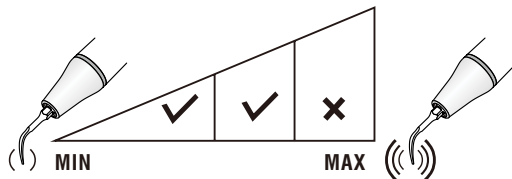
IRRIGATION

## P22L(PD22L)

Left curved, the 12mm straight part can assure the complete removal of subgingival tartar and stains.



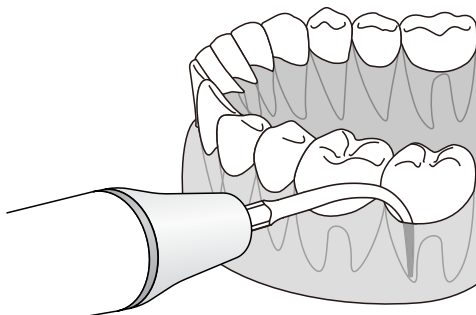
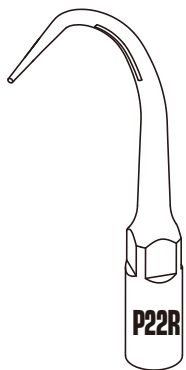
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



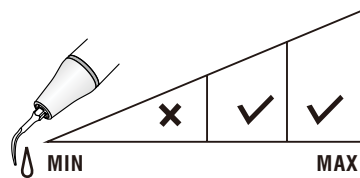
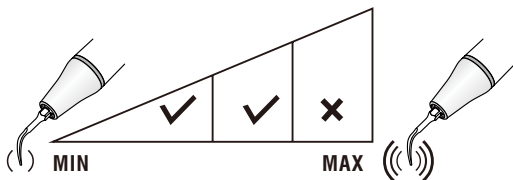
**IRRIGATION**

# P22R (PD22R)

Right curved, the 12mm straight part can assure the complete removal of subgingival tartar and stains.



**MODE: P**  
**POWER**

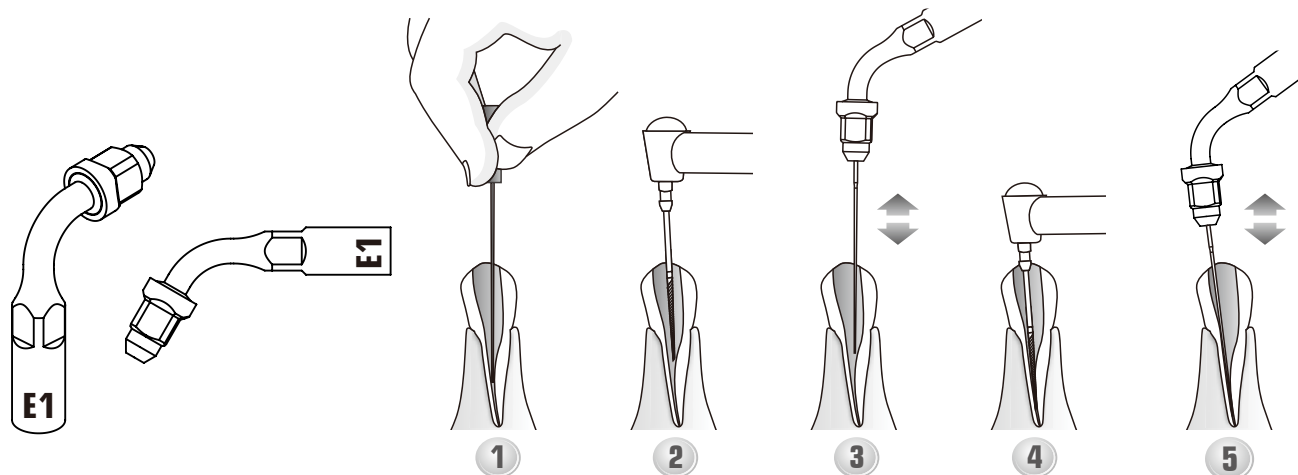


**IRRIGATION**

# E1(ED1/ES1)

120° holder, used to hold the file diameter  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  or  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$ .

Recommended for the cleaning and irrigating of the root canal, usually used for the anterior teeth.



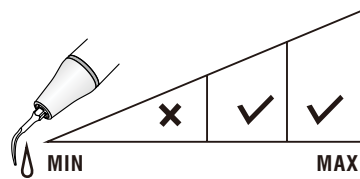
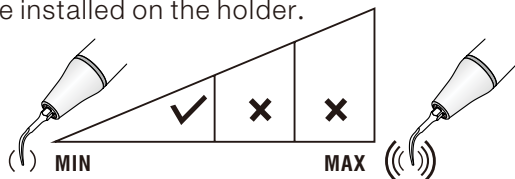
Use only the provided flat wrench to tighten the file holders on the handpiece, as well as for gently tightening the files or instruments in the holder. Do not over tighten.

Do not tighten the holder nut when no file or instrument is installed as this may damage it.

Do not mix-install the holder with  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  and  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$  file, the  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$  file will not be able to be installed after a  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  file installed on the holder.

**MODE: E**

**POWER**



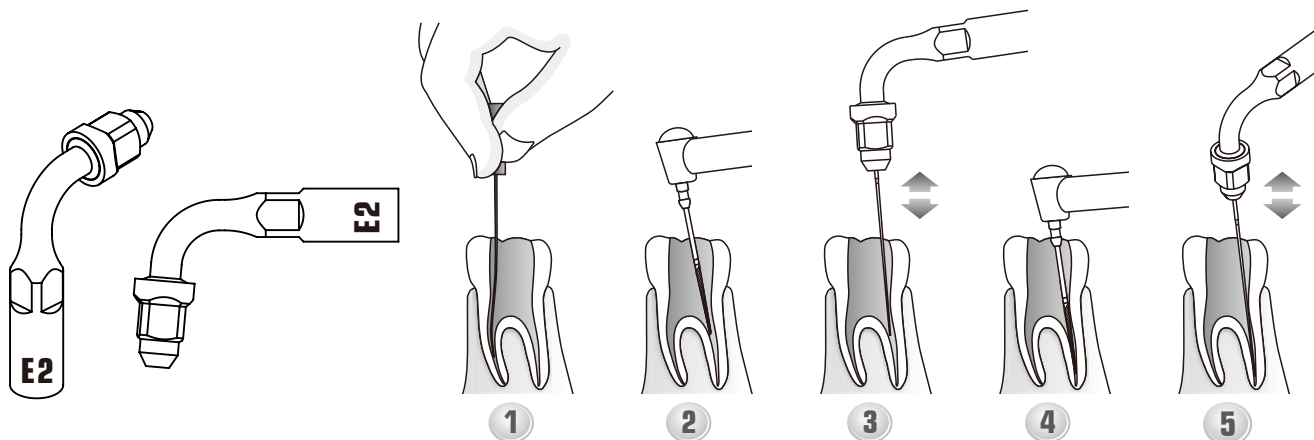
**IRRIGATION**



## E2(ED2/ES2)

95° holder, used to hold the file diameter  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  or  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$ .

Recommended for cleaning and irrigation of the root canal, usually used for the molar teeth.



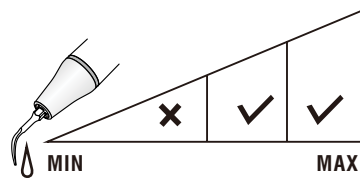
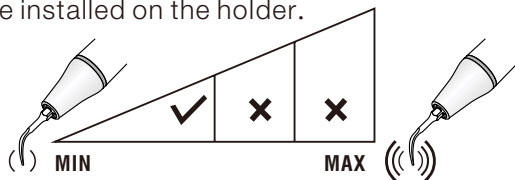
Use only the provided flat wrench to tighten the file holders on the handpiece, as well as for gently tightening the files or instruments in the holder. Do not over tighten.

Do not tighten the holder nut when no file or instrument is installed as this may damage it.

Do not mix-install the holder with  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  and  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$  file, the  $\Phi 0.8\text{mm}$  file will not be able to be installed after a  $\Phi 0.7\text{mm}$  file installed on the holder.

**MODE: E**

**POWER**



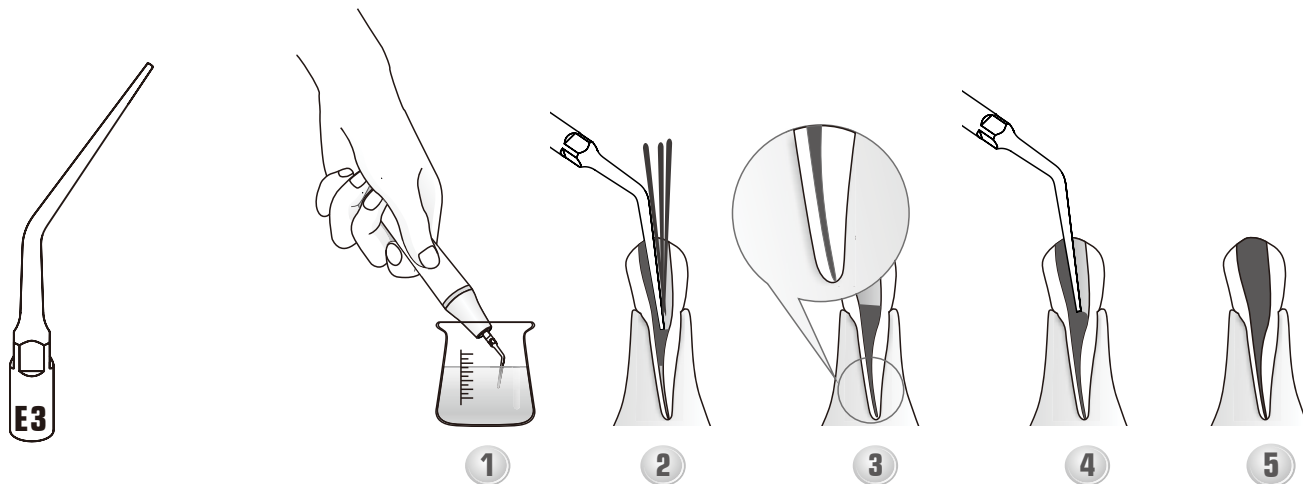
**IRRIGATION**

## E3(ED3/ES3)

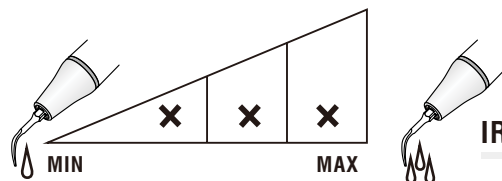
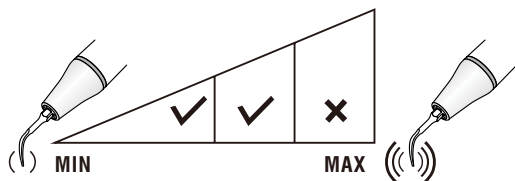
Recommended for melting gutta-percha.

Immerse the instrument in eugenol before inserting it in the canal.

Slightly press the instrument against the cone of gutta-percha and activate the scaler to condense until the canal is filled.



MODE: E  
POWER

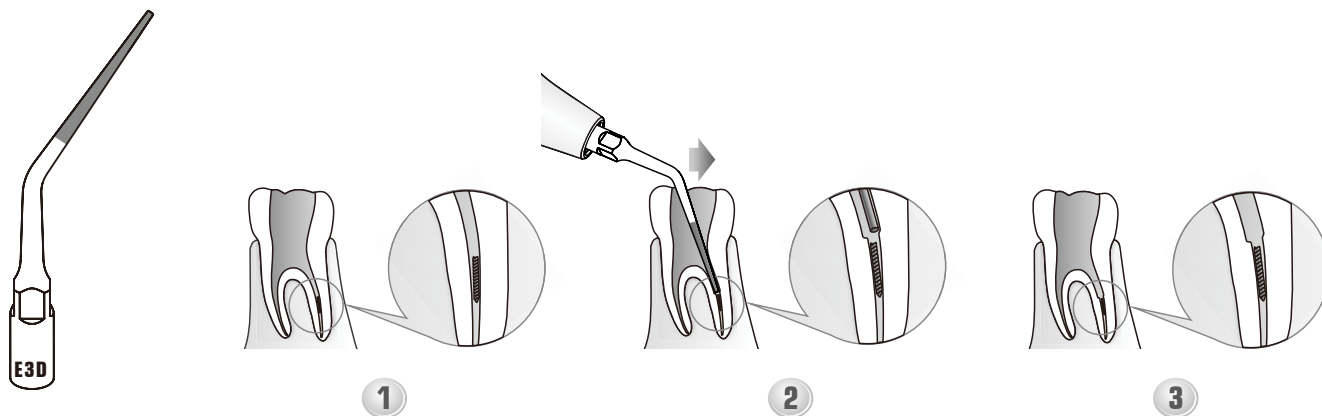


IRRIGATION

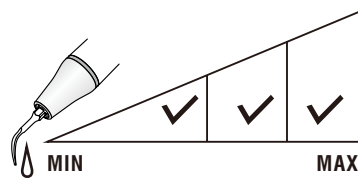
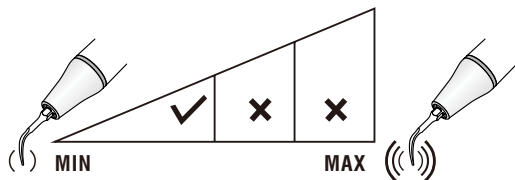
## E3D(ED3D/ES3D)

Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for enlarging the root canal and access to files broken in the root canal.

Don't touch the broken file when enlarging the root canal in case putting it deeper in the canal.



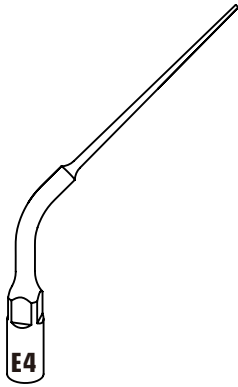
MODE: E  
POWER



IRRIGATION

# E4(ED4/ES4)

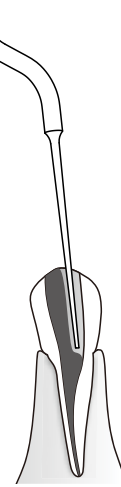
Used to remove the root filling obstructions during the root canal retreatment. The length of tip slender part is (22mm).



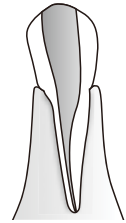
1



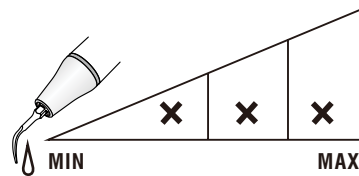
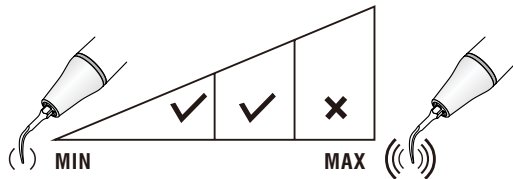
2



3



MODE: E  
POWER

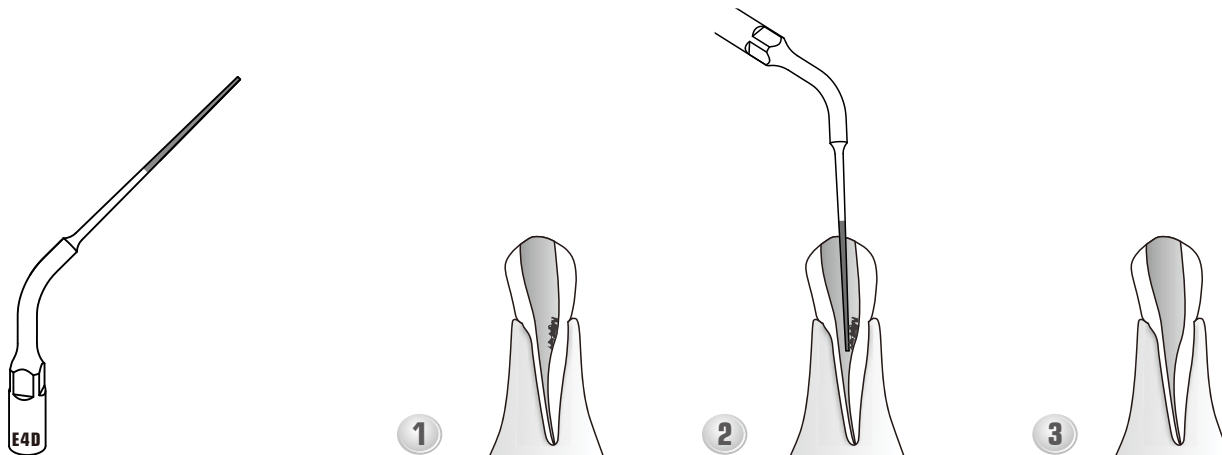


IRRIGATION

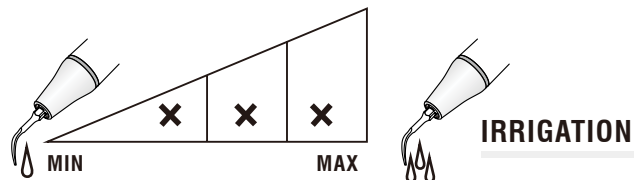
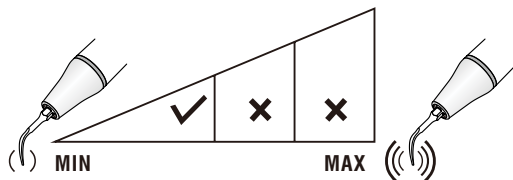


## E4D(ED4D/ES4D)

Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for removing the calcification and bad filling material in the root canal during the root canal retreatment. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (15mm).

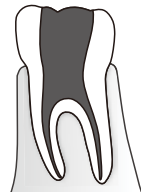
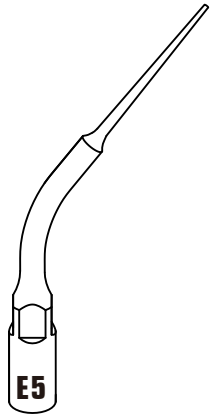


**MODE: E**  
**POWER**

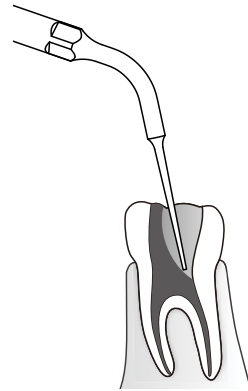


# E5 (ED5/ES5)

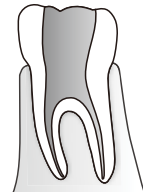
Used to remove the root filling obstructions during the root canal retreatment. The length of tip slender part is (16mm).



1

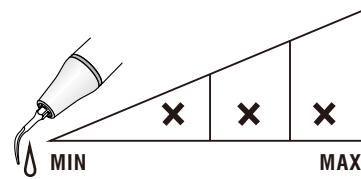
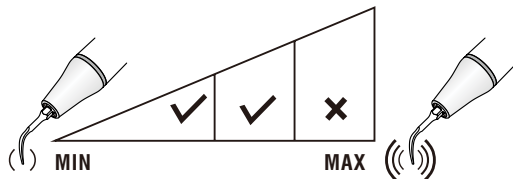


2



3

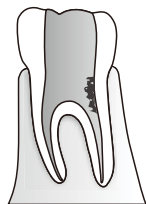
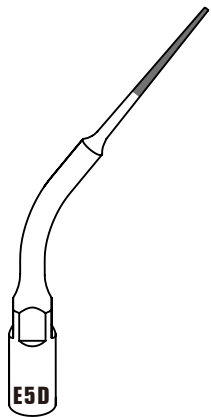
MODE: E  
POWER



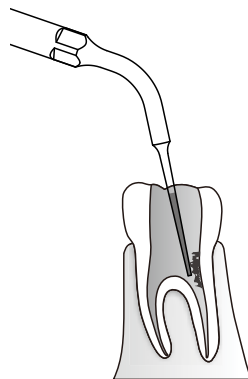
IRRIGATION

# E5D(ED5D/ES5D)

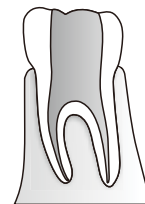
Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for removing the calcification and bad filling material in the root canal during the root canal retreatment. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (10mm).



1

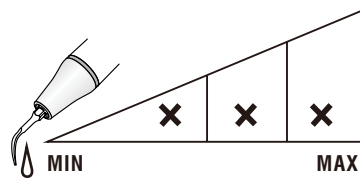
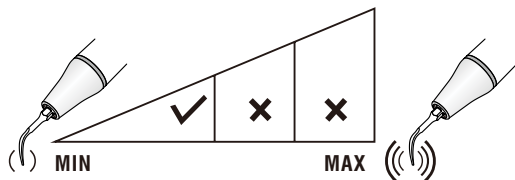


2



3

MODE: E  
POWER

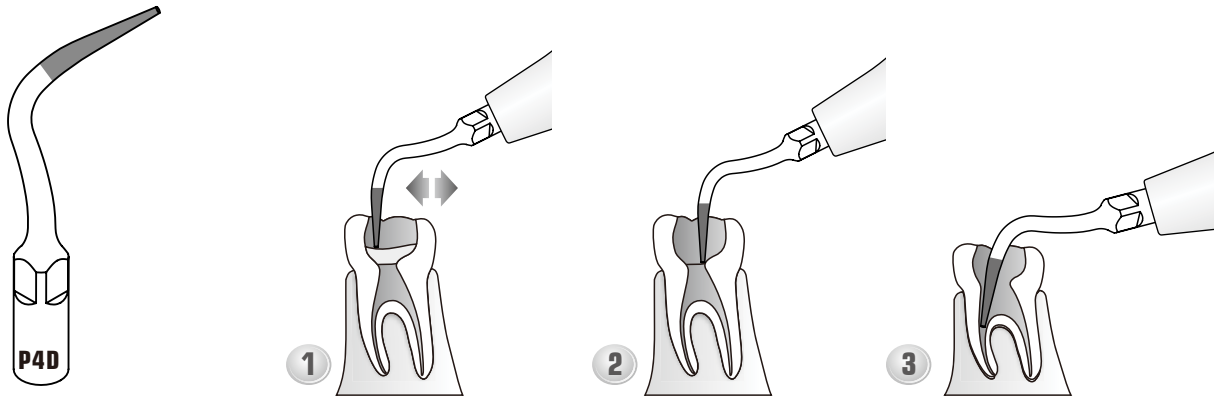


IRRIGATION

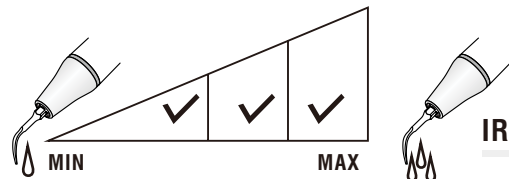
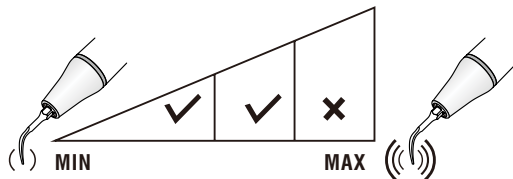
# P4D (PD4D/PS4D)

Diamond-coated (40µm) instrument for root canal orientation. It can also be applied to remove the calcifications located at the 1/3 part of root canal.

Don't press too much during the treatment to avoid hurting the root canal.



MODE: E  
POWER

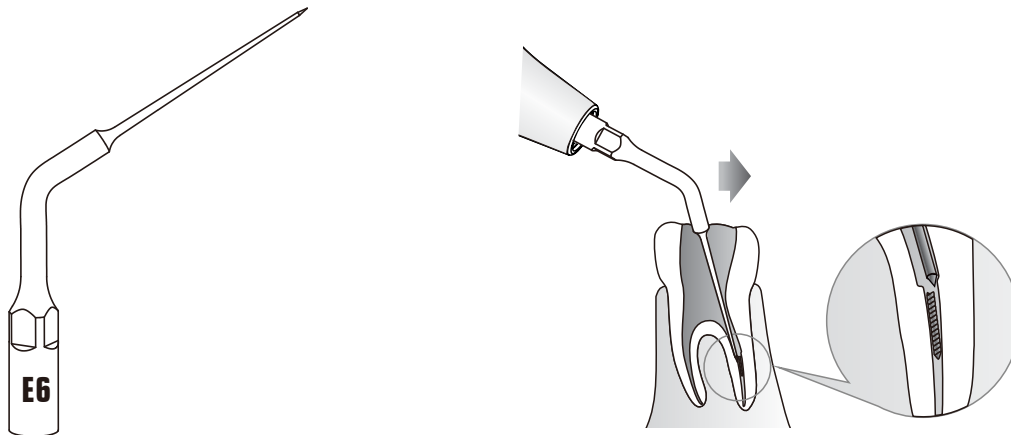


IRRIGATION

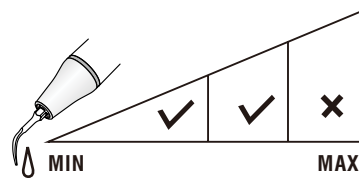
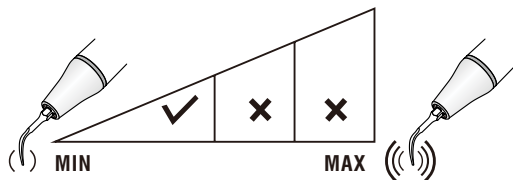


# E6 (ED6)

Thin and flexible, used for removing foreign body in deep canal.



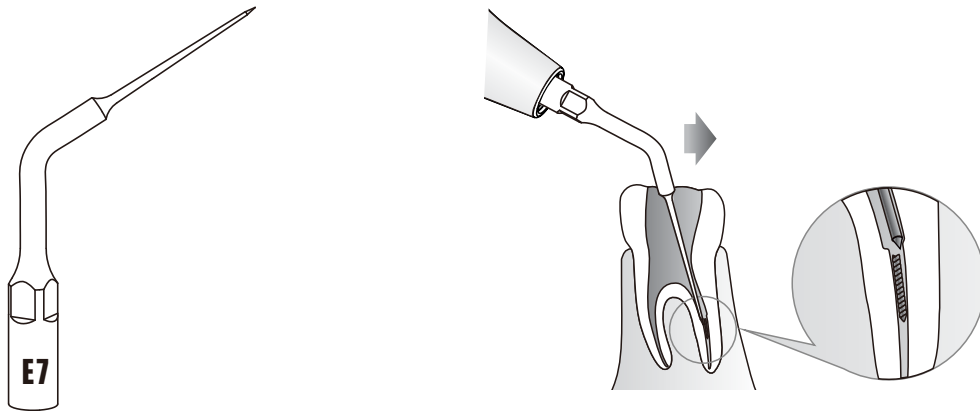
MODE: E  
POWER



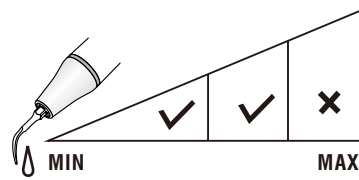
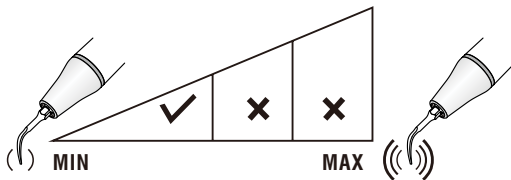
IRRIGATION

# E7 (ED7)

Thin and flexible, used for removing foreign body in 1/3 canal.



MODE: E  
POWER

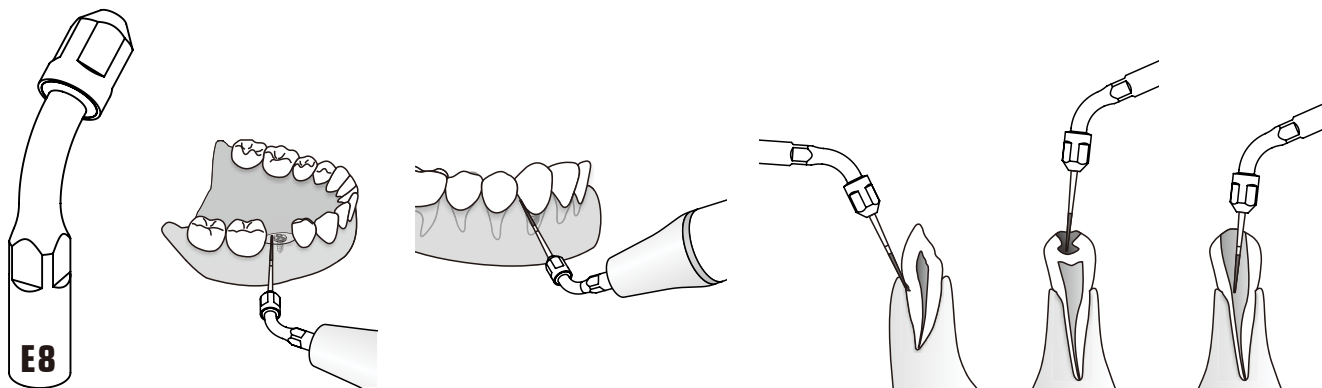


IRRIGATION

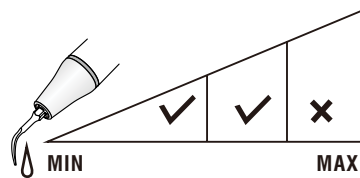
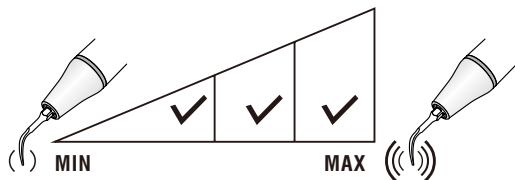
## E8(ED8/ES8/EK8)

Recommended for holding different types of dental bur to realize a variety of treatment on teeth.  
Usually used for the anterior teeth.

Special burs used for dental implant is applicable.



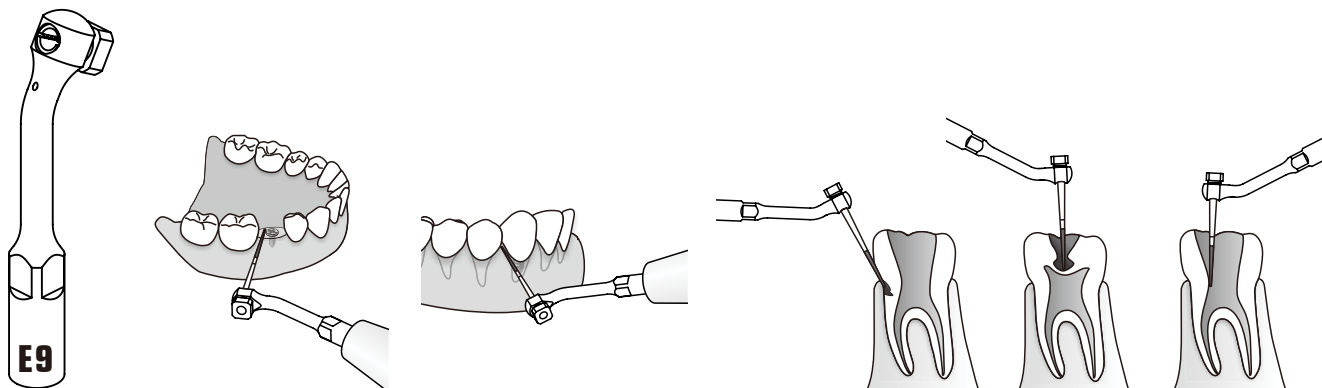
MODE: E  
POWER



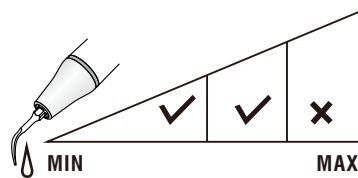
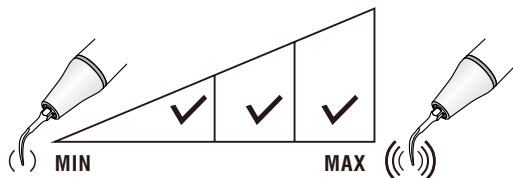
IRRIGATION

# E9(ED9)

Recommended for holding different types of dental bur to realize a variety of treatment on teeth.  
Usually used for the molar teeth.  
Special burs used for dental implant is applicable.



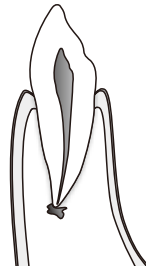
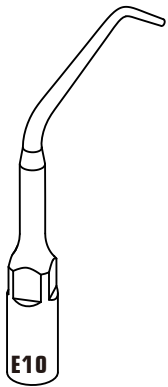
**MODE: E**  
**POWER**



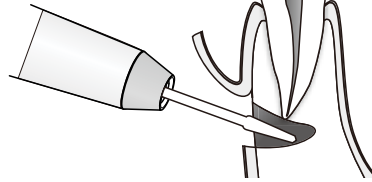
**IRRIGATION**

# E10(ED10/ES10)

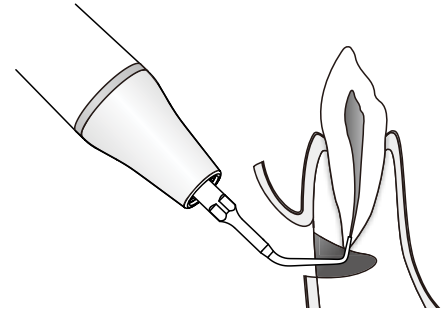
Used to polish the root canal in the retrograde preparation of root canals. The length of tip slender part is (4.5mm).



1

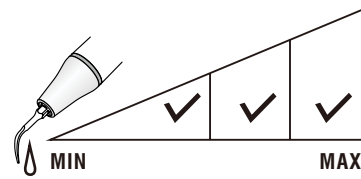
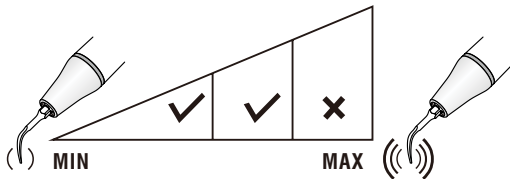


2



3

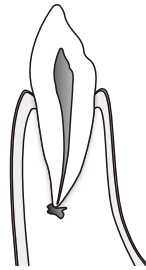
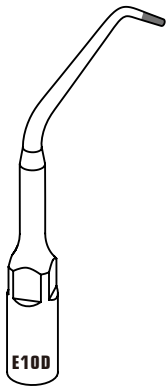
MODE: E  
POWER



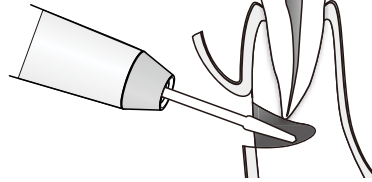
IRRIGATION

# E10D(ED10D/ES10D)

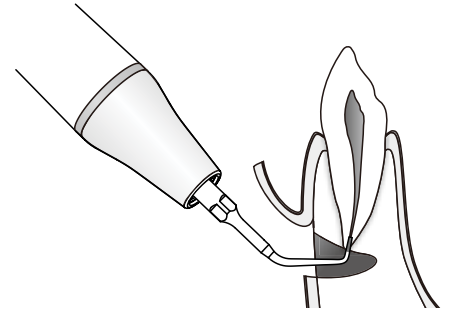
Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for high efficiency root planning in the retrograde preparation of root canals. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (3.3mm).



1

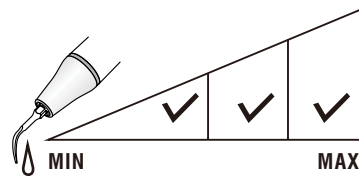
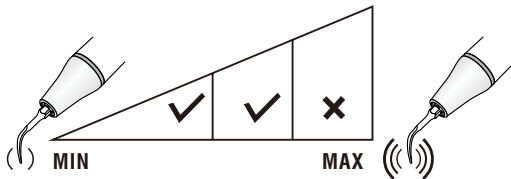


2



3

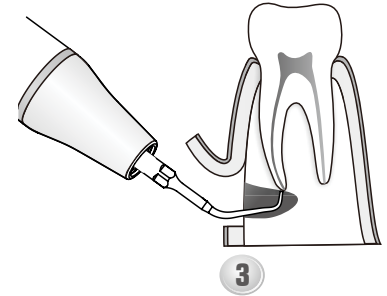
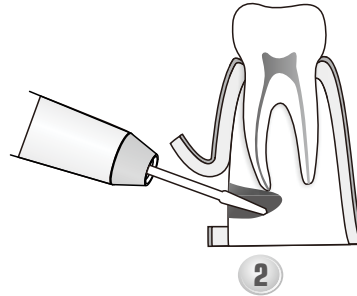
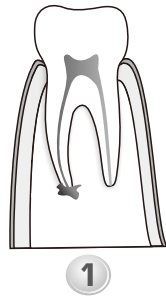
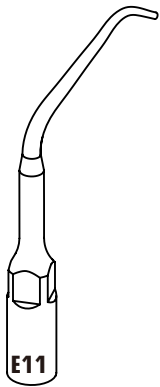
MODE: E  
POWER



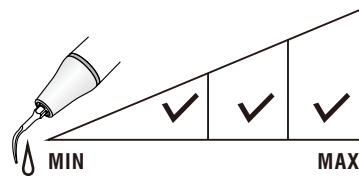
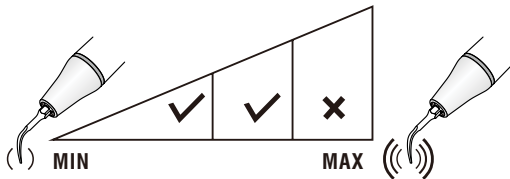
IRRIGATION

# E11(ED11/ES11)

Used to polish the root canal in the retrograde preparation of root canals. The length of tip slender part is (3.5mm).



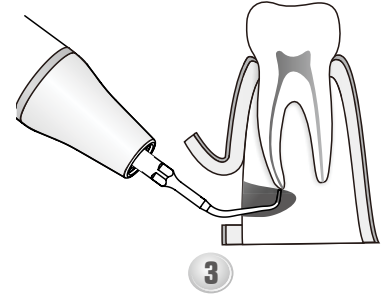
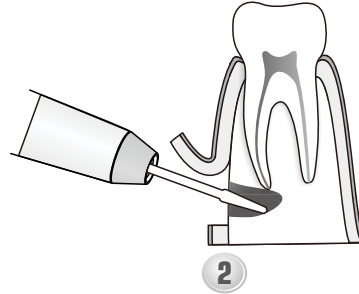
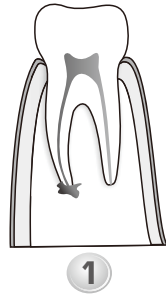
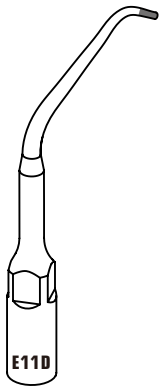
**MODE: E**  
**POWER**



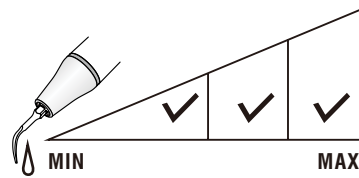
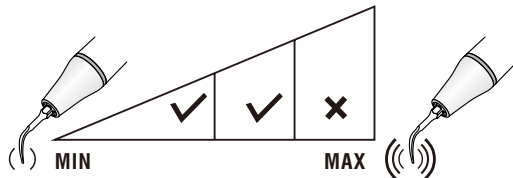
**IRRIGATION**

# E11D(ED11D/ES11D)

Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for high efficiency root planning in the retrograde preparation of root canals. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (2.2mm).



**MODE: E**  
**POWER**

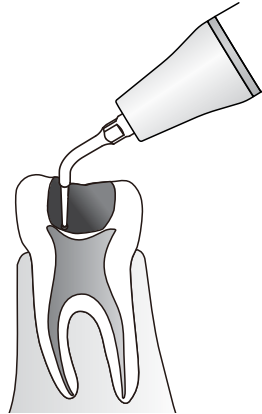
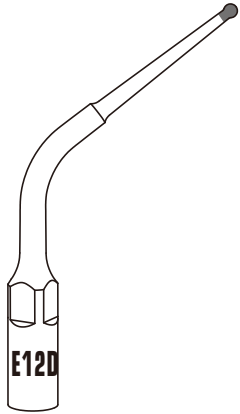


**IRRIGATION**

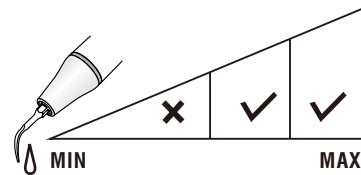
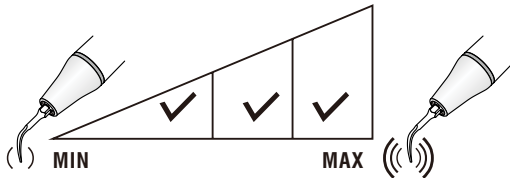


# E12D(ED12D)

Diamond-coated(90um),used for removing the calcification and bad filling material of pulp cavity,exposing the root canal orifice.



MODE: E  
POWER



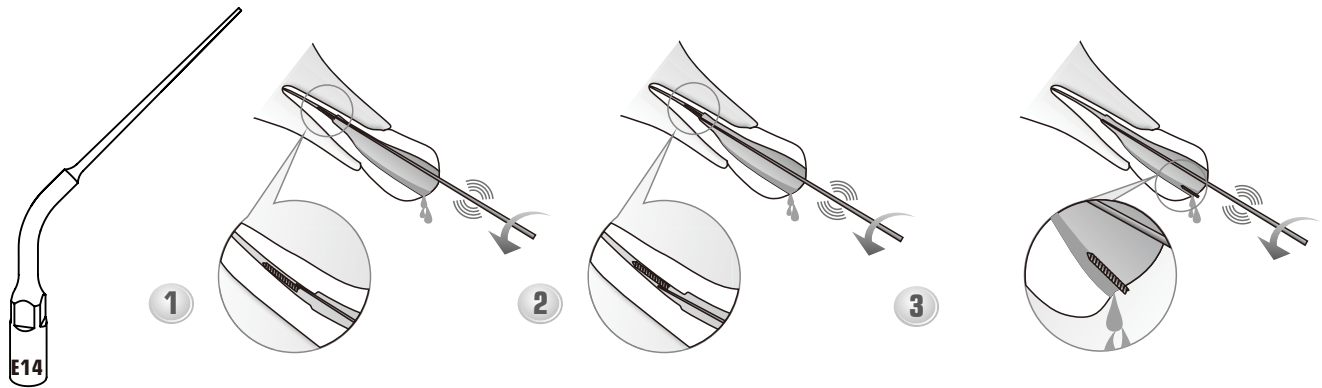
IRRIGATION

# E14(ED14/ES14)

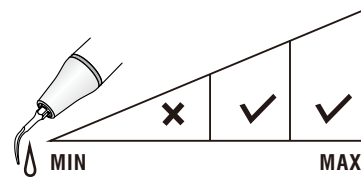
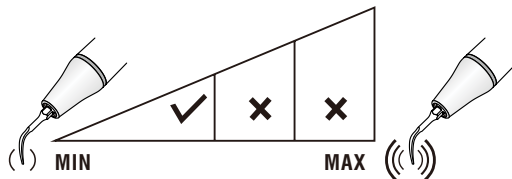
Instrument for the removal of broken files inside the root canal. The length of tip slender part is (22mm).

If possible place the patient's head in a position where the root canal is horizontal with a downward inclination. Rotate the tip of the instrument counterclockwise around the broken part until it is picked out from the root canal.

To avoid push the broken file deeper into the root canal, do not use pressure to the instrument in the axial direction.



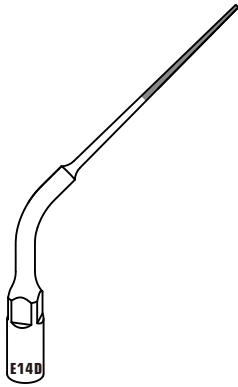
MODE: E  
POWER



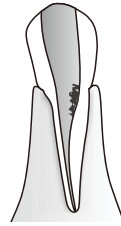
IRRIGATION

# E14D(ED14D)

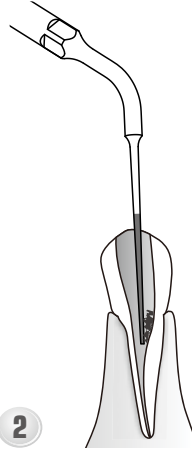
Diamond-coated(40um) instrument for removing the calcification and bad filling material in the root canal during the root canal retreatment. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (15mm). With irrigation.



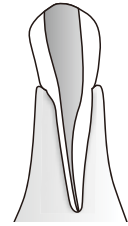
1



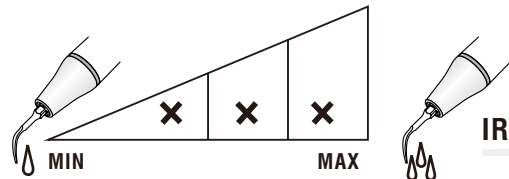
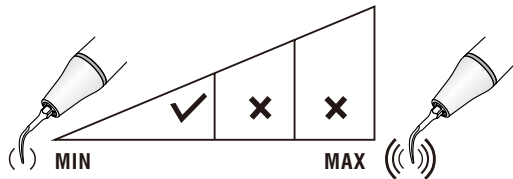
2



3



MODE: E  
POWER

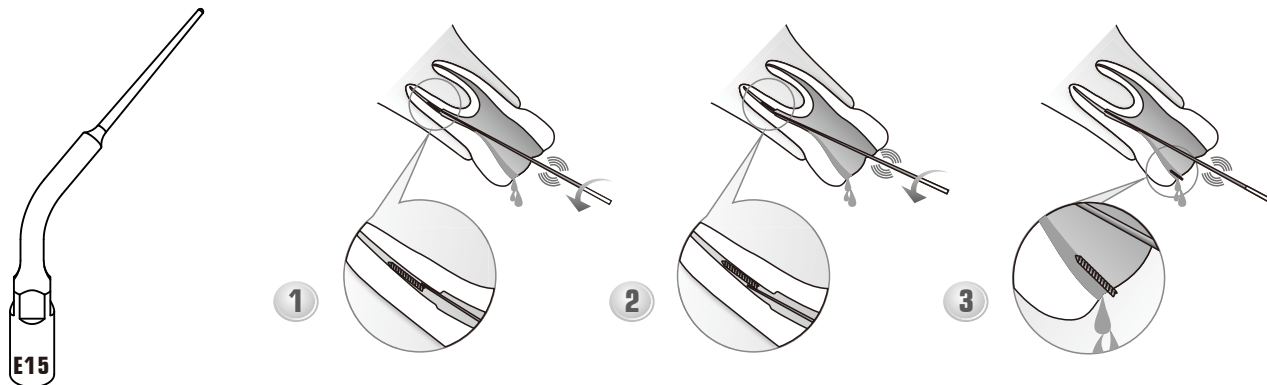


## E15(ED15/ES15)

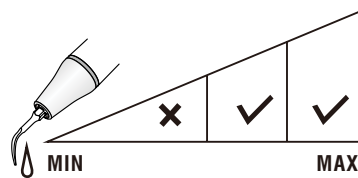
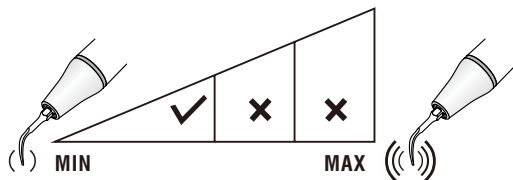
Instrument for the removal of broken files inside the root canal. The length of tip slender part is (16mm).

If possible place the patient's head in a position where the root canal is horizontal with a downward inclination. Rotate the tip of the instrument counterclockwise around the broken part until it is picked out from the root canal.

To avoid push the broken file deeper into the root canal, do not use pressure to the instrument in the axial direction.



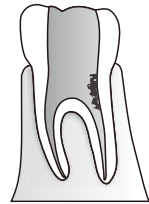
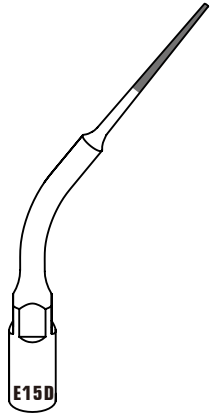
MODE: E  
POWER



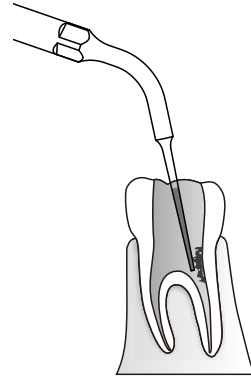
IRRIGATION

# E15D(ED15D)

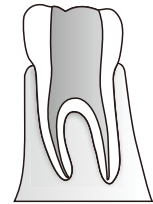
Diamond-coated(40um) instrument for removing the calcification and bad filling material in the root canal during the root canal retreatment. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (10mm). With irrigation.



1

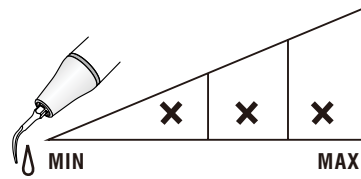
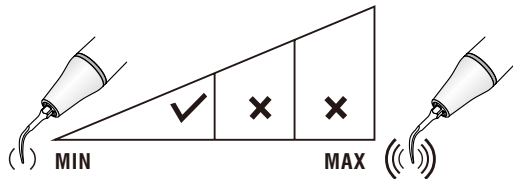


2



3

MODE: E  
POWER

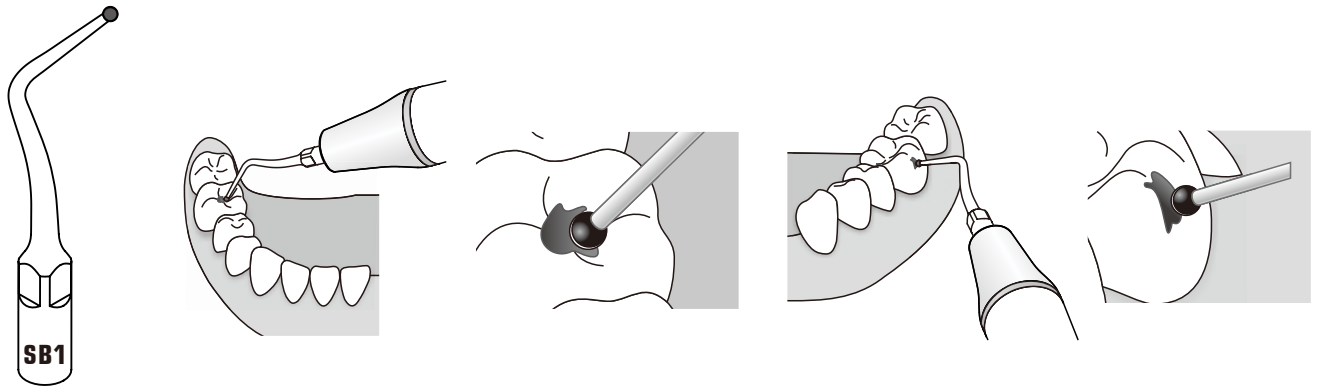


IRRIGATION

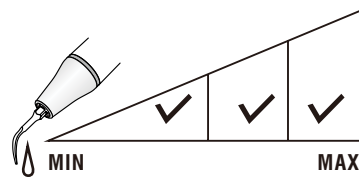
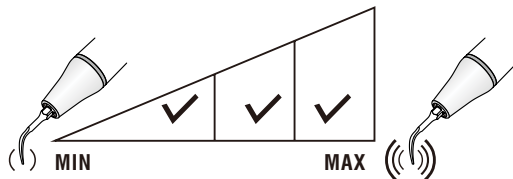
# SB1 (SBD1)

Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for removing the caries on occlusal surface of teeth and dental neck.

Place the instrument on the pit and move slowly into it with light pressure.



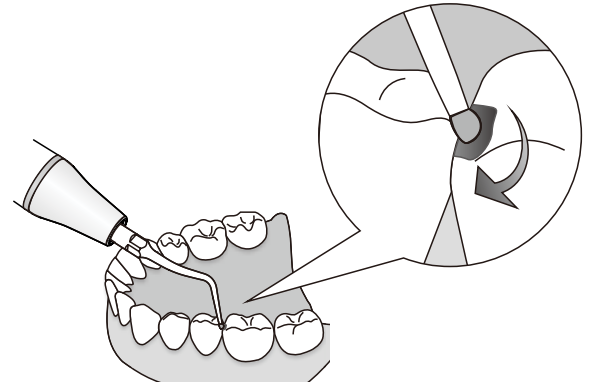
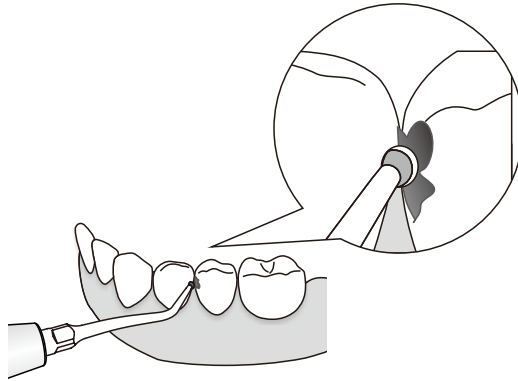
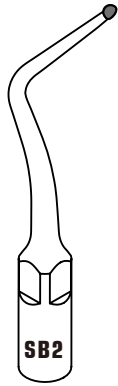
MODE: P  
POWER



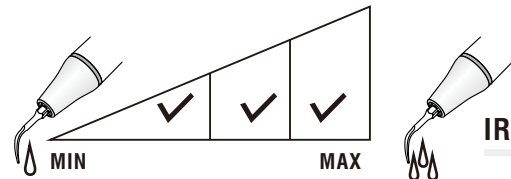
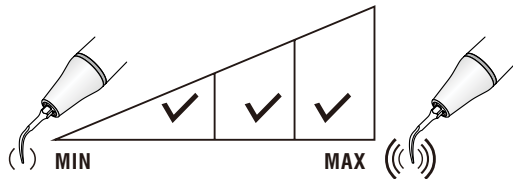
IRRIGATION

# SB2 (SBD2)

Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for removing the caries on Mesial surface of the adjacent teeth.



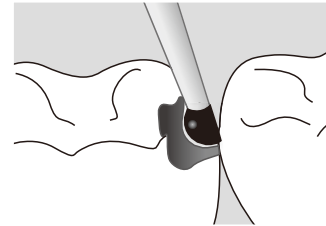
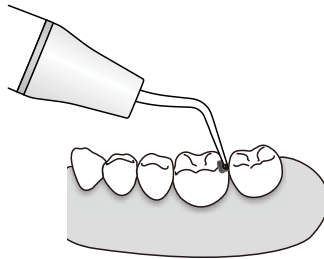
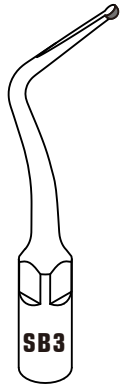
MODE: P  
POWER



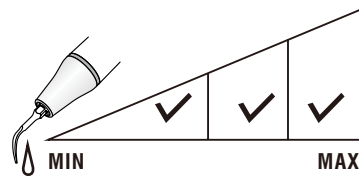
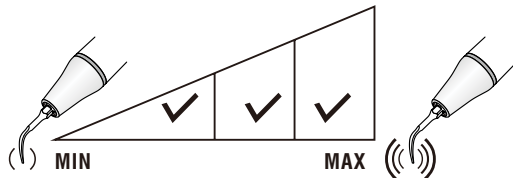
IRRIGATION

# SB3 (SBD3)

Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for removing the caries on Distal surface of the adjacent teeth.



MODE: P  
POWER

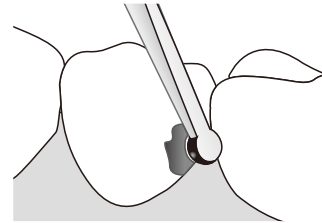
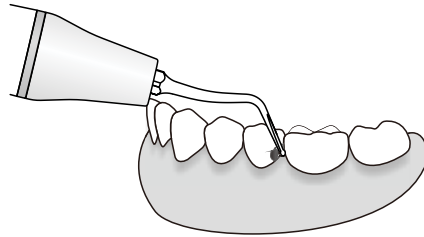
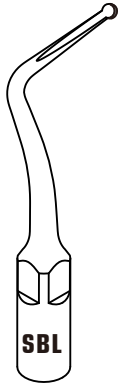


IRRIGATION

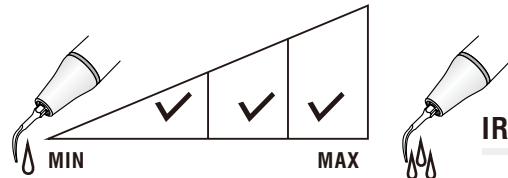
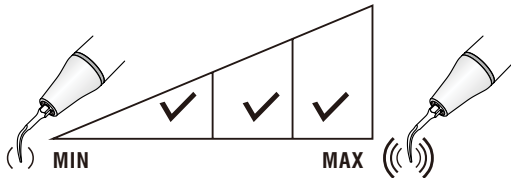


# SBL(SBDL)

Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for removing the dental caries, it will not hurt the adjacent teeth from right to left 45 degree.



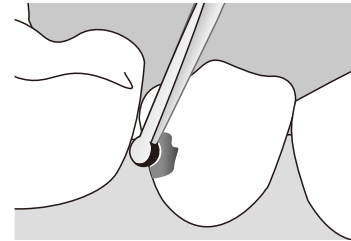
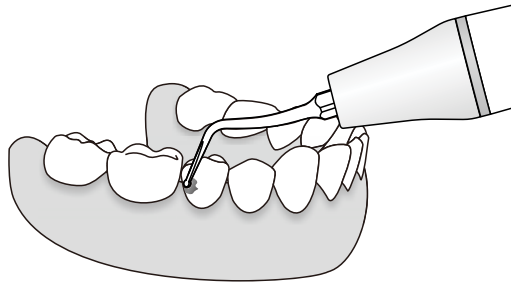
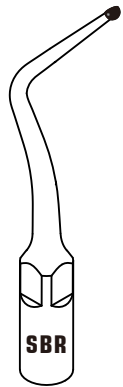
MODE: P  
POWER



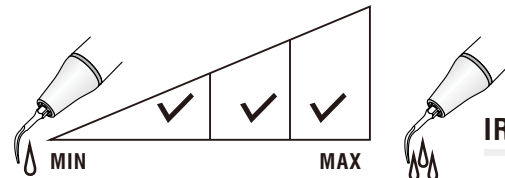
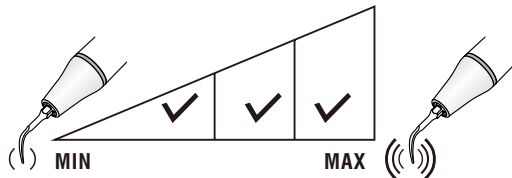
IRRIGATION

# SBR(SBDR)

Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for removing the dental caries, it will not hurt the adjacent teeth from left to right 45 degree.



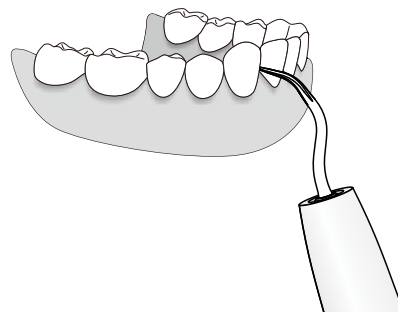
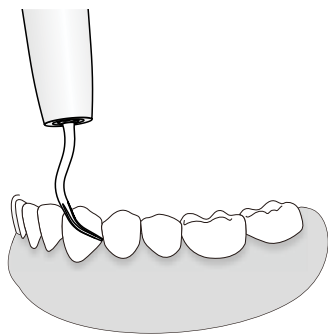
MODE: P  
POWER



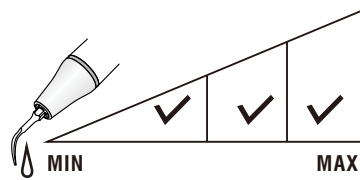
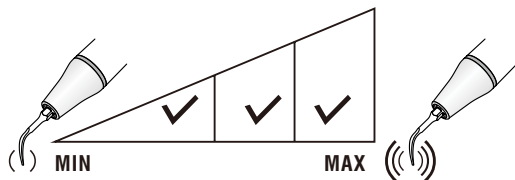
IRRIGATION

# GK1

Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants.



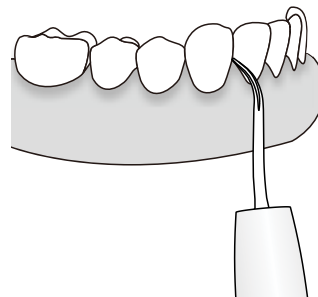
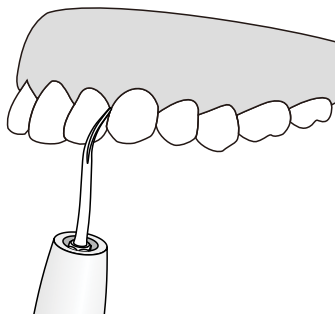
**POWER**



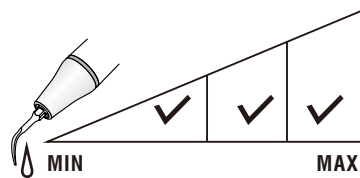
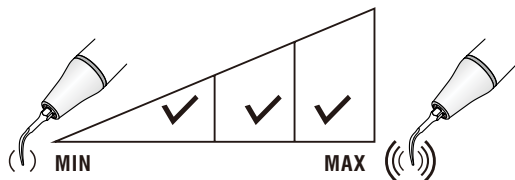
**IRRIGATION**

# GK2

Removal of supragingival heavy calculus and plaque.



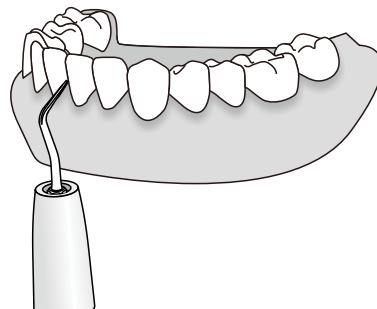
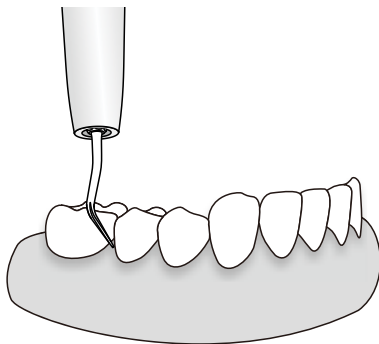
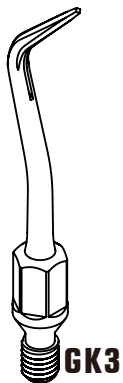
**POWER**



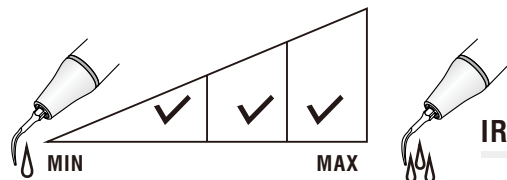
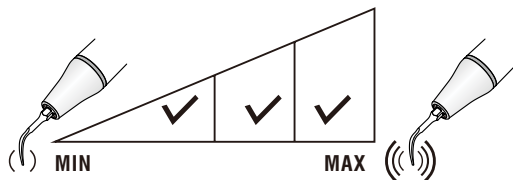
**IRRIGATION**

# GK3

Removal of supragingival calculus, interdental calculus and calculus at the neck of the teeth.



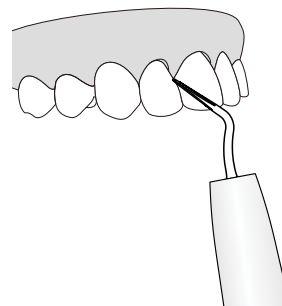
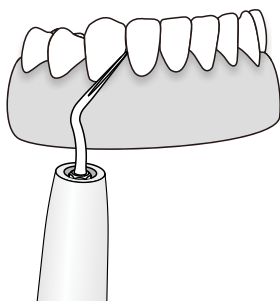
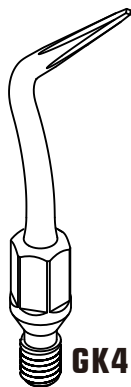
**POWER**



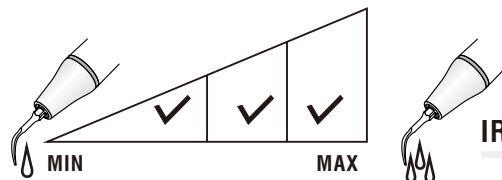
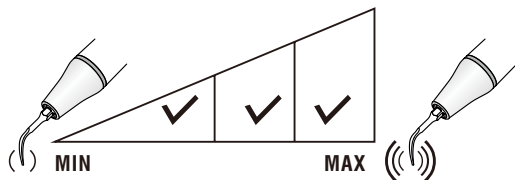
**IRRIGATION**

# GK4

Removal of supragingival deposits, including the interproximal and sulcus areas.



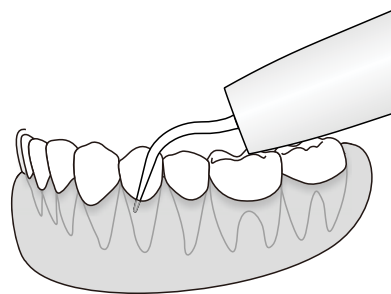
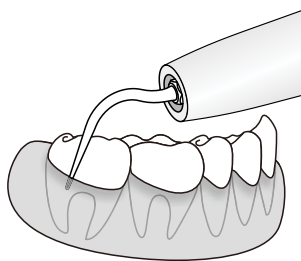
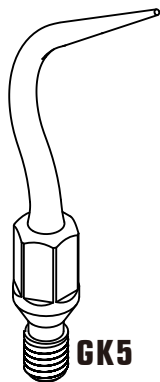
**POWER**



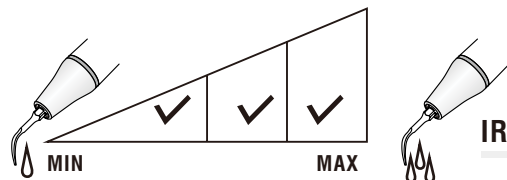
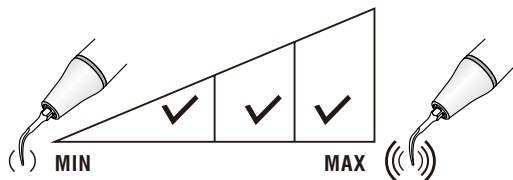
**IRRIGATION**

# GK5

Removal of subgingival calculus.



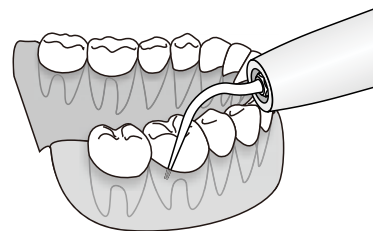
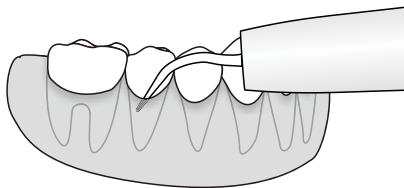
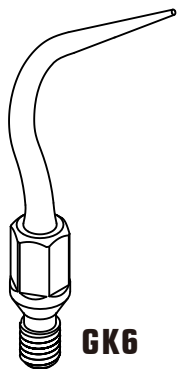
**POWER**



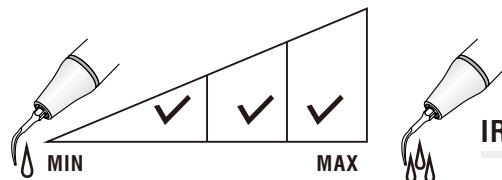
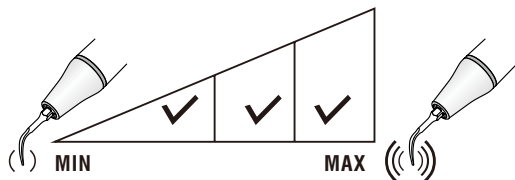
**IRRIGATION**

# GK6

Left-angled, removal of subgingival calculus.



**POWER**

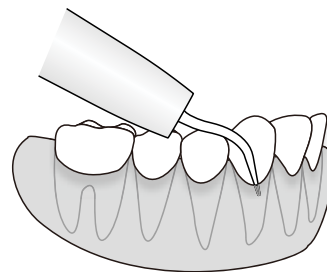
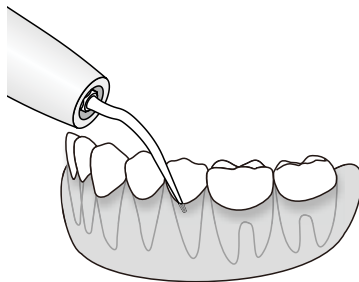
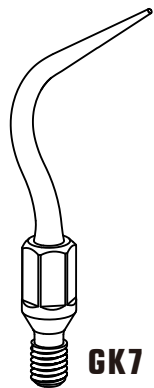


**IRRIGATION**

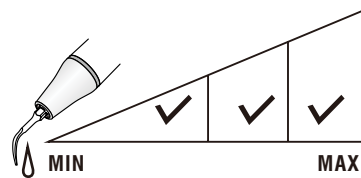
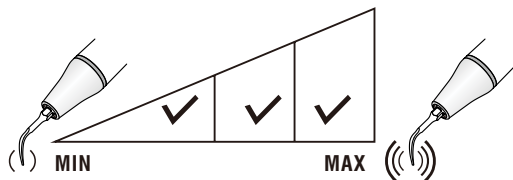


# GK7

Right-angled, removal of subgingival calculus.



**POWER**

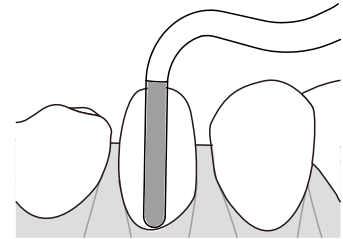
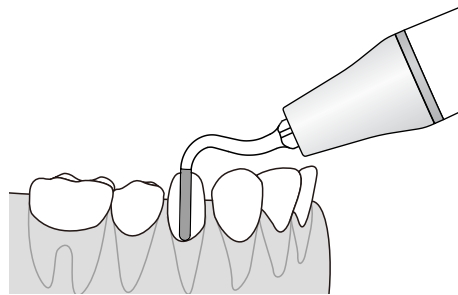
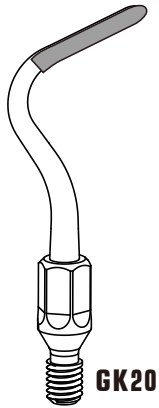


**IRRIGATION**

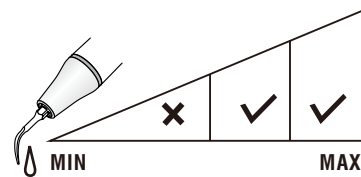
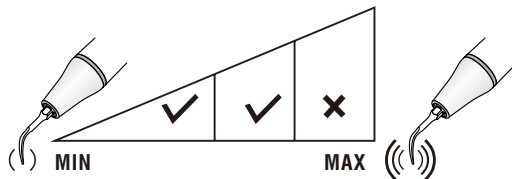
# Gk20

There are diamonds coated (120um grit) on the head of the tip for dentin abrading.

It's used for "supragingival shoulder" preparation after the completion of the preparation of the "subgingival shoulder" with bur.



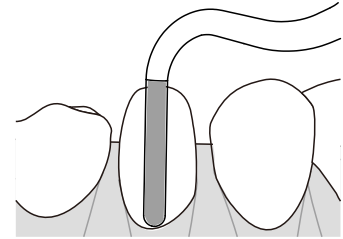
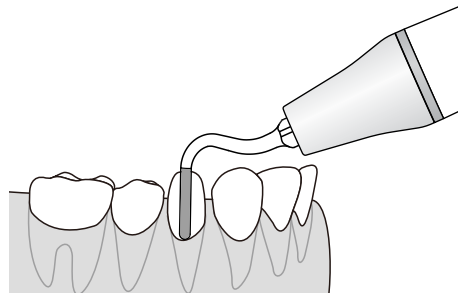
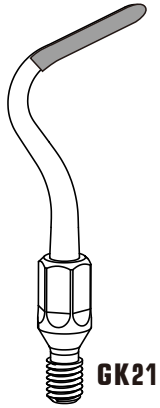
**POWER**



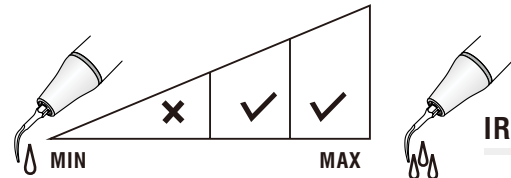
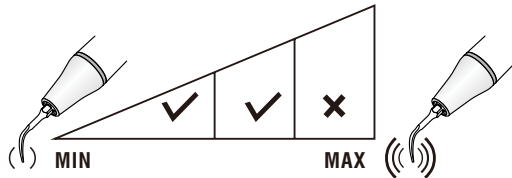
**IRRIGATION**

# Gk21

There are diamonds coated (50um fine sand) on the head of the tip for dentin abrading, mainly used for polishing of prepared supragingival shoulder and subgingival shoulder.



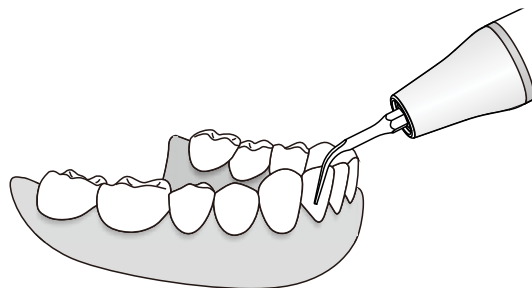
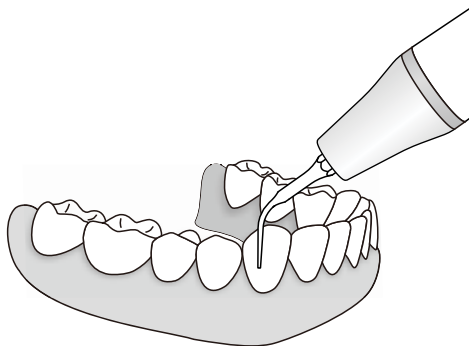
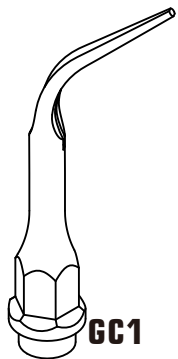
**POWER**



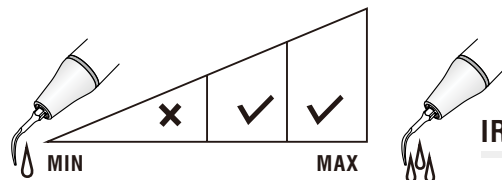
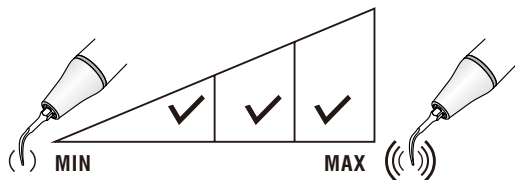
**IRRIGATION**

# GC1

Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants.



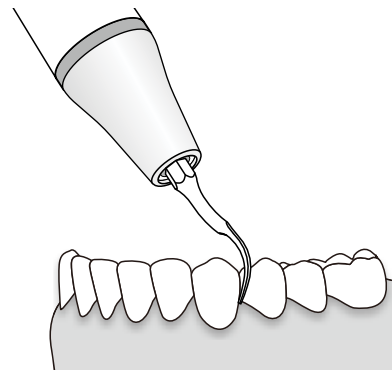
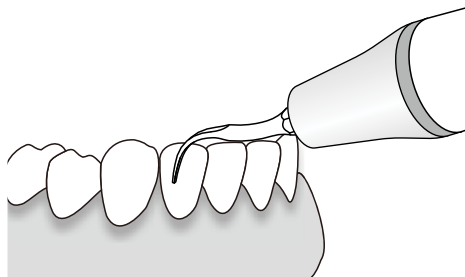
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



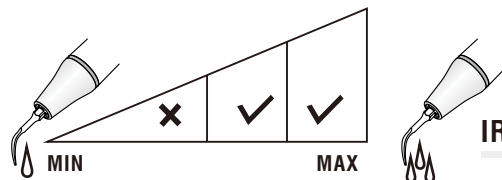
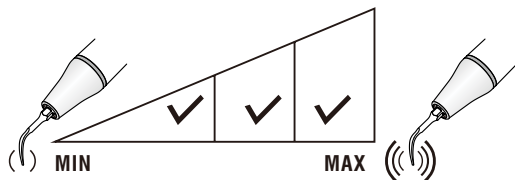
**IRRIGATION**

# GC2

Removal of supragingival calculus, interdental calculus and calculus at the neck of the teeth.



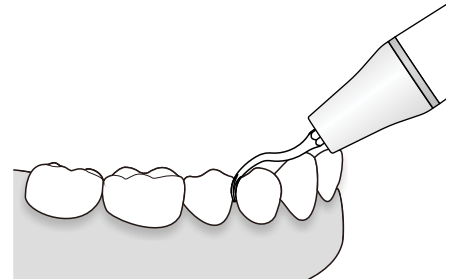
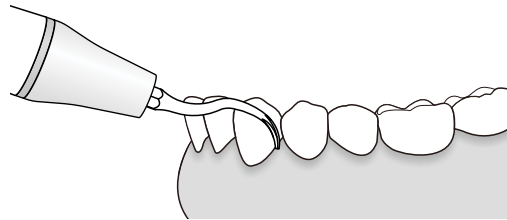
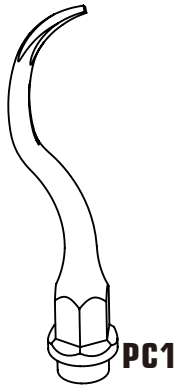
**MODE: G**  
**POWER**



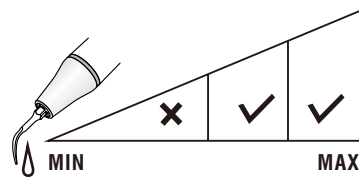
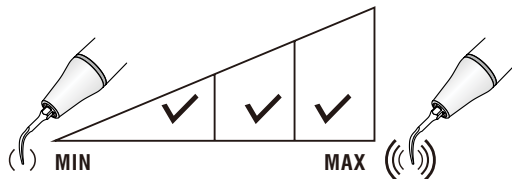
**IRRIGATION**

# PC1

Removal of subgingival calculus, including the interproximal and sulcus areas.



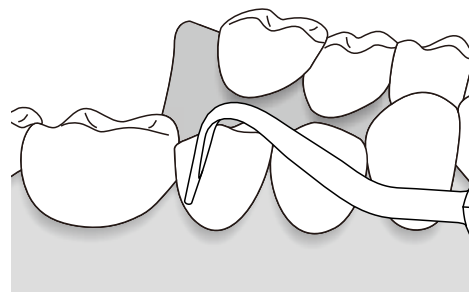
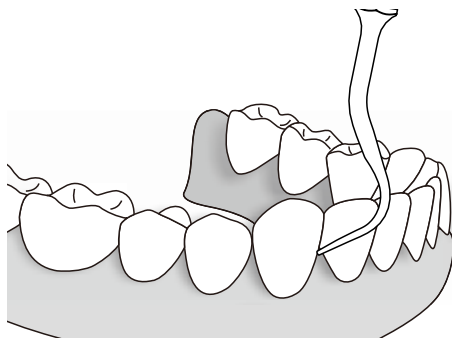
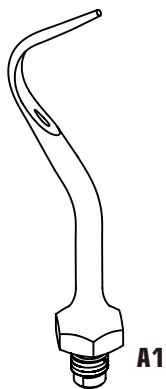
**MODE: P**  
**POWER**



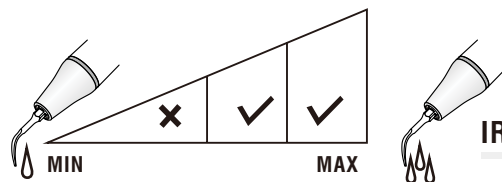
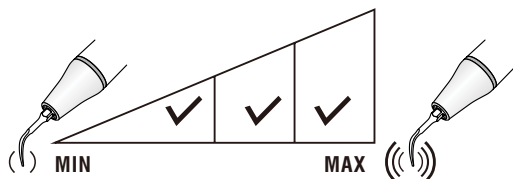
**IRRIGATION**

# A1

Removal of supragingival deposits, including the interproximal and sulcus areas.



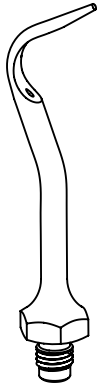
**POWER**



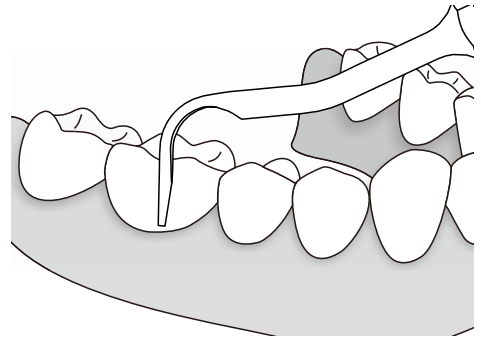
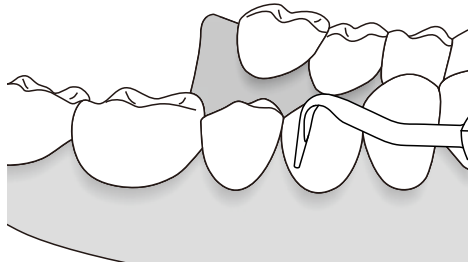
**IRRIGATION**

## A2

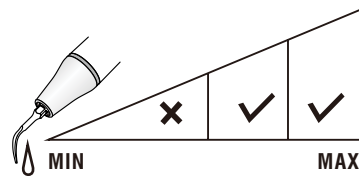
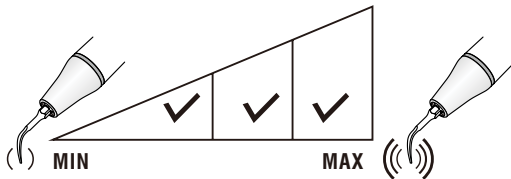
Removal of supragingival deposits in all quadrants, including neck and adjacent part of the teeth.



A2



POWER

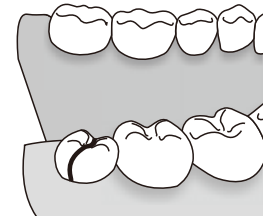
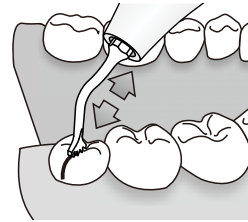
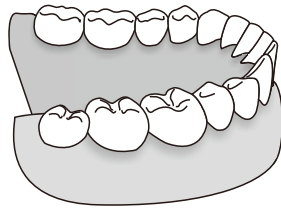
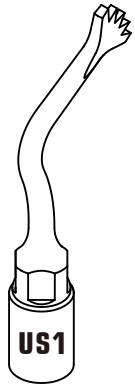


IRRIGATION



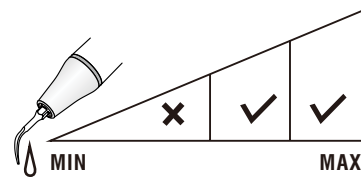
# US1

High effectiveness osteotomy of large bone sections during maxillofacial surgery, it can also be used for exodontia exodontics.



**MODE: BONE**

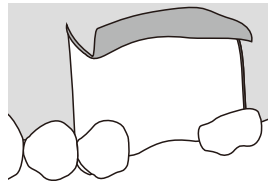
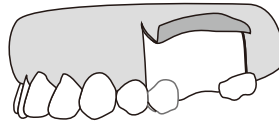
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



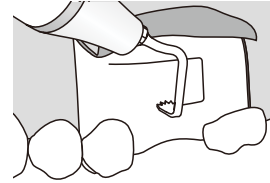
**IRRIGATION**

# US1L

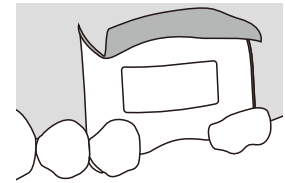
Left angle 90°, horizontal osteotomy technique in maxilla and mandible.



1



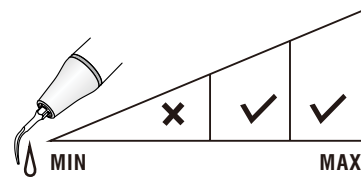
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

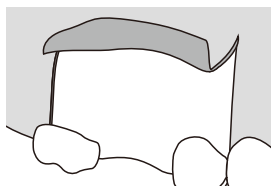
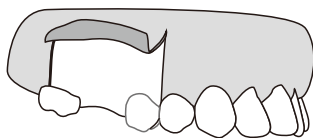
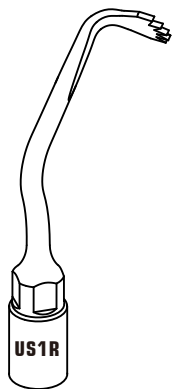
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



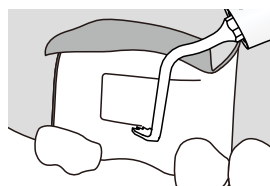
**IRRIGATION**

# US1R

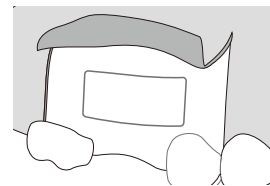
Right angle 90°, horizontal osteotomy technique in maxilla and mandible.



1



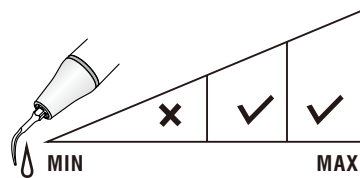
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

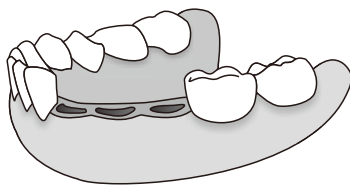
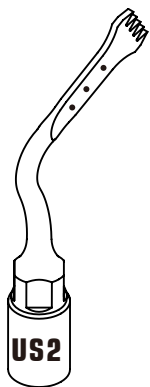
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongius)



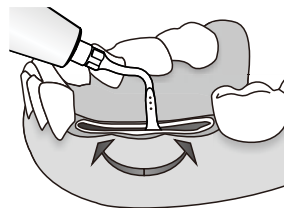
**IRRIGATION**

# US2

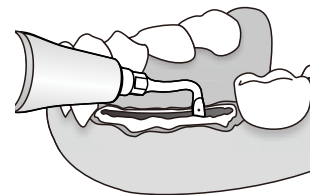
High effectiveness osteotomy technique in maxilla and mandible(ridge expansion, corticotomy technique, bone block grafting).



1



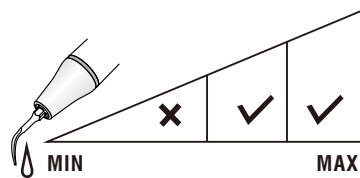
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

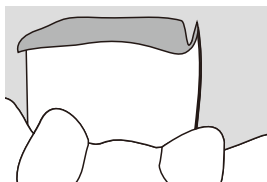
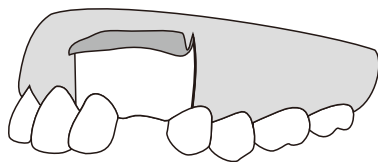
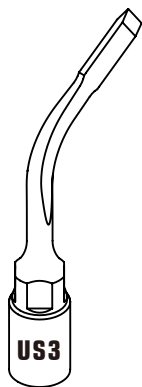
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongiuous)



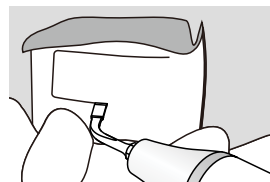
**IRRIGATION**

# US3

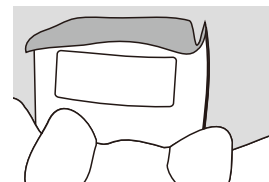
Osteotomy: osteotome of great precision in anatomically thin structures.



1



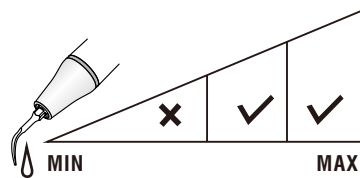
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

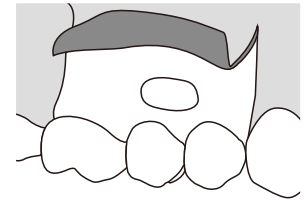
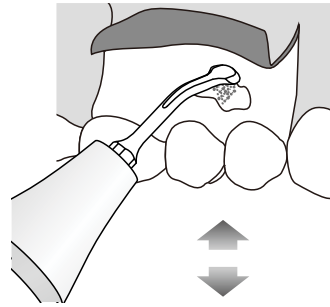
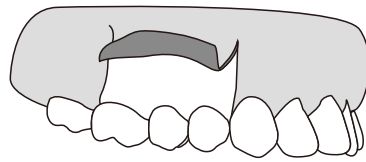
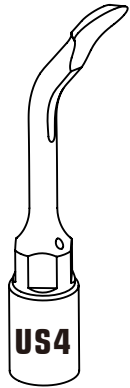
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

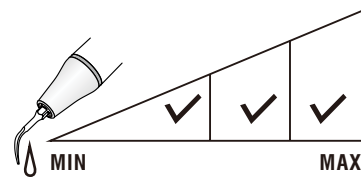
# US4

Universal osteoplasty: periodontal osteotomy, bone chips harvesting, inflammatory tissue removal (cyst, etc.).



**MODE: BONE**

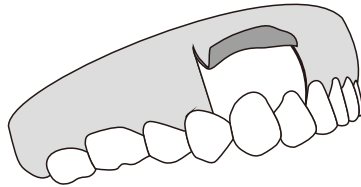
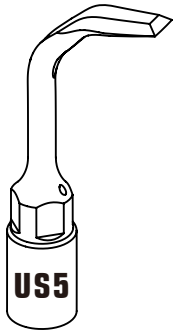
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongius)



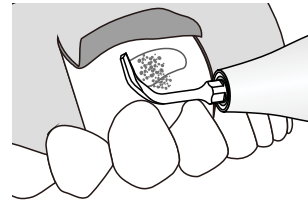
**IRRIGATION**

# US5

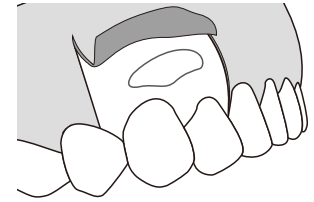
High efficiency bone osteoplasty: bone remodelling and harvesting of bone chips.



1



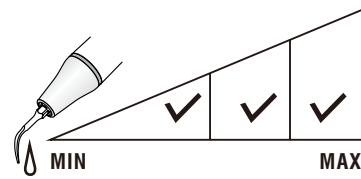
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

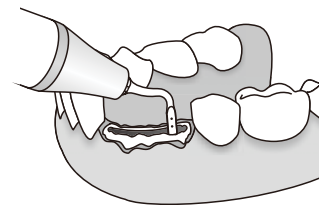
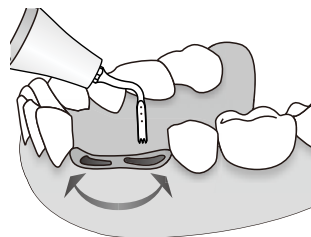
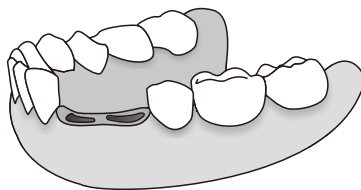
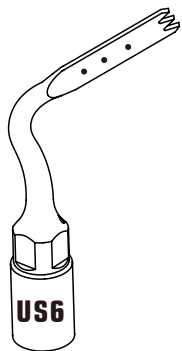
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

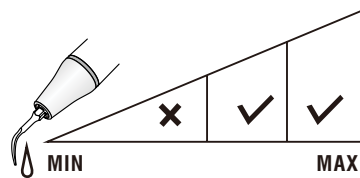
# US6

Osteotomy: osteotome of great precision in anatomically thin structures (ridge expansion, corticotomy technique).



**MODE: BONE**

**POWER: Special**

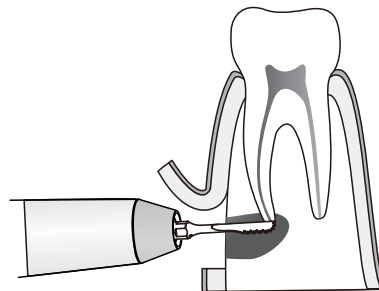
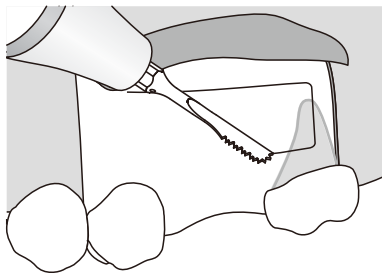


**IRRIGATION**



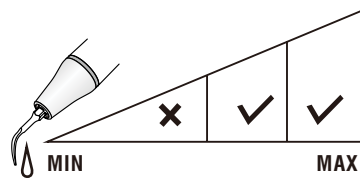
# US13

For osteotomy and the removal of apex in posterior teeth area.



**MODE: BONE**

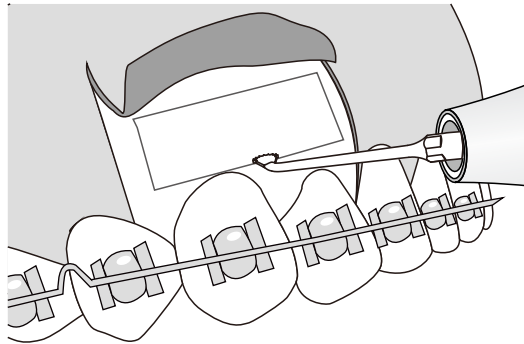
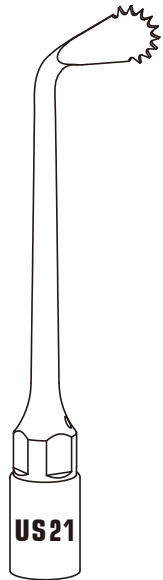
**POWER: Special**



**IRRIGATION**

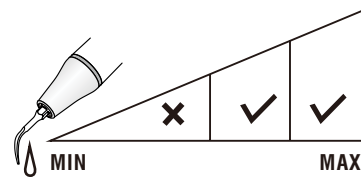
# US21

Used for bone cutting. Fan-shaped serration, more convenient for cutting in different angle.



**MODE: BONE**

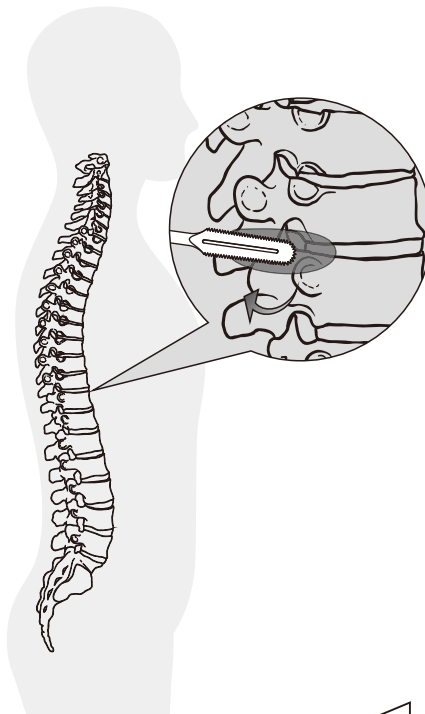
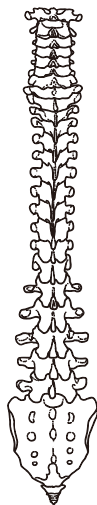
**POWER: Special**



**IRRIGATION**

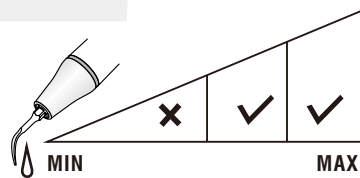
# US25

Used for bone surgery.



**MODE: BONE**

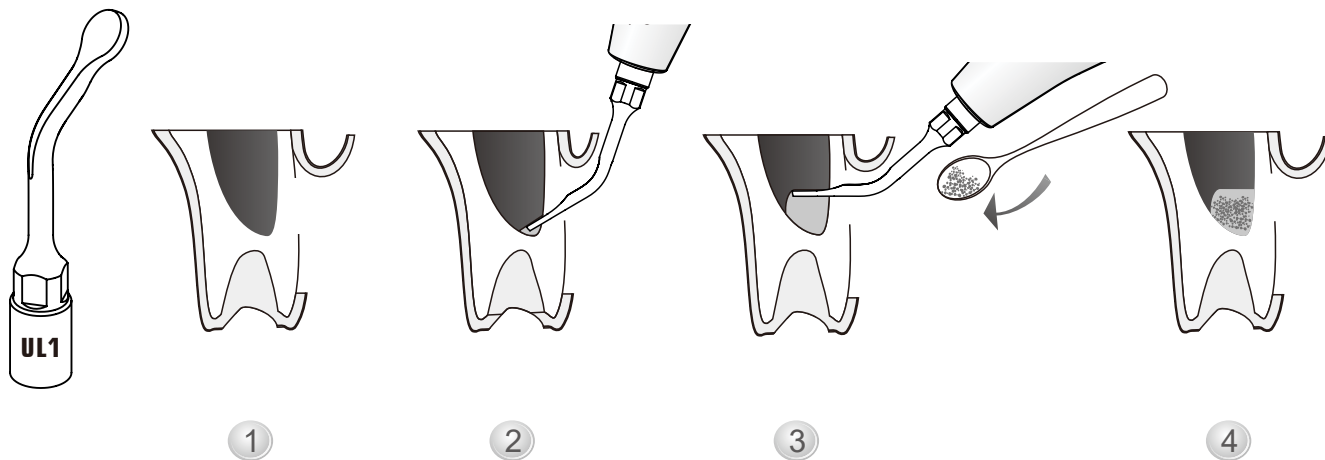
**POWER: Special**



**IRRIGATION**

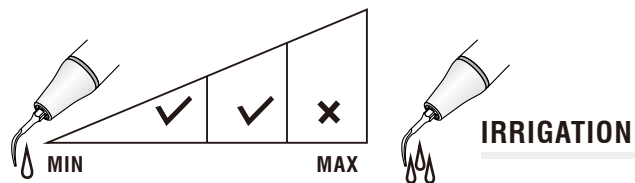
# UL1

Tip angle 120°, separation of the sinus membrane in internal zones, non-cutting elevator of the sinus membrane.



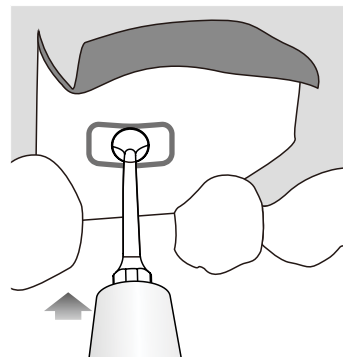
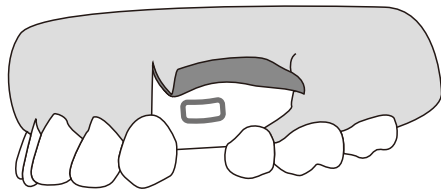
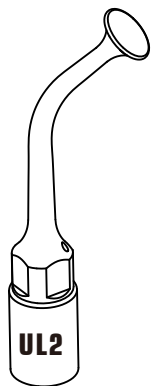
**MODE: ROOT**

**POWER:** Endo(Maximum power permitted)



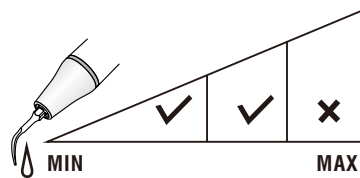
## UL2

Schneiderian membrane separation from bony walls: separation of the sinus membrane.



**MODE: ROOT**

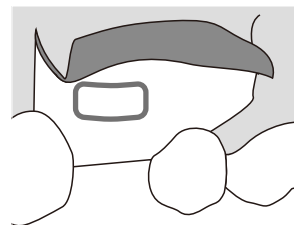
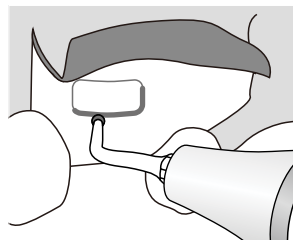
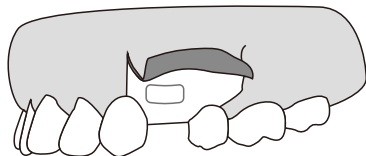
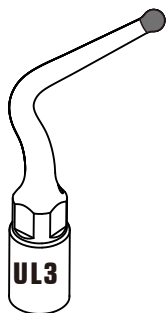
**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



**IRRIGATION**

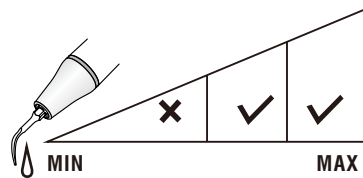
# UL3

Diamond-coated(100µm) instrument for micrometric osteotomy or osteoplasty: non-traumatic, to finalize the osteotomy or osteoplasty on thin bone and/or near delicate anatomic structures.



**MODE: BONE**

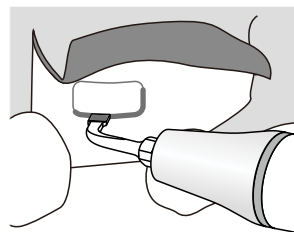
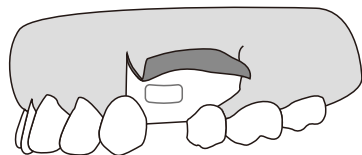
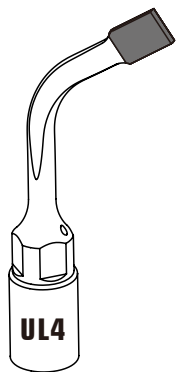
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongiuous)



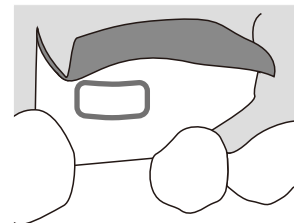
**IRRIGATION**

# UL4

Diamond-coated(100µm) instrument for micrometric osteotomy: to finalize the osteotomy in proximity of soft tissue (sinus membrane, vessel, alveolar nerve).



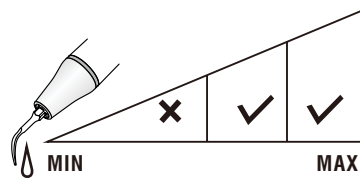
1



2

**MODE: BONE**

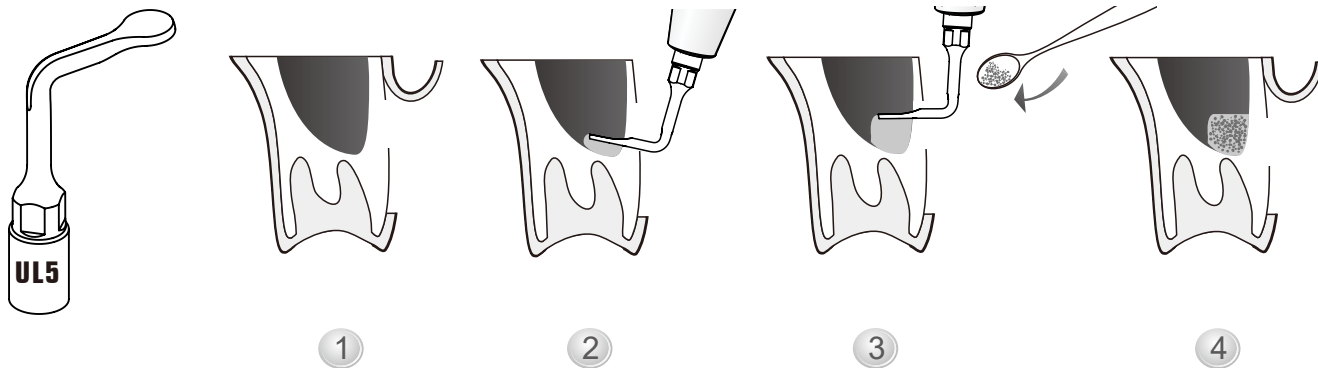
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

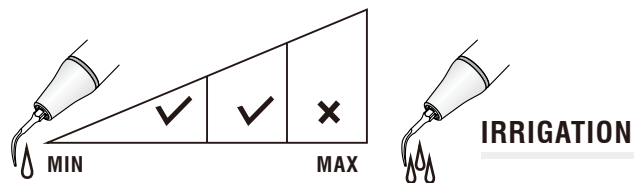
# UL5

Tip angle 95°, separation of the sinus membrane in internal zones, non-cutting elevator of the sinus membrane.



**MODE: ROOT**

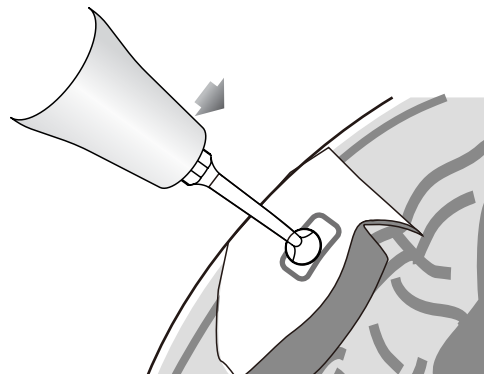
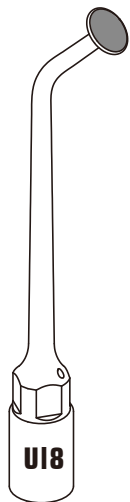
**POWER:** Endo(Maximum power permitted)





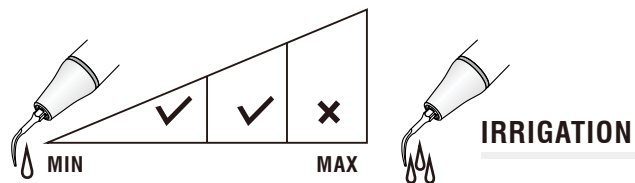
# UL8

Diamond-coated head (100  $\mu$  m), used for non-traumatic osteotomy and osteoplasty near soft tissue and thin bone region.



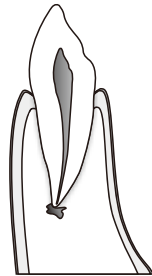
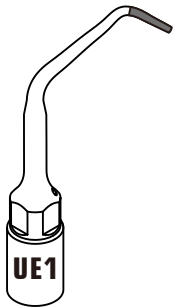
**MODE: ROOT**

**POWER:** Endo(Maximum power permitted)

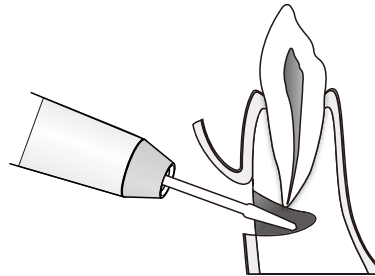


# UE1

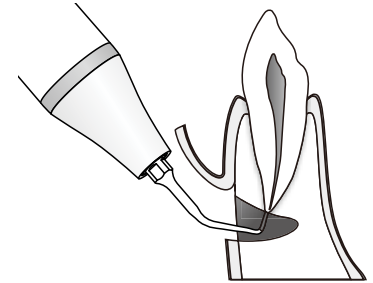
Diamond-coated(40µm) instrument for apical root debridement: diamond-coated instrument for efficient root planning. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (3.3mm).



1



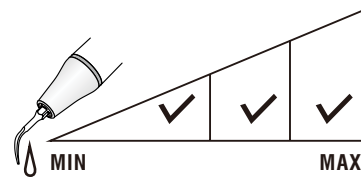
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

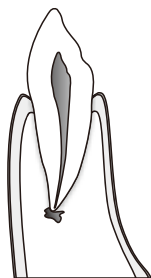
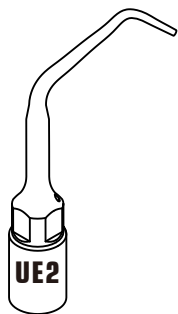
**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



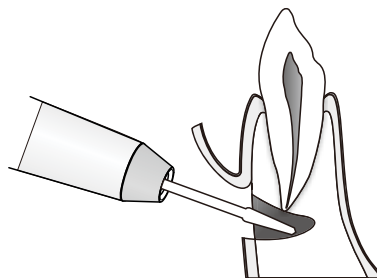
**IRRIGATION**

## UE2

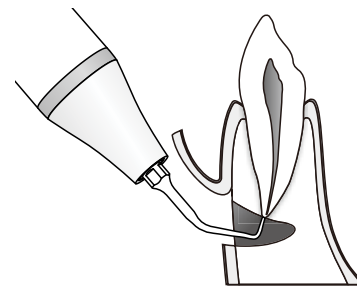
Used for gentle canal cleaning. The length of tip slender smooth part is (4.5mm).



1



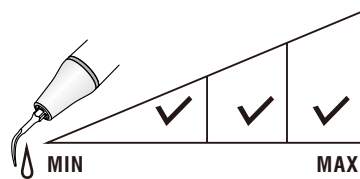
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

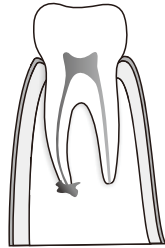
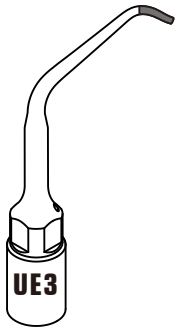
**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



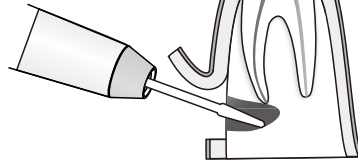
**IRRIGATION**

# UE3

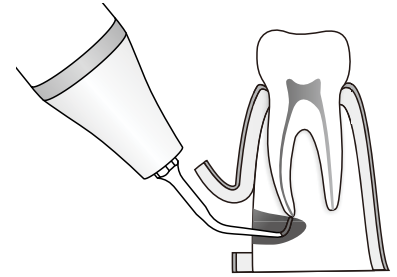
Diamond-coated(40µm) instrument for apical root debridement: diamond-coated instrument for efficient root planning. The length of the diamond-coated on tip is (2.2mm).



1



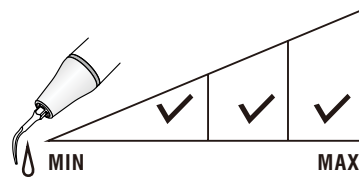
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

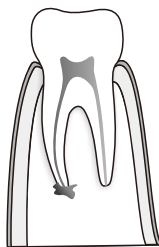
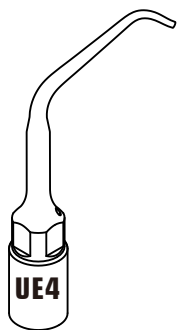
**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



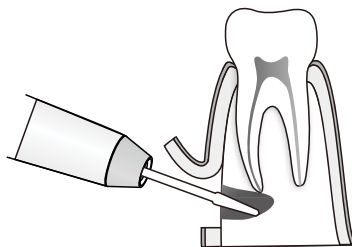
**IRRIGATION**

# UE4

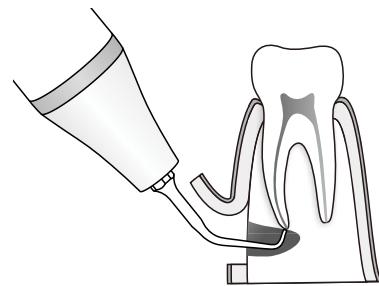
Used for gentle canal cleaning. The length of tip slender smooth part is (3.5mm).



1



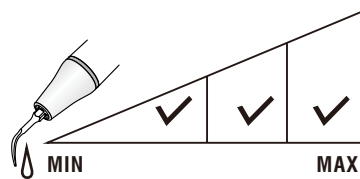
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

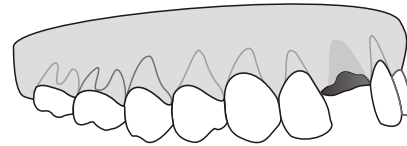
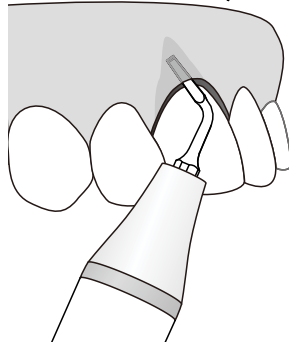
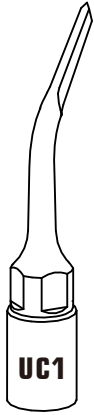
**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



**IRRIGATION**

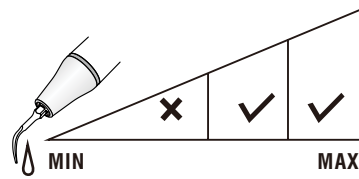
# UC1

Used to cut off the ankylosis and root fraction techniques.



**MODE: BONE**

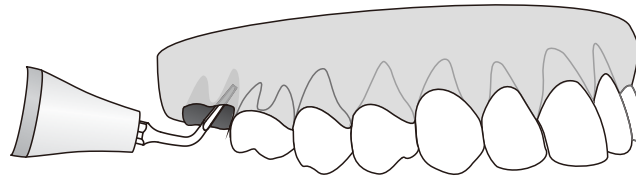
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

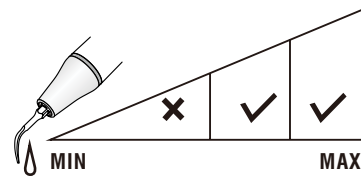
# UC2

Left curved, Used to cut off the ankylosis, root fraction techniques in the posterior regions.



**MODE: BONE**

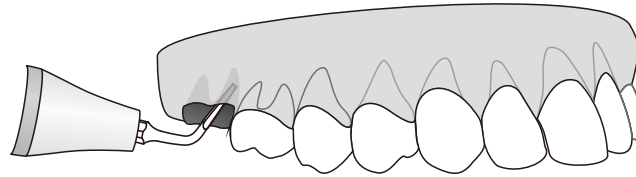
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

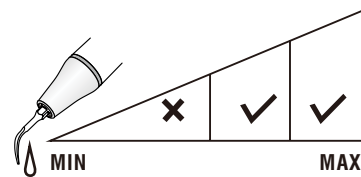
# UC3

Right curved, Used to cut off the ankylosis, root fraction techniques in the posterior regions.



**MODE: BONE**

**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)

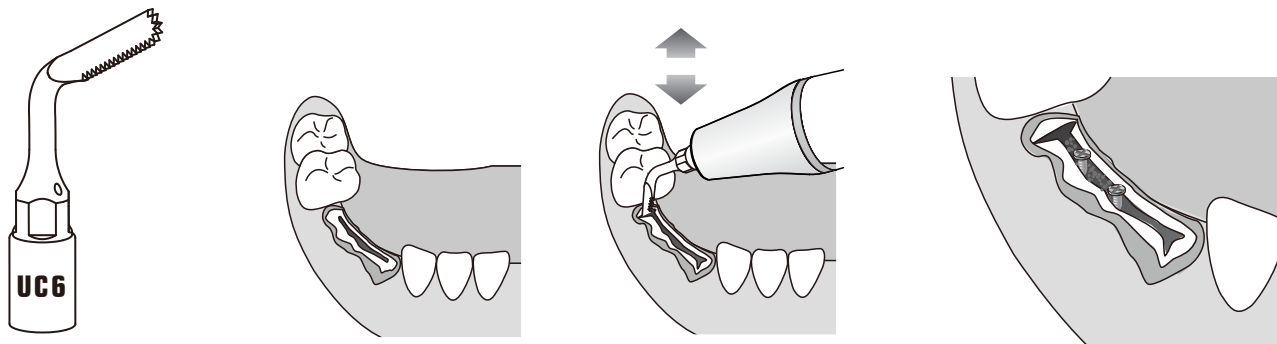


**IRRIGATION**



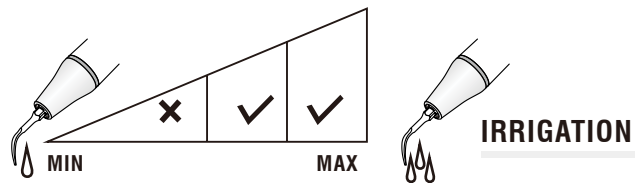
# UC6

For teeth extraction and alveolar bone splitting



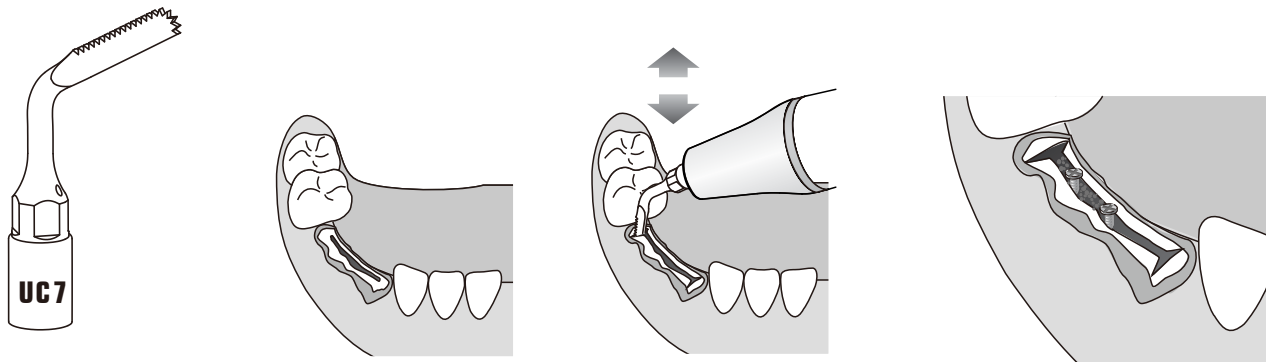
**MODE: BONE**

**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



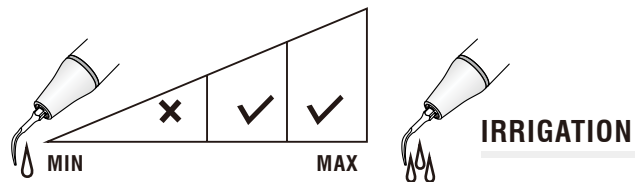
# UC7

For teeth extraction and alveolar bone splitting



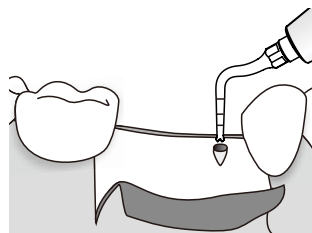
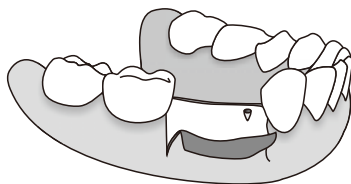
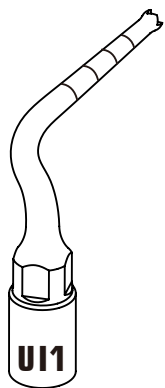
**MODE: BONE**

**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)

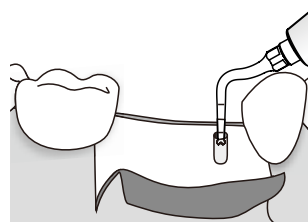


# U11

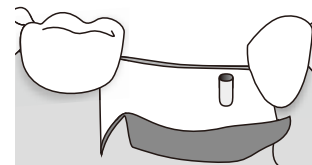
Ø1.6mm implantation site preparation insert. The working length of the tip is (9mm).



1



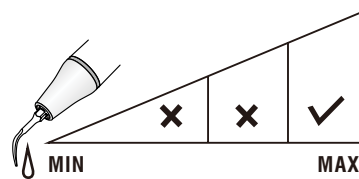
2



3

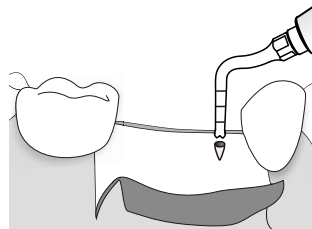
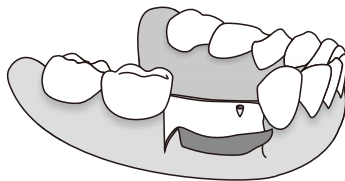
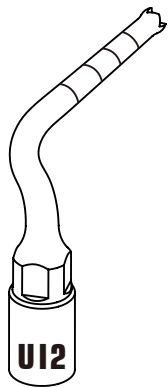
**MODE: BONE**

**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongius)

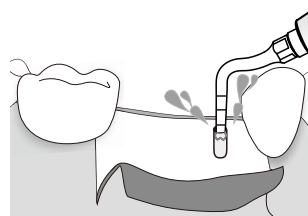


# U12

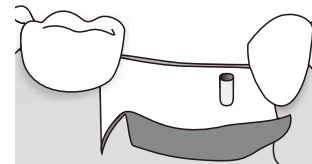
Ø2mm implantation site preparation insert. The hole at the center of the top for water spray maximum reduce the heat.



1



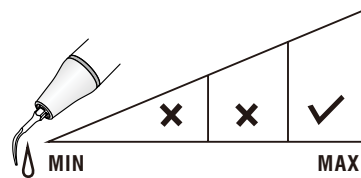
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

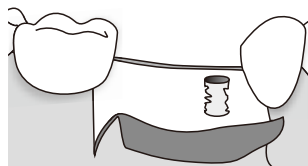
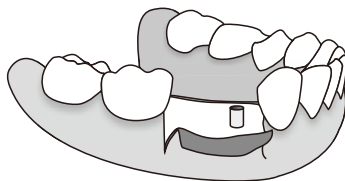
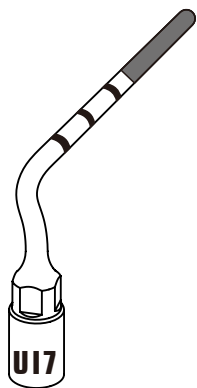
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



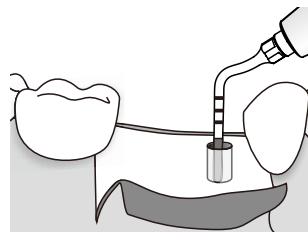
**IRRIGATION**

# U17

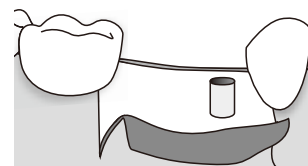
Diamond-coated(85µm) instrument for finalizing the implantation site preparation close to the alveolar nerve.



1



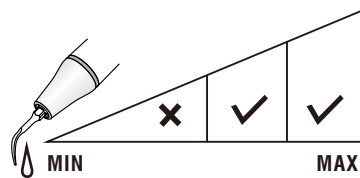
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

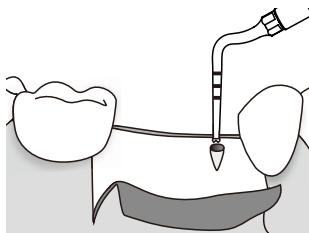
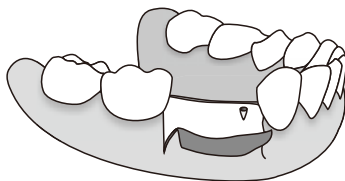
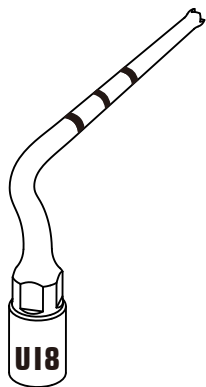
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



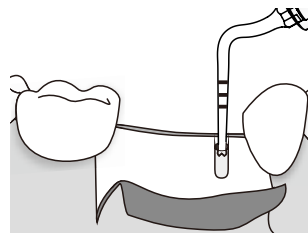
**IRRIGATION**

# U18

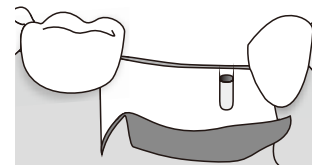
Ø1.6mm implantation site preparation insert. The working length of the tip is (15mm).



1



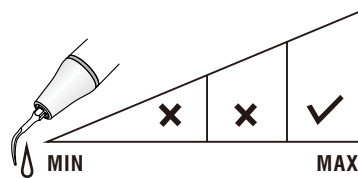
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

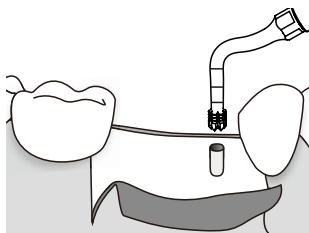
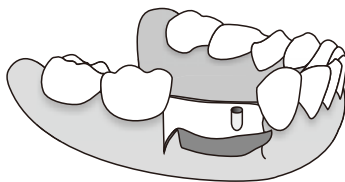
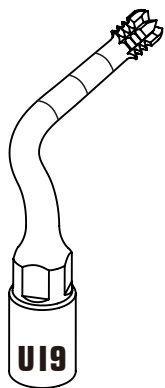
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongius)



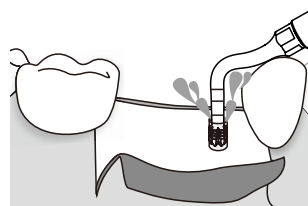
**IRRIGATION**

# U19

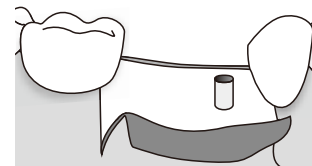
Ø2.8mm implantation site preparation insert . The hole at the center of the top for water spray maximum reduce the heat.



1



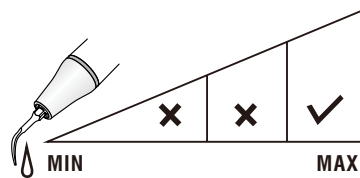
2



3

**MODE: BONE**

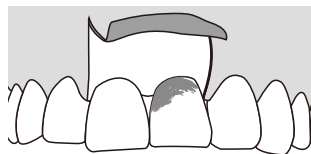
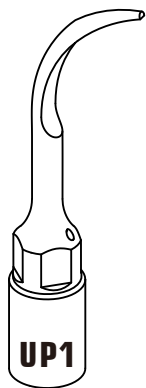
**POWER:** Quality1, Quality2, Quality3  
(Cortical/Spongius)



**IRRIGATION**

# UP1

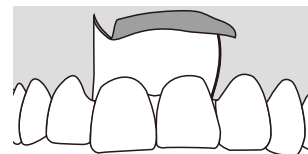
Recommended for periodontal gentle curetting scaling.



1



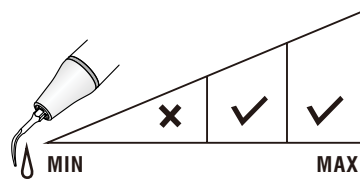
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

**POWER: PERIO**

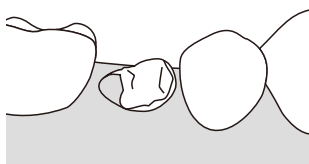
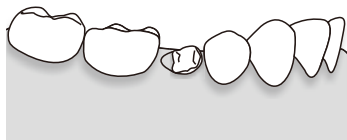
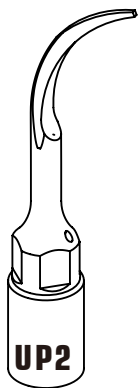


**IRRIGATION**

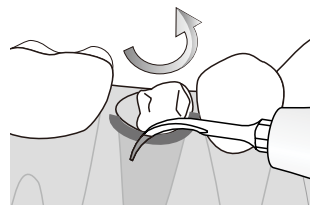


# UP2

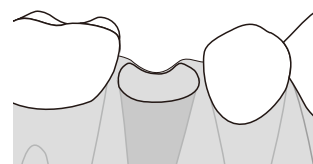
Inflammatory tissue removal and fractured root apex extraction.



1



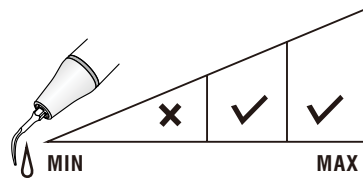
2



3

**MODE: ROOT**

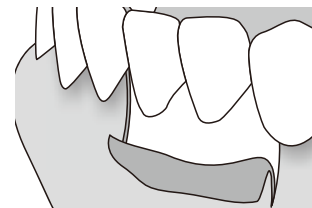
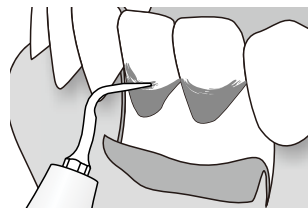
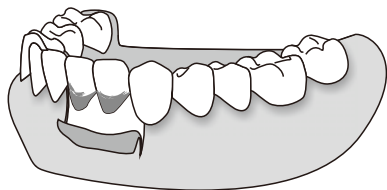
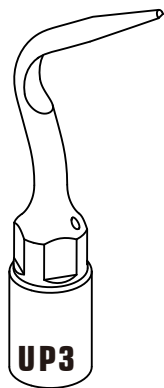
**POWER: PERIO**



**IRRIGATION**

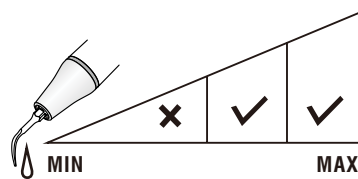
# UP3

Recommended for angled periodontal gentle curetting scaling.



**MODE: ROOT**

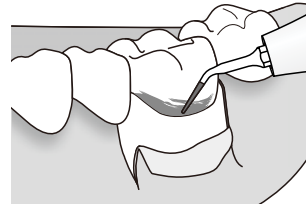
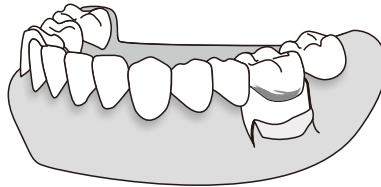
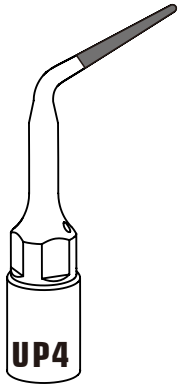
**POWER: PERIO**



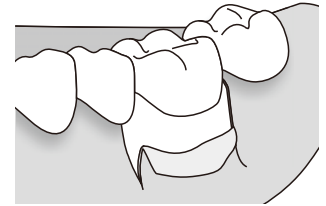
**IRRIGATION**

# UP4

Diamond-coated(40µm) instrument for root debridement and root planning.



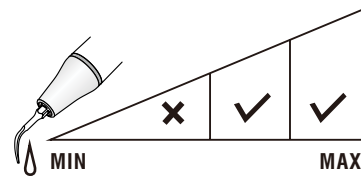
1



2

**MODE: ROOT**

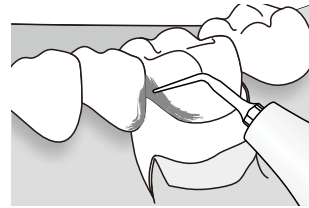
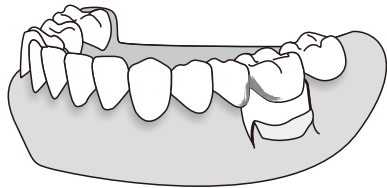
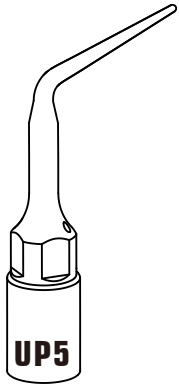
**POWER: PERIO**



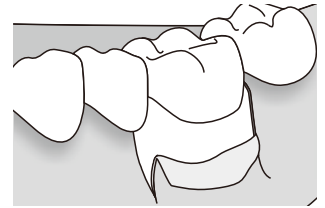
**IRRIGATION**

# UP5

Recommended for root surface micro-smoothing.



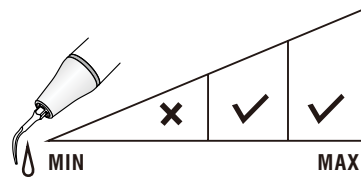
1



2

**MODE: ROOT**

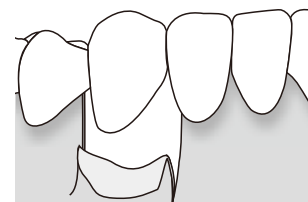
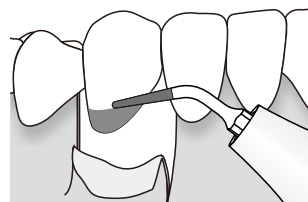
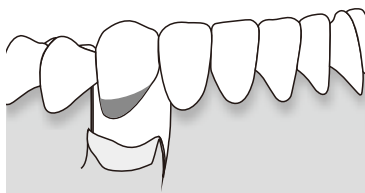
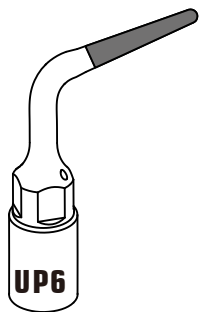
**POWER: PERIO**



**IRRIGATION**

# UP6

Diamond-coated(40µm) instrument for micro-osteoplasty: interproximal osteoplasty and root planning.

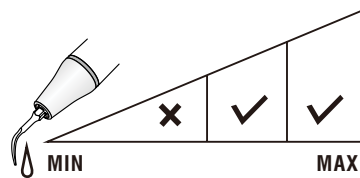


1

2

**MODE: ROOT**

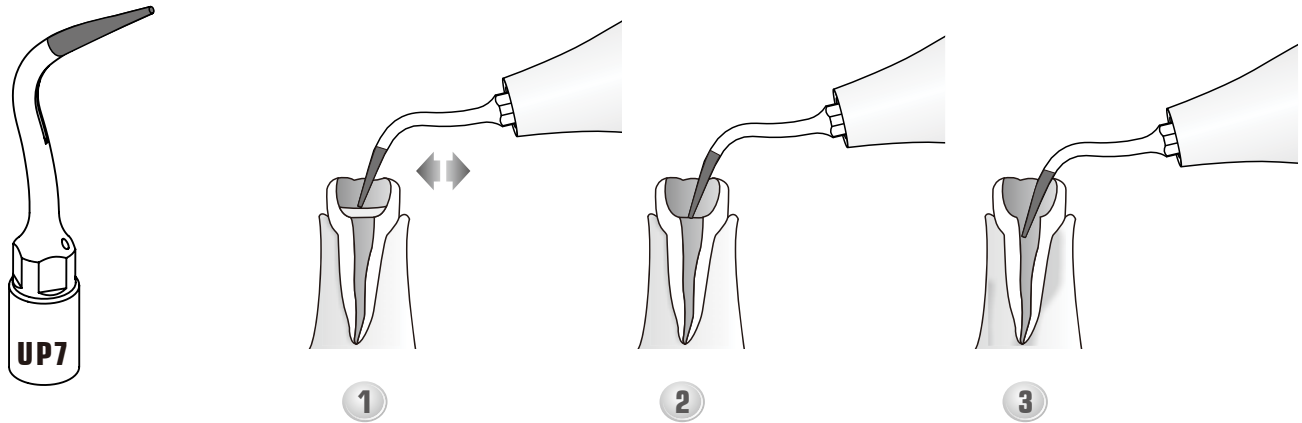
**POWER:** Quality 1, Quality 2, Quality 3  
(Cortical/Spongious)



**IRRIGATION**

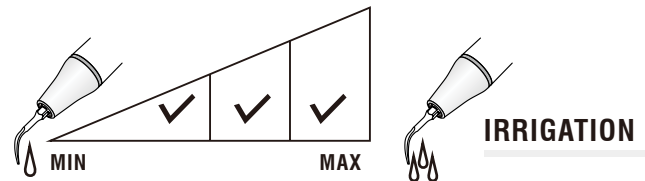
# UP7

Diamond-coated(40 $\mu$ m) instrument for root canal orientation and removal of the calcifications located at the 1/3 part of root canal, it can also be used for micro-osteoplasty.



**MODE: ROOT**

**POWER: Endo**(Maximum power permitted)



## MODE OF ULTRASURGERY AND OTHER SPECIAL TIPS

	Tip Model	Compatible Brand
<b>Scaling</b>	GS1/GS2/GS3/GS4/GS5/GS6/GS7/GS8	Compatible with Sirona Scalers
<b>Periodontics</b>	PS1/PS3/PS3D/PS4	
<b>Endodontics</b>	ES1/ES2/ES3/ES3D/ES4/ES4D/ES5/ES5D/PS4D/ES8/ES10/ES10D/ES11/ES11D/ES14/ES15	
<b>Scaling</b>	GK1/GK2/GK3/GK4/GK5/GK6/GK7/GK11	Compatible with Kavo Scalers
<b>Endodontics</b>	EK8	
<b>Scaling</b>	GC1/GC2	
<b>Periodontics</b>	PC1	
<b>Scaling</b>	A1/A2	Compatible with Amdent Scalers
<b>Bone surgery</b>	US1/US1L/US1R/US2/US3/US4/US5/US6/US13/US21/US25/	Compatible with WOODPECKER & Mectron Ultrasurgery
<b>Sinus lifting</b>	UL1/UL2/UL3/UL4/UL5/UL8	
<b>Endodontics</b>	UE1/UE2/UE3/UE4	
<b>Exelcymosis</b>	UC1/UC2/UC3/UC6/UC7	
<b>Implantation</b>	UI1/UI2/UI7/UI8/UI9	
<b>Periodontal surgery</b>	UP1/UP2/UP3/UP4/UP5/UP6/UP7	



[www.glwoodpecker.com](http://www.glwoodpecker.com)



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